



联合国



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执行蒙特利尔议定书
多边基金执行委员会
第五十二次会议
2007年7月23日至27日，蒙特利尔

第5条国家遵守《蒙特利尔议定书》初步和中期控制措施的现状/前景

执行蒙特利尔议定书多边基金执行委员会的会前文件不妨碍文件印发后执行委员会可能作出的任何决定。
为节省经费起见，本文件印数有限。请各代表携带文件到会，不索取更多副本。

执行摘要

- 截至 2007 年 6 月 28 日，53 个第 5 条国家根据第 7 条报告了 2006 年的数据，另有 22 个第 5 条国家提供了 2006 年国家方案数据。
- 本文件第一部分根据提交给臭氧及基金秘书处的最新资料讨论第 5 条国家的履约前景。本部分得出的结论是，2010 年前可能无法实现中期削减量的所有国家都有实现这些指标或完成 2007—2009 年业务计划中各项活动的核定项目，但不包括索马里，凡条件许可的情况下，索马里的哈龙活动均作了规划。
- 本文件第二部分提供资料介绍正在由履约委员会审议可能存在的不履约问题的国家，得出的结论如下：
 - 在供履约委员会审议的 92 个问题中，48 个问题已经解决，26 个尚未解决，18 问题的相关资料有待提供。
 - 关于需要许可证制度/配额/设备禁令的那些决定，7 个国家已建立此种制度，20 个国家还没有建立许可证制度，2 个国家的相关资料有待提供。
- 第三部分则提出数据说明国家方案的执行情况。其中指出：
 - 约 6,839 ODP 吨（包括未报告国家方案数据的 12 个国家的第 7 条数据），不包括仍有待由委员会审议采取行动的各类氟氯烃。
 - 6,839 ODP 吨的消费量大部分是氟氯化碳（3,523 ODP 吨）和甲基溴（3,284 ODP 吨）。
 - 国家方案数据中报告的氟氯烃消费量总计为 296,272 公吨（19,245 ODP 吨）。在报告 2005 年和 2006 年数据的国家中，氟氯烃的消费量增加了 15%，而氟氯化碳的消费量减少了 45%。
 - 在报告关于制冷剂管理计划/国家淘汰计划/结束性淘汰管理计划的信息的 105 个国家中有 75 个国家说明了其执行进展情况。
 - 使用回收和再循环机器的国家有 59.4% 报告说这些机器的运转情况“令人满意”或“非常好”。
 - 45,462 名制冷维修技师接受了培训。
 - 报告许可证制度情况的 101 个国家中有 77 个报告说目前正在实施这种制度（报告 2006 年数据的 53 个国家中，52 个国家已实施许可证制度，其中 98.1% 的实施情况“令人满意”或者“非常好”）。
 - 9,404 名海关干事接受了培训。
 - 大多数国家的氟氯化碳价格不断上涨，而替代物的价格在下降。

导言

1. 本文件分三个部分：

- (a) 第一部分根据第 32/76 (b) 决定和第 46/4 号决定编写，该决定要求秘书处为执行委员会的各次会议编写关于须遵守《蒙特利尔议定书》控制措施的第 5 条国家的履约现状的最新资料。
- (b) 第二部分载有资料说明哪些第 5 条国家须遵守缔约方的各项决定和履约委员会就履约问题提出的建议。
- (c) 第三部分提供国家方案执行情况数据，并分析了按行业提供的消耗臭氧层物质消费数据。这部分还载有一节内容，讨论国家消耗臭氧层物质逐步淘汰方案。

2. 本文件进行的分析和得出的结论，不影响缔约方会议确定的履约状况，因为它是惟一有权评估这种状况的机构。

3. 依照第 7 条报告的数据仅用来确定年度履约状况。本文件中的分析使用就不同履约期国家方案执行情况向基金秘书处报告的混合数据和第 7 条数据，因此本文件不对履约本身做出判断，而是评估第 5 条国家在实现遵守《蒙特利尔议定书》一项或多项控制措施方面的前景。其主要目的是查明有待由多边基金发起的行动淘汰的消耗臭氧层物质。

第一部分：履约现状和前景（以最新数据为依据）

4. 本节说明对执行控制措施，包括 2005 年控制氟氯化碳、哈龙、甲基溴及四氯化碳的措施和三氯乙酸控制措施进行分析的结果。¹这项分析假定最新报告的消费数据已经虑及执行委员会核准的完成项目的淘汰数量。截至 2006 年 12 月底，已完成项目淘汰了 310,964 ODP 吨。这包括 54,177 ODP 吨的氟氯化碳生产，31,188 ODP 吨的哈龙生产，37,892 ODP 吨的四氯化碳生产以及 5 ODP 吨的甲基溴生产。在核准的约 19.5 亿美元总额中，已完成项目的价值为 14.7 亿美元。关于这项分析所使用的方法，其详细说明见在执行委员会第三十七次会议上提交的 UNEP/OzL.Pro/ExCom/37/18 号文件。

5. 这项分析使用了最新数据。截至 2007 年 6 月 28 日，53 个第 5 条国家根据第 7 条报告了 2006 年数据。另有 22 个国家仅向基金秘书处报告了关于国家方案执行进度的 2006 年数据（第 17/34 号决定）。对于未提交 2006 年数据的那些国家，在分析中使用了最新消费数据。这涉及使用 69 个国家的 2005 年第 7 条数据。该分析假定最新报告的消耗臭氧层物质消费量没有增加，但应当指出，没有提供 2006 年数据的 69 个国家中有一些国家可能未履约。

¹ 没有任何目理附件 B-1 物，行委会既没有理些从 2003 年起将基准量减少 80% 的目，也没有其供。

6. 双边和多边执行机构向执行委员会第五十二次会议提交了年度进度报告，其中载有数据说明经执行委员会核准的所有活动和项目截至 2006 年年底的执行状况。2007 年潜在核准情况的数据取自在第五十一次会议上修订的多边基金 2007-2009 年度综合业务计划。

7. 基金秘书处将继续编制以前关于履约现状和前景的报告中所载的全部数据，这些数据供基金秘书处进行分析时使用，可供索取。表 1 列示可用于氟氯化碳的其他数据类别。

表 1

可索取的其他数据

地区	现状	实现冻结所需 的数量	氟氯化 碳削减 50%	氟氯化碳 削减量达 到 50%所 需的数量	氟 氯 化 碳 削 减 85%	氟氯化碳 削减量达 到 85% 所需的数 量	核准但未 执行的淘 汰 (截至 2005 年 10 月)	核 定 项 目 的 完 成 日 期	2005 年最 终业务计 划中的消 耗臭氧层 物质淘汰	核准的 制冷剂 管理计 划	低消费量国 家氟氯化 碳削减量 达到 85% 的制冷剂 管理计划

生产行业

8. 没有对生产行业进行分析，因为执行委员会为生产行业的项目确定了一个特别程序。在拥有氟氯化碳生产设施的 8 个第 5 条国家中，阿根廷、中国、印度、朝鲜民主主义人民共和国、墨西哥、罗马尼亚和委内瑞拉玻利瓦尔共和国等国政府安排减产的协定已经到位。巴西表示它将独立淘汰其生产。就哈龙生产而言，中国的一项协定已经到位，而且印度得到了关闭其哈龙生产设施的一次性赠款。

9. 五个国家（巴西、中国、印度、朝鲜民主主义人民共和国和罗马尼亚）确定了四氯化碳生产基准。在四个国家（中国、朝鲜民主主义人民共和国、印度和罗马尼亚）的生产和消费行业彻底淘汰四氯化碳的项目已经得到执行委员会核准。巴西的一个四氯化碳溶剂/加工剂行业项目已列入开发计划署 2007 年业务计划。

10. 中国和罗马尼亚是仅有的两个拥有甲基溴生产设施的第 5 条国家，其甲基溴生产关闭项目已获核准。执行委员会已核准了与这两个国家签署的生产部门协定。根据协定，中国应减少其生产量，直到 2015 年淘汰为止，罗马尼亚 2006 年必须实现零生产。罗马尼亚报告说，2005 年的甲基溴零生产已经比其协定中规定的最后期限提前停止了生产。

消费行业

11. 本节概括对似乎未履约或有可能未履约的国家的未履约程度进行详细调查的结果。概括时所依据的数据载于附件一，其中包含按物质分列的各国的详细资料。附件一还说明这些国家是否得到了预计将由执行委员会提供给它们的所有援助。

氟氯化碳

12. 表 2 概括各国执行氟氯化碳控制措施的现状。根据 141 个国家最新报告的消费数据，这些国家目前似乎在履约，但有 69 个国家尚未报告 2006 年数据。表 2 列示报告的数据的

类型以及有关似乎在履约的国家的的数据。其中还包括有可能不履约的国家，并将其分为三类：（一）其最新消费量超过基准冻结数的国家；（二）因其最新消费量超过 50%的基准削减目标而看似未履约或有可能不履行 2005 年削减步骤的国家；以及（三）因其最新消费量超过 85%的基准削减目标而有可能达不到未来控制目标的国家。

表 2

氟氯化碳控制措施：履约、未履约或有可能未履约的概况

数据	履约国家	最新消费量超过基准冻结量的国家	因其最新消费量超过 50%的基准削减量实际未履约或有可能不履行 2005 年削减步骤的国家	因其最新消费量超过 85%的基准削减目标而有可能达不到未来控制目标的国家
最新消费量	141 个国家	不丹、波斯尼亚和黑塞哥维那和巴拉圭	6 个国家（不丹、波斯尼亚和黑塞哥维那、厄立特里亚、帕劳、巴拉圭和委内瑞拉玻利瓦尔共和国。波斯尼亚和黑塞哥维那遵守了本国的《行动计划》*）。	93 个国家（82 个虑及核可的行动计划）。
2006 年数据（第 7 条 或国家方案）	73 个国家	不丹和波斯尼亚和黑塞哥维那	不丹、波斯尼亚和黑塞哥维那和帕劳（波斯尼亚和黑塞哥维那遵守了本国的《行动计划》）	39 个国家（33 个虑及核可的行动计划）。

* 《行动计划》允许波斯尼亚和黑塞哥维那超过 50%的削减。

13. 其最新消费量超过其控制措施或者被认为有这种可能的所有国家要么得到多边基金的支助，要么拥有满足其载于 2007-2009 年业务计划的履约需要的项目。

哈龙

14. 表 3 概要介绍各国执行哈龙控制措施的现状。根据其最新消费数据，142 个国家目前似乎在履约。74 个国家报告说在 1995 年至 2006 年间没有消费哈龙，有两个国家既没有报告基准量，也没有报告最新消费数据。56 个国家得到了为哈龙库活动或淘汰协定提供的支助。这包括参与区域哈龙库的那些国家。表 3 列示已报告的数据的类型，并确定似乎在履约的国家。有可能不履约的国家分为下列两类：（一）其最新消费量超过基准冻结量的国家；以及（二）因其最新消费量超过减少 50%的目标而看似未履约或者可能无法达到 2005 年控制量的国家。

表 3

哈龙控制措施：履约、未履约或有可能未履约的概况

数据	履约国家	最新消费量超过哈龙基准冻结量的国家	有可能无法实现哈龙基准量削减 50% 的国家
最新消费量	142 个国家（68 个国家报告了一些消费量和基准）	2 个国家：阿拉伯利比亚民众国（以 2005 年数据为依据，但执行核可的行动计划目标）和索马里。	2 个国家：阿拉伯利比亚民众国（以 2005 年数据为依据，但执行其行动计划的 2005 年要求）和索马里。
2006 年数据（第 7 条或国家方案）	74 个国家（39 个国家报告了一些消费量和一个基准）	索马里	索马里

15. 最新消费量超过其控制措施的所有国家得到了多边基金的支助，但索马里除外，一旦条件允许开展可持续活动，将为其提供支助。

甲基溴

16. 表 4 列示各国执行甲基溴控制措施（检疫和装运前措施除外）的概况。在批准《哥本哈根修正案》的 134 个国家中，有 133 个国家报告了完整的基准数据。在这 133 个国家中，53 个国家报告基准消费量和最新消费量为零。98 个国家获得了多边基金为开展甲基溴活动和/或项目提供的支助。表 4 列示报告的数据的类型，并列出了似乎在履约的国家。其中还包括有可能未履约的国家，并将其归为下述两类：（一）最新消费量超过基准冻结量的国家；（二）因其最新消费量超过削减 20% 这一目标而有可能未履约或者有可能不执行 2005 年控制目标的国家。

表 4

甲基溴控制措施：履约、未履约或有可能未履约的概况*

数据	履约国家	最新消费量超过甲基溴基准冻结量的国家	有可能无法实现甲基溴基准量削减 20% 的国家
最新消费量	138 个国家（80 个国家报告了一些消费量和一个基准）	4 个国家：洪都拉斯、阿拉伯利比亚民众国、尼加拉瓜和沙特阿拉伯（洪都拉斯和阿拉伯利比亚民众国在执行行动计划）。	7 个国家：斐济、危地马拉、洪都拉斯、阿拉伯利比亚民众国、尼加拉瓜、沙特阿拉伯和乌干达（不包含斐济、危地马拉、洪都拉斯、阿拉伯利比亚民众国和乌干达，这些国家根据最新消费量执行其行动计划的要求）
2006 年数据（第 7 条或国家方案）	72 个国家（45 个国家报告了一些消费量和一个基准）	2 个国家：洪都拉斯和尼加拉瓜（洪都拉斯在执行其行动计划）。	4 个国家：斐济、危地马拉、洪都拉斯和尼加拉瓜（不包含斐济、危地马拉和洪都拉斯，这些国家已执行其 2006 年行动计划的要求）

* 本表系指 140 个已报告基准数据和最新消费数据的第 5 条国家。

17. 最新消费量超过其控制措施的所有国家都获得了多边基金的支助，但不包括沙特阿拉伯，该国 2006 年请求多边基金提供援助，国家方案的项目编制/国家淘汰计划在执行委员会第四十九次会议上获得核准。尼加拉瓜也得到了基金的支助，但根据 2006 年的数据，它似乎未履约，并且没有经核准的行动计划。

四氯化碳

18. 表 5 列示各国执行四氯化碳控制措施的概况。汇总的数据不包括给料，未按具体最终用途（如溶剂和加工剂）进行区分。在拥有报告的基准数据的 143 个国家中，87 个国家报告基准消费量和最新消费量为零。表 5 列示已报告数据的类型，并列出了似乎在履约的国家。其中还确定了因其最新消费量超过削减 85% 的目标而有可能未履约或者有可能不执行 2005 年控制措施的国家。

表 5

四氯化碳控制措施：履约、未履约或有可能未履约的概况

数据	履约国家	因其最新消费量超过削减 85% 的目标而有可能未履约或者有可能不执行 2005 年控制措施的国家
最新消费量	135 个国家（48 个国家报告了一些消费量和一个基准）	8 个国家：玻利维亚、刚果民主共和国、萨尔瓦多、伊朗伊斯兰共和国、巴基斯坦、巴拉圭、塞尔维亚和阿拉伯联合酋长国。（刚果民主共和国遵守了本国的《行动计划》）
2006 年数据（第 7 条或国家方案）	71 个国家（30 个国家报告了一些消费量和一个基准）	刚果民主共和国、萨尔瓦多和塞尔维亚。（刚果民主共和国遵守了本国的《行动计划》）

19. 现已核准编制项目，以编制一个能够解决四氯化碳问题的结束性淘汰管理计划。塞尔维亚的一淘汰项目包括在 2007 年业务计划内。阿拉伯联合酋长国已被要求不寻求多边基金的援助。不一定履约的所有其他国家均得到基金的援助。

三氯乙酸

20. 表 6 概要介绍了各国执行三氯乙酸控制措施的情况。在 143 个拥有报告的基准数据的国家中，有 101 个国家报告其基准和最新消费量为零。表 6 列示报告的数据的类型，并列出了似乎在履约的国家。有可能不履约的国家被归为下列两类：（一）最新消费量超过基准冻结量的国家；以及（二）因其最新消费量超过削减 30% 的目标而有可能不履约或者有可能无法执行 2005 年控制措施的国家。

表 6

三氯乙酸控制措施：履约、未履约或有可能未履约的概况

数据	履约国家	最新三氯乙酸消费量 超过基准冻结量的国家	可能未履约或不一定实现 三氯乙酸基准量减少 30% 的国家
最新消费量	143 个国家（42 个国家报告了一些消费量和一个基准）	暂缺	刚果民主共和国（遵守了不过的《行动计划》）。
2006 年数据（第 7 条或国家方案）	74 个国家（24 个国家报告了一些消费量和一个基准）	暂缺	刚果民主共和国（遵守了不过的《行动计划》）。

21. 有可能无法实现三氯乙酸基准量减少 30%的惟一国家是刚果民主共和国，该国得到了多边基金的支助，以讨论这种管制措施。

第二部分：须遵守缔约方关于履约的各项决定的国家和有可能未履约的国家的执行情况

22. 本节述及须遵守关于履约的各项决定的第 5 条国家和有可能不执行这类决定的国家。

23. 在 66 个国家发现了 92 个履约问题，2007 年，履约委员会将跟踪这些问题。这些问题包括：监管事宜（许可证/配额制度和禁止含有消耗臭氧层物质设备进口）、数据报告、遵守按物质分类的管制措施/行动计划、行动计划请求以及基准的改变。

24. 行动计划获得了各缔约方的核准，以便于被发现以往未履约的国家恢复履约。行动计划通常包括不同的消费目标，这些目标来自控制措施为第 5 个国家规定的目标。

25. 2006 年需要采取 48 项行动，现已全部落实。表 7 说明若干国家已经根据国家方案数据报告了其行动计划的执行情况。迄今为止，一个国家报告说实现其行动计划制定的目标。

表 7

报告的行动计划执行情况

履约管制措施问题	是	否	暂缺	总计
氟氯化碳淘汰	13		6	19
氟氯化碳淘汰行动计划		1	1	2
四氯化碳淘汰	4	2	1	7
四氯化碳淘汰行动计划	1		1	2
数据报告	7	1	1	9
哈龙淘汰	2	1	2	5
改变甲基溴基准请求			1	1
甲基溴淘汰	6		2	8
甲基溴淘汰行动计划		1		1
甲基氯仿淘汰	3		1	4
监管措施	7	20	2	29
审查以往建议	5			5
共计	48	26	18	92

26. 在被要求提供关于建立许可证制度/配额/设备禁令的情况报告的国家中，7 个建立了此种制度，20 个尚未建立此种制度，其他两个国家有待提供资料。

基于国家方案数据的履约

27. 国家方案数据包括按行业分列的数据。针对采用新的报告格式的这些国家，已提供资料说明许可证制度的运作情况、已公布的进口配额代表的吨位、配额制度的存在情况和/或进口商是否必须登记。另外还提供了受过培训的海关干事的人数，以及接受培训后成为培训师的人数。其中载有资料说明：制冷剂管理计划的进展情况及回收和再循环设备的运作、回收和再利用的消耗臭氧层物质数量、以及接受培训并取得认证的制冷技术员（包括培训师）的人数。新格式还显示有多少最终用户改造了其使用消耗臭氧层物质的设备，并提供国家对遵守未来管制措施的预测。

28. 表 8 列示似乎超出各缔约方为 2006 年必须采取的行动计划中的一项控制措施或一个消费量的国家。同时还指出资料来源是根据第 7 条或国家方案数据报告的。

表 8

2006 年消费数据超过控制措施或行动计划目标的国家

氟氯化碳						
国别	基准	氟氯化碳 减产 50%	最新消费量	2006 年行 动计划目 标	最新消费的年 度	来源
不丹	0.2	0.1	57.0		2006	国家方案
波斯尼亚和黑塞哥维那	24.2	12.1	31.6	33.0	2006	国家方案
帕劳	1.6	0.8	0.9		2006	国家方案
哈龙						
国别	基准	哈龙减产 50%	最新消费量	2006 年行 动计划目 标	最新消费的年 度	来源
索马里	17.7	8.9	18.8		2006	第 7 条
甲基溴						
国别	基准	甲基溴减 产 20%	最新消费量	2006 年行 动计划目 标	最新消费的年 度	来源
斐济	0.7	0.6	0.7	1.3	2006	国家方案
危地马拉	400.7	320.6	333.4	400.7	2006	第 7 条
洪都拉斯	259.4	207.5	291.0	295.8	2006	国家方案
尼加拉瓜	0.4	0.3	17.0		2006	国家方案
四氯化碳						
国别	基准	四氯化碳 减产 85%	最新消费量	2006 年行 动计划目 标	最新消费的年 度	来源
刚果民主共和国	15.3	2.3	16.5	16.5	2006	第 7 条
萨尔瓦多	0.0	0.0	0.8		2006	第 7 条
塞尔维亚	18.8	2.8	5.1		2006	第 7 条
三氯乙酸						
国别	基准	三氯乙酸 减产 30%	最新消费量	2006 年行 动计划目 标	最新消费的年 度	来源
刚果民主共和国	4.8	3.4	4.0	4.0	2006	第 7 条

29. 表 8 显示，似乎不遵守控制措施的 12 个国家正在执行缔约方会议核准的行动计划，以便促使它们恢复履约。根据第 7 条和国家方案的甲基溴数据，斐济、危地马拉和洪都拉斯都在执行各行动计划的目标。根据四氯化碳和三氯乙酸的第 7 条数据，刚果民主共和国遵守了本国《行动计划》的目标。同样，根据氟氯化碳的国家方案数据，波斯尼亚和黑塞哥维那遵守了本国的《行动计划》。

2006 年数据

30. 根据 2006 年数据，3 个国家有可能没有遵守《议定书》对第 5 条国家规定的管制措施。尼加拉瓜 2006 年国家方案数据显示，该国的消费量超过甲基溴基准数字的 50%。根据第 7 条数据，萨尔瓦多和索马里分别超过了四氯化碳和哈龙的管制措施。

31. 尼加拉瓜有一个彻底淘汰甲基溴的核定项目。虽然尼加拉瓜报告了 2006 年的消费数据，但它没有提供资料介绍其国家淘汰计划的特点。这项资料由该国于 2005 年提供，它当时报告说，它已培训了 50 名海关干事，出台了收集和报告消耗臭氧层物质的监管程序，需要获得许可进口或销售散装消耗臭氧层物质，但没有甲基溴配额制度或消耗臭氧层物质许可证制度。

32. 萨尔瓦多报告 2006 年的国家方案数据。自 1986 年以来，萨尔瓦多报告说除今年和 1993 年外，其四氯化碳消费量为零。萨尔瓦多在其 2006 年国家方案数据报告中报告了有关其国家淘汰计划的情况。萨尔瓦多在这份报告中表示，它已培训了 40 名海关干事，制订了消耗臭氧层物质的进口/出口许可证制度或散装消耗臭氧层物质的许可制度、消耗臭氧层物质数据收集和报告的管理程序以及进口或销售散装氟氯化碳所需的许可证。它也有有关四氯化碳的配额制度。萨尔瓦多拥有消耗臭氧层物质进口商登记册，并使用一个由臭氧办事处与海关共享的关于进口配额和实际进口量的数据库。2006 年，萨尔瓦多表示其进口许可证制度运作得“非常好”。

33. 开发计划署正在为萨尔瓦多编制结束性淘汰管理计划。执行委员会 2006 年 4 月核准项目编制时达成的谅解是，在制定和随后执行结束性淘汰管理计划时，应请开发计划署考虑关于在许可证制度中纳入甲基溴、四氯化碳和/或三氯乙酸以及氟氯化碳进口控制措施的第 47/10 (e) 号决定。2006 年没有支付资金。开发计划署提交第五十二次会议的进度报告显示，由于在执行最新制冷剂管理计划方面进展迟缓，结束性淘汰管理计划的编制工作已经延误。预计结束性淘汰管理计划的提案将提交 2007 年的最后一次会议。鉴于萨尔瓦多在四氯化碳消费方面有可能不履约，谨建议执行委员会考虑请开发计划署和萨尔瓦多加快向第五十三次会议提交结束性淘汰管理计划提案的速度。

34. 一俟存在开展可持续活动的条件，见提交索马里的哈龙活动。

附件二中的信息

35. 附件二提供资料介绍须遵守缔约方关于履约的决定但还没有落实决定中规定的各项行动的国家，或者看似未履约的国家。所提供的资料按履约问题和国家编排。

36. 附件二还包括题为“多边基金评论意见”的一栏内容，提供的资料摘自国家臭氧机构提交的国家方案数据报告，并提供多边和双边执行机构的参与情况以及来自有关这一问题的最新状况和进度报告的数据。

第三部分：关于国家方案执行情况的数据

37. 第三部分载有关于国家方案执行情况的数据，这类数据在每年 5 月 1 日前提交基金秘书处，并包含消耗臭氧层物质消费数据和按行业分列的数据。本节还提供了补充资料，说明一国消耗臭氧层物质淘汰方案的特点。

按行业分列的消耗臭氧层物质消费数据

38. 第 5 条国家每年都会依照执行委员会第十一、十三、二十二、二十八、二十九、三十和四十六次会议的决定，向基金秘书处提交按行业分列的消耗臭氧层物质消费数据。截至 2007 年 7 月 1 日，秘书处收到了 142 个被要求提交报告的国家中的 64 个提交的有关 2006 年国家方案执行情况的报告。下列国家从未报告过国家方案数据：阿富汗、亚美尼亚、赤道几内亚、厄立特里亚、黑山、莫桑比克、缅甸、纽埃、卢旺达、沙特阿拉伯、索马里、和瓦努阿图。其中的许多国家都相对而言是新近加入《蒙特利尔议定书》的缔约方。尽管如此，谨建议执行委员会鼓励这些国家报告国家方案数据，并指出体制建设项目的恢复要视这类数据的接收情况而定。

39. 秘书处把这些数据汇编成了要求的格式，至于那些并未报告 2006 年数据的国家，秘书处录入了其先前国家方案报告中的数据。因此，这其中还包含 2005 年的 52 份报告、2004 年的 6 份报告、2003 年的 6 份报告和 2002 年的两份报告。

40. 基金秘书处的网站 (www.multilateralfund.org) 采用 Microsoft Excel 2002 电子表格的形式，提供了国家方案数据的数据库。

41. 尽管所记录的消费量水平取自不同年份，不一定与根据《蒙特利尔议定书》第 7 条报告的数据一致，但国家方案数据仍提供了全球范围内按国别分列的最新行业评估。这些数据将协助有关第 5 条国家和执行委员会努力评估有待在行业基础上淘汰何种物质。

42. 表 9 考虑到已经核准但至今尚未执行的项目，提供了按行业分列的、将淘汰的消耗臭氧层物质剩余消费量总额。此外，它还包含已核准但尚未完成的项目总共淘汰的消费量，以及待淘汰余额所占的百分比（按行业分列）。

表 9

按行业分列的消耗臭氧层物质剩余消费量总额

行业	最新总消费量	最新总消费量所占百分比	已核准但尚未完成的总淘汰量	将淘汰的余额	余额占最新总消费量的百分比
气雾剂	937.3	2.0%	1,011.1	*	不适用
泡沫塑料	8,488.9	17.9%	1,396.2	7,092.7	83.6%
熏蒸剂	4,624.4	9.7%	2,293.0	2,331.4	50.4%
哈龙	5,468.3	11.5%	12,335.1	*	不适用
实验室用途	622.9	1.3%	0.0	622.9	100.00%
计量吸入器	1,658.8	3.5%	0.0	1,658.8	100.00%
加工剂	1,299.9	2.7%	432.4	867.5	66.7%
制冷	21,575.5	45.5%	8,074.0	13,501.5	62.6%
溶剂	2,662.7	5.6%	326.1	2,336.6	87.8%
消毒剂	0.0	0.0%	0.0	0.0	不适用
烟草	128.0	0.3%	150.0	*	不适用
共计	47,466.7	100.0%	26,017.9	28,411.4	59.9%

* 已核准的淘汰量大于最新消费量。

43. 已经核准但尚未落实的消耗臭氧层物质淘汰总量（表 9 所示）并不包含原则上为多长期协定核准的淘汰量，或是预计执行制冷剂管理计划和哈龙库会产生的淘汰量。除正在供资的淘汰量以外，执行委员会还原则上核准了一些行业和国家淘汰项目，对这些项目而言，年度付款将根据已实现的安排减产量发放。

44. 未来年度部分的淘汰工作将涉及表 9 所示剩余消费量的很大一部分。此外，低消费量国家的制冷剂管理计划在这些国家基准消费量中所占比例达 85%，但是核准但未执行的项目中的数据并不包括所有这些吨数。表 9 中核准但未执行的淘汰量并不包括那些已经接受哈龙库项目的国家的一些哈龙消费量。

45. 表 10 按物质列出了考虑到多长期协定、低消费量国家的制冷剂管理计划和哈龙库后执行委员会仍未解决的剩余消费量。

表 10

以国家方案数据为基础、按物质分列的消耗臭氧层物质剩余消费量总数
(考虑到低消费量国家的制冷剂管理计划、哈龙库、全部淘汰项目和原则上核准的
多年期协定产生的淘汰量)

化学品	消耗臭氧层物质剩余消费量 (ODP 吨)
氟氯化碳	2,530.9
四氯化碳	11.0
哈龙	0.0
甲基溴	3,255.4
三氯乙酸	5.1
共计	5,802.4

46. 可以忆及，提交给执行委员会第五十次会议的文件表示，根据最近的国家方案数据，并考虑到已经核准但尚未执行的项目，还有 7,609.3 ODP 吨有待解决。其中，之所以削减 1,806.9 ODP 吨的消费量，原因是在执行委员会第五十和第五十一次会议上核准了供资，以及自该文件公布供第五十次会议审议以来收到了最新消费数据。消耗臭氧层物质剩余消费量则是以报告了国家方案数据的 130 个第 5 条国家为基础确定的。12 个未报告国家方案数据的国家也可能寻求基金的援助。

47. 对这 12 个国家采用第 7 条数据，并考虑低消费量国家的制冷剂管理计划、哈龙库、全部淘汰项目和原则上核准的多年期协定所产生的淘汰量之后，消耗臭氧层物质的剩余总量似乎为表 11 所示的 6,839 ODP 吨。

表 11

以国家方案和第 7 条数据为基础、按物质分列的消耗臭氧层物质剩余消费量总数
(考虑到低消费量国家的制冷剂管理计划、哈龙库、全部淘汰项目和原则上核准的多年
期协定产生的淘汰量)

化学品	消耗臭氧层物质剩余消费量 (ODP 吨)
氟氯化碳	3,522.8
四氯化碳	8.6
哈龙	19.1
甲基溴	3,283.9
三氯乙酸	4.3
共计	6,838.7

氟氯烃的数据

48. 表 12 根据现有的最新数据，列出了氟氯烃的消费量水平。其中表明，氟氯烃的消费

量为 296,272 公吨（19,245 ODP 吨），主要由 HCFC-22（占总量的 65.7%）和 HCFC-141b（占总量的 29.7%）组成。

表 12

按化学品分列的最新氟氯烃消费量

化学品	公吨	ODP 吨	占总量的百分比
HCFC-121	0.90	0.04	0.0%
HCFC-123	1,028.95	20.58	0.1%
HCFC-124	392.88	15.72	0.1%
HCFC-141	78.91	5.52	0.0%
HCFC-141b	52,040.02	5,724.40	29.7%
HCFC-142b	12,392.74	805.53	4.2%
HCFC-21	28.86	1.15	0.0%
HCFC-22	229,966.17	12,648.14	65.7%
HCFC-225	342.31	23.96	0.1%
共计	296,271.73	19,245.04	100.0%

49. 本报告中的消费量水平是根据 64 个国家提交的 2006 年数据确定的。这些国家的消费量增加了 14,446 公吨（1,120 ODP 吨），即相比 2005 年数据，增加了 15%。相反，就报告了 2005 年和 2006 年数据的国家而言，氟氯化碳的消费量减少了 45%。

国家淘汰方案的特点

50. 第 46/39 号决定通过的国家方案报告新格式为国家臭氧机构提供了从定性和定量两个方面评估履约前景的契机。

数据完整性

51. 今年是采用新格式报告国家方案数据的第二年。继采用新格式并发现缺少回应之后，执行委员会做出了两项决定，以改善新格式的遵守情况。由于在区域网络会议讨论新格式问题（根据第 49/5 号决定），以及为输入数据开发了一个手工网络系统（根据第 50/4 号决定），提交 2006 年数据的 64 个国家中，有 62 个采用了新格式。此外，基金秘书处还启动了一个方案，以设法立即澄清直接产生于国家臭氧机构的数据明显异常现象。由于这些努力，2006 年出现的数据异常现象明显少于 2005 年。

52. 然而，在定性、定量和管制这三个主要部分里，以新格式提交的大多数数据都不完整。只有七个国家提交了这三个部分的所有信息：斐济、圭亚那、墨西哥、摩洛哥、塞舌尔、特立尼达和多巴哥、越南。只有五个国家使用了 2007 年 4 月 25 日启动的网络系统。谨建议执行委员会考虑请环境规划署履约协助方案在其区域网络会议期间分配时间，用来增加有关网络系统的培训并就网络系统初始使用者获取的经验提供反馈。

53. 在接到要求的 142 个国家中，只有 64 个国家及时提交了国家方案数据，用于本文件

的分析工作。尽管向第五十二次会议提出供资申请的若干国家也提交了国家方案数据，但仍有一些国家没有提交。请第五十二次会议审议结束性淘汰管理计划、但并未提交国家方案数据的国家包括：乍得、科摩罗和塞内加尔。

54. (在某些情况下，多于国家方案数据报告要求的数据量)。结束性淘汰管理计划和国家淘汰计划提供了大量的数据国家方案数据对审查关于供资申请的所有呈件至关重要。为此，在提交国家方案数据之前，执行委员会不会核准恢复体制建设的请求。此外，在第 7 条数据报告截止日期 9 月 30 日之前，5 月 1 日提交国家方案数据的工作就为履约委员会提供了重要资料。谨建议执行委员会考虑是否应将国家方案数据的提交作为核准和发放向执行委员会申请的资金的条件。

数据汇总

55. 提供报告且有制冷剂管理计划/国家淘汰方案/结束性淘汰管理计划的 58 个国家中，有 45 个国家表示已在执行其制冷剂管理计划方面取得了进展。包括报告 2006 年之前数据的国家在内，105 个国家中，有 75 个表示在执行其制冷剂管理计划方面取得了进展。

56. 在包括了 2006 年之前报告数据的国家后，已运行的回收机器和再循环机器总数分别是 4,435 和 1,499 台。其中，2,923 台回收机器和 651 台再循环机器得到了多边基金已报告数据国家资金的资助。使用回收和再循环机器的国家中，59.4%的国家报告说这些机器的运行情况“令人满意”或“非常好”。回收的 CFC-11 共计 222.8 ODP 吨，其中有 141.6 ODP 吨得到再利用；回收的 CFC-12 共计 9,325.2 ODP 吨，其中有 9,313.1 ODP 吨得到再利用。未收集其他消耗臭氧层物质的数据。

57. 已报告的 2006 年数据以及先前各年报告提供的数据表明，共有 45,462 名制冷维修技师接受了培训，有 35,976 名获得认证，并有 2,227 名制冷技师培训员接受了培训。

58. 101 个国家中，有 77 个报告了经营许可证制度（报告 2006 年数据的 53 个国家中，有 52 个国家制定了经营许可证制度，其中 98.1%的运作都“令人满意”或“非常好”）。有 24 个国家没有报告其许可证制度的建立情况。由于我们认为经营许可证制度对遵守《蒙特利尔议定书》至关重要，谨建议执行委员会考虑促请这 24 个尚未建立许可证制度的国家努力制定该项制度。

59. 报告数据（包括先前各年报告中的数据）的 103 个国家中，有 73 个表示它们已经制定了配额制度。87 个国家表示需要进行进口商登记。

60. 据报告，共有 9,404 名海关干事（包括先前各年报告中的数据）接受了培训。另外，尚不清楚各国报告的年度数据而非累积数据的数量有多少。

61. 表 13 汇总了若干消耗臭氧层物质和替代品的费用。

表 13

消耗臭氧层物质和替代品的平均价格

消耗臭氧层物质	平均价格/公斤(元/公斤)(提交给第五十次会议的 2005 年报告)	平均价格/公斤(美元/公斤)(提交给第五十二次会议的 2006 年报告)	价格上涨的国家数	价格下降的国家数	范围(美元/公斤)(2006 年报告)	报告非零数据的国家数	计算平均价格时未予计入*的数据(美元/公斤)(2006 年报告)
CFC-11	7.09 美元	9.05 美元	8	3	5.00 美元(科威特)至 18.00 美元(墨西哥)	22	1.65 美元(圭亚那)和 36.70 美元(巴西)
CFC-12	8.98 美元	10.65 美元	12	12	3.00 美元(尼泊尔)至 24.00 美元(海地)	51	1.95 美元(圭亚那)和 250 美元(塞舌尔)
CFC-113	9.02 美元	14.04 美元	暂缺	暂缺	8.33 美元(巴巴多斯)、14.29 美元(加蓬)和 19.50 美元(塞尔维亚)	4	\$44(萨尔瓦多)
CFC-114	9.98 美元	20.91 美元	暂缺	暂缺	8.33 美元(巴巴多斯)、19.50 美元(塞尔维亚)、25.80 美元(阿根廷)和 30 美元(古巴)	4	无
CFC-115	10.94 美元	6.92 美元	暂缺	暂缺	5.50 美元(智利)和 8.33 美元(巴巴多斯)	2	无
HCFC-22	5.41 美元	5.17 美元	11	11	1.58 美元(哥斯达黎加)至 13.10 美元(马拉维)	54	0.96 美元(圭亚那)、20 美元(洪都拉斯)和 190 美元(塞舌尔)
HFC-134a	12.21 美元	11.99 美元	10	11	3.00 美元(马绍尔群岛)至 29.63 美元(圣基茨/尼维斯)	45	2.61 美元(圭亚那)和 240 美元(塞舌尔)
R-502	14.20 美元	15.91 美元	3	4	4.91 美元(圣卢西亚)至 31.00 美元(摩洛哥)	26	3.61 美元(圭亚那)和 320 美元(塞舌尔)

* 不包括所有零美元条目。

62. 未提供关于哈龙、甲基溴、四氯化碳或 HCFC-141b 的数据。

63. 表 13 表明, CFC-11 和 CFC-12 的平均价格都上升, 而且, CFC-11 的价格上涨的国家

要比价格下降的国家多。此外，它还表明 HFC-134a 和 HCFC-22 的平均价格下降，而且，HFC-134a 的价格下降的国家要比价格上涨的国家多。然而，与 2005 年的数据一样，替代品（如 HFC-134a 和 R-502）的平均价格仍然要高于 CFC-11 和 CFC-12，而且，HCFC-22 仍然比各类氟氯化碳便宜很多。

建议

64. 谨建议执行委员会：

- (a) 注意到 UNEP/OzL.Pro/ExCom/52/7/Rev.1 号文件所载关于第 5 条国家在执行《蒙特利尔议定书》初期和中期控制措施方面的现状/前景的报告；
- (b) 请开发计划署和萨尔瓦多加快向第五十三次会议提交结束性淘汰管理计划提案的速度；
- (c) 促请尚未建立许可证制度的国家努力尽快建立此类制度；
- (d) 请环境规划署履约协助方案在其区域网络会议期间分配时间增加有关网络系统的培训，以报告国家方案执行进度，并且就网络系统初始使用者所获经验提供反馈；以及
- (e) 要求在核准和发放到期后所核准的项目和活动的资金之前，提交国家方案执行情况数据。

Annex I

DETAILED ANALYSIS OF THE STATUS OF IMPLEMENTATION IN COUNTRIES SUBJECT TO DECISIONS OF THE PARTIES ON COMPLIANCE AND THOSE AT RISK OF NON-COMPLIANCE

1. Annex I presents the detailed analysis of the status of implementation in countries subject to decisions of the Parties on compliance and those at risk of non-compliance. The data tables in Appendixes I-V indicate whether a country has received a total phase-out agreement for a specific controlled substance. The CFC analysis (Appendix I) shows further whether a low-volume consuming country (LVC) has received a Refrigerant Management Plan (RMP) or a RMP update since the 31st Meeting of the Executive Committee, which should be sufficient to ensure a country's compliance at least up to and including the 85 per cent reduction target in 2007 (decision 31/48(h)). The analysis of halons (Appendix II) indicates whether a halon banking activity has been approved. Halon banking guidelines require that regulations facilitating production and import bans are established within six months of the establishment of a reclamation centre (decision 18/22). Decision 35/57 presumes that halon banking should be the last project approved for the halon sector. The methyl bromide analysis (Appendix III) indicates further whether a country has received funding for a phase-out to meet the 2005 control measure.

ANALYSIS OF COMPLIANCE FOR CFCs (Appendix I)

2. Based on their latest reported consumption data, 141 countries could now be considered to be in compliance, but 68 have not yet reported 2006 data. The latest reported consumption for these countries combined is 37,708 ODP tonnes compared to 43,582 ODP tonnes in last year's report. This is some 126,185 ODP tonnes lower than their combined baseline level of 163,893 ODP tonnes. Ninety-seven of these countries are LVCs of which 89 have received support for RMPs from the Multilateral Fund. This includes support for 73 LVCs to meet their 85 per cent reductions by 2007.

3. Countries have been grouped into three categories: (a) those whose latest consumption exceeds the baseline freeze; (b) those in actual non-compliance or at risk of not meeting the 2005 reduction step because their latest consumption exceeds the 50 per cent baseline reduction target; and (c) those at risk of not meeting future controls because their latest consumption exceeds the 85 per cent baseline reduction target.

(a) Countries whose latest consumption exceeds the CFC baseline freeze

4. This category consists of the following three LVC countries: Bhutan, Bosnia and Herzegovina and Paraguay. All other countries appear to be in compliance.

5. The three countries whose latest consumption exceeds the baseline freeze have each been provided with support to enable their compliance, as follows:

- Bhutan has received an RMP to meet its 50 per cent and 85 per cent reduction target.

- Bosnia and Herzegovina has a national ODS phase-out agreement with the Executive Committee and an Action Plan approved by the Meeting of the Parties that would allow it to complete the phase-out of CFCs prior to 31 December 2007.
- Paraguay has a national phase-out agreement with the Executive Committee for complete phase-out of CFCs prior to 1 January 2010.

(b) Countries at risk of not achieving the 50 per cent CFC baseline reduction

6. This category consists of 6 countries. These countries may be in non-compliance with the control measures. It includes 5 LVCs, which may need to achieve additional CFC phase-out amounting to 412 ODP tonnes by 2005 in order to comply with the 50 per cent reduction target. Of these 6 countries in this category, 5 have projects with phase-out included in the 2007 business plans.

7. Of the 6 countries, the Executive Committee has approved RMPs for 3 LVCs (Bhutan, Palau and Paraguay). These 3 countries had already received either a RMP to meet their 50 per cent and 85 per cent reductions or a national phase-out agreement.

8. Bosnia and Herzegovina and Venezuela (Bolivarian Republic of) did not have an approved RMP, but have national phase-out agreement with the Executive Committee.

9. The remaining one country that appears to possibly need additional activities to achieve the 50 per cent reduction is Eritrea. Eritrea has activities planned in the 2007 business plans.

(c) Countries at risk of not achieving the 85 per cent baseline reduction

10. This category consists of 93 countries including 61 LVCs, which may need to achieve additional CFC phase-out amounting to 17,365 ODP tonnes by 2007 in order to comply with the 85 per cent reduction target. Of these 93 countries, 68 were to receive projects with phase-out in the 2007 business plans.

11. Of the 93 countries, the Executive Committee has approved RMPs for 17 non-LVCs and 54 LVCs, including 68 countries that had already received either an RMP to meet their 50 per cent and 85 per cent reductions or had a national phase-out agreement approved. The Federated States of Micronesia, Palau and Solomon Islands are three of the LVCs that have phase-out agreements with the Executive Committee as part of the Pacific Island Country strategy.

12. There are five LVCs that have approved national phase-out agreements. These countries are: Albania, Armenia, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Ecuador and Turkmenistan. For Armenia and Turkmenistan, funding has been approved by the GEF.

13. The remaining 17 countries that may require additional actions to achieve the 85 per cent reduction are Afghanistan, Argentina, Colombia, Eritrea, India, Indonesia, Islamic Republic of Iran, Republic of Korea, Lebanon, Libyan Arab Jamahiriya, Malaysia, Philippines, Saudi Arabia, Serbia, Somalia, United Arab Emirates and Venezuela (Bolivarian Republic of). With the

exception of Eritrea, Somalia and Saudi Arabia, all countries currently eligible for Fund assistance have national CFC phase-out agreements with the Executive Committee, which contain a phase-out schedule that is consistent with the targets in the Montreal Protocol. All of the countries that are at risk have received support from the Executive Committee or have projects in the 2007-2009 business plans to address their compliance needs except the Republic of Korea and the United Arab Emirates that do not seek Multilateral Fund assistance.

ANALYSIS OF COMPLIANCE FOR HALONS (Appendix II)

14. Based on their latest consumption data, 68 countries could now be considered to be in compliance. The latest combined consumption for these countries is 5,717 ODP tonnes compared to 6,816 ODP tonnes in last year's report. This is some 40,056 ODP tonnes lower than their combined baseline level of 45,773 ODP tonnes.

15. Seventy-four countries have reported no consumption of halons between 1995 and 2006. Two countries have reported neither baseline nor latest consumption data.

16. Fifty-six countries have received support for halon banking activities or phase-out agreements. This includes those countries participating in regional halon banks. Halon banking is presumed to be the last funded activity in the halon consumption sector for most countries but there are some halon phase-out activities that are part of multi-sectoral phase-out agreements.

17. Countries have been grouped into the following two categories: (a) those whose latest consumption exceeds the baseline freeze; and (b) those in actual non-compliance or at risk of not meeting the 2005 control because their latest consumption exceeds the 50 per cent reduction target.

(a) Countries whose latest consumption exceeds the baseline freeze for halons

18. This category consists of two countries (Libyan Arab Jamahiriya and Somalia) that may require additional actions to achieve compliance with the freeze on halons. These countries would need to phase-out a total of 82.5 ODP tonnes to meet the freeze target. Libyan Arab Jamahiriya has received support for halon banking from the Multilateral Fund. Activities would be provided for Somalia once conditions exist for a sustainable activity.

(b) Countries at risk of not achieving the 50 per cent baseline reduction for halons

19. This category consists of two countries, including one LVC that may need to phase-out additional halons amounting to 408 ODP tonnes by 2005 in order to comply with the 50 per cent reduction targets. Libyan Arab Jamahiriya has received support from the Multilateral Fund for halon banking activity. The remaining one country that might not achieve its 50 per cent reduction target, Somalia had reported latest consumption in 2006 of 18.8 ODP tonnes.

ANALYSIS OF COMPLIANCE FOR METHYL BROMIDE (Appendix III)

20. This section presents the analysis for compliance with methyl bromide control measures. It should be noted that all data reported and used in this analysis relate to controlled use only, which means that the data excludes quarantine and pre-shipment (QPS). Of the 134 Article 5 countries that have ratified the Copenhagen Amendment, 133 have reported complete baseline data. Of these 133 countries, 53 reported zero for both the baseline consumption and the latest consumption.

21. Ninety-eight Article 5 countries have received support from the Multilateral Fund for methyl bromide activities and/or projects. This includes projects that will lead to a complete phase-out of methyl bromide in 50 of these countries, partial phase-out in an additional 16 of these countries, and other forms of assistance received by 32 of these countries.

22. Countries have been grouped into the following two categories: (a) those whose latest consumption exceeds the baseline freeze; and (b) those that could be in non-compliance or at risk with the 2005 control because their latest consumption exceeds the 20 per cent reduction. Appendix III identifies those countries that have not ratified the Copenhagen Amendment.

(a) Countries whose latest consumption exceeds the MB baseline freeze

23. This category consists of four countries that may require additional actions to achieve compliance with the freeze target. These countries are: Honduras, Libyan Arab Jamahiriya, Nicaragua and Saudi Arabia. These countries would need to phase-out a total of 77 ODP tonnes to achieve compliance with the freeze. With the exception of Saudi Arabia (27.6 ODP tonnes), all countries at risk of not achieving the freeze have received assistance from the Multilateral Fund.

24. Of the four countries, Honduras, Libyan Arab Jamahiriya and Nicaragua have phase-out agreements or approved projects under the Multilateral Fund that amount to a total phase-out of methyl bromide consumption. Honduras and Libyan Arab Jamahiriya have reported consumption that is consistent with the Action Plan requirements.

25. Saudi Arabia may require additional activities. Saudi Arabia has sought assistance from the Multilateral Fund and project preparation for a country programme/national phase-out plan was approved at the 49th Meeting of the Executive Committee.

(b) Countries at risk of not achieving the 20 per cent MB baseline reduction

26. This category consists of the following 7 countries: Fiji, Guatemala, Honduras, Libyan Arab Jamahiriya, Nicaragua, Saudi Arabia and Uganda. This list includes five LVCs. These countries may need to meet additional combined reduction amounting to 162 ODP tonnes by 2005 in order to comply with the 20 per cent reduction targets. Six of the 7 countries have received support for methyl bromide activities from the Multilateral Fund. Five of these six countries (Fiji, Honduras, Libyan Arab Jamahiriya, Nicaragua and Uganda) have phase-out agreements or projects for total phase-out, and one country (Guatemala) has project for partial phase-out to achieve the 20 per cent baseline reduction. Fiji, Guatemala, Honduras, Libyan Arab

Jamahiriya and Uganda have reported consumption data that are consistent with the Action Plan requirements.

27. All countries except Saudi Arabia have received assistance from the Multilateral Fund and as mentioned above.

CARBON TETRACHLORIDE (CTC) (Appendix IV)

28. This section presents the analysis of compliance with carbon tetrachloride control measures. All data reported and used in this analysis are those related to controlled use only, which excludes feedstock. Reported CTC consumption was not differentiated by specific end use, such as solvents and process agents.

29. Of the 143 countries with reported baseline data, 87 reported zero both for the baseline and the latest consumption.

30. The analysis addresses those countries that might be in non-compliance or at risk of not meeting the 2005 control measures because their latest consumption exceeds the 85 per cent reduction. Appendix IV notes those that have not ratified the London Amendment.

31. Eight countries might not achieve compliance with the 85 per cent reduction by 2005. These countries would need to phase-out a total of 107 ODP tonnes to meet the 85 per cent reduction by 2005. Three of these eight countries have reported consumption above 10 ODP tonnes including: Pakistan (148.5 ODP tonnes), Democratic Republic of the Congo (16.5 ODP tonnes) and Islamic Republic of Iran (13.6 ODP tonnes).

32. The Multilateral Fund has provided funding for CTC phase-out agreements or projects in 5 out of the 8 countries (Bolivia, Democratic Republic of the Congo, Islamic Republic of Iran, Pakistan and Paraguay). All countries that have ratified the London Amendment and are eligible for Multilateral Fund assistance have received assistance or in business plans except for El Salvador and United Arab Emirates. Project preparation has been approved to prepare a TPMP for El Salvador that can address the CTC issue. The United Arab Emirates has been requested not to seek Multilateral Fund assistance. Serbia has a project with phase-out included in the 2007 business plan.

METHYL CHLOROFORM (TCA) (Appendix V)

33. This section presents the analysis for compliance with methyl chloroform control measures. Of the 143 countries that have reported baseline data, 101 reported zero both for the baseline and the latest consumption.

34. Countries have been grouped into two categories: (a) those whose latest consumption exceeds the baseline freeze; and (b) those that could be in non-compliance or at risk of not meeting the 2005 control measures because their latest consumption exceeds the 30 per cent

reduction target. Appendix V specifies those countries that have not ratified the London Amendment.

(a) Countries whose latest TCA consumption exceeds the baseline freeze

35. All countries are in compliance with the 2003 freeze target.

(b) Countries that could be in non-compliance or at risk of not achieving the 30 per cent TCA baseline reduction

36. This category consists of one country that has ratified the Copenhagen Amendment and may need to achieve additional phase-out amounting to 0.6 ODP tonnes by 2005 in order to comply with the 30 per cent reduction targets: Democratic Republic of the Congo. Democratic Republic of the Congo has received assistance for TCA phase-out project from the Multilateral Fund.

Appendix I

CFC ANALYSIS

Country	Source	Year of Latest Consumption	Baseline	Latest Consumption	Compliance Decision	2005 Action Plan Target	2006 Action Plan Target	Percentage Over Freeze	Percentage Over 50% Reduction	Percentage Over 85% Reduction	Ongoing Phase-Out (As of July 2007)	Phase-Out in 2007 Business Plans	Remarks
Afghanistan	A7	2005	380.0	141.2				0%	0%	148%	Yes		Non-LVC country with an approved terminal CFC phase-out plan
Albania	CP	2006	40.8	15.2	Decision XV/26	36.2	15.2	0%	0%	148%	Yes	Yes	LVC country with total CFC phase-out plan
Algeria	A7	2006	2,119.5	302.6				0%	0%	0%	Yes	Yes	Non-LVC country that might require further assistance to achieve 2005, 2007 and/or 2010 phase-out targets (Country with an approved RMP in accordance to Decision 41/48)
Angola	CP	2006	114.8	42.1				0%	0%	144%	Yes	Yes	LVC country with RMP/RMP update approved in accordance to Decision 41/48
Antigua and Barbuda	A7	2006	10.7	1.1				0%	0%	0%	Yes	Yes	LVC country with total CFC phase-out plan
Argentina	CP	2006	4,697.2	1,654.2				0%	0%	135%	Yes	Yes	Non-LVC country with an approved terminal CFC phase-out plan
Armenia	A7	2006	196.5	59.0				0%	0%	100%	No		LVC country with total CFC phase-out plan. (Phase-Out Plan funded through the GEF when country was a non-Article 5 Party)
Bahamas	CP	2006	64.9	4.0				0%	0%	0%	Yes	Yes	LVC country with total CFC phase-out plan
Bahrain	A7	2005	135.4	58.7				0%	0%	189%	Yes		LVC country with total CFC phase-out plan
Bangladesh	A7	2005	581.6	263.0				0%	0%	201%	Yes	Yes	Non-LVC country with an approved terminal CFC phase-out plan
Barbados	A7	2006	21.5	7.9				0%	0%	145%	Yes		LVC country with RMP/RMP update approved in accordance to Decision 41/48
Belize	A7	2006	24.4	3.9	Decision XIV/33	12.2	10.0	0%	0%	7%	Yes	Yes	LVC country with RMP/RMP update approved in accordance to Decision 41/48
Benin	A7	2005	59.9	10.0				0%	0%	11%	Yes		LVC country with RMP/RMP update approved in accordance to Decision 41/48
Bhutan	CP	2006	0.2	57.0				28400%	56900%	189900%	No	Yes	LVC country with RMP/RMP update approved in accordance to Decision 41/48
Bolivia	A7	2005	75.7	26.7	Decision XV/29	37.8		0%	0%	135%	Yes	Yes	LVC country with total CFC phase-out plan
Bosnia and Herzegovina	CP	2006	24.2	31.6	Decision XV/30	102.1	33.0	31%	161%	771%	No	Yes	LVC country with total CFC phase-out plan
Botswana	A7	2005	6.8	1.9				0%	0%	86%	Yes	Yes	LVC country with RMP/RMP update approved in accordance to Decision 41/48

Country	Source	Year of Latest Consumption	Baseline	Latest Consumption	Compliance Decision	2005 Action Plan Target	2006 Action Plan Target	Percentage Over Freeze	Percentage Over 50% Reduction	Percentage Over 85% Reduction	Ongoing Phase-Out (As of July 2007)	Phase-Out in 2007 Business Plans	Remarks
Brazil	A7	2006	10,525.8	477.8				0%	0%	0%	Yes	Yes	Non-LVC country with an approved terminal CFC phase-out plan
Brunei Darussalam	A7	2005	78.2	39.0				0%	0%	232%	Yes		LVC country with RMP/RMP update approved in accordance to Decision 41/48
Burkina Faso	A7	2006	36.3	5.2				0%	0%	0%	Yes		LVC country with total CFC phase-out plan
Burundi	A7	2005	59.0	3.5				0%	0%	0%	Yes	Yes	LVC country with RMP/RMP update approved in accordance to Decision 41/48
Cambodia	CP	2006	94.2	28.5				0%	0%	101%	Yes	Yes	LVC country with RMP/RMP update approved in accordance to Decision 41/48
Cameroon	A7	2005	256.9	120.0				0%	0%	211%	Yes		LVC country with total CFC phase-out plan
Cape Verde	A7	2005	2.3	0.9				0%	0%	161%	Yes		LVC country with RMP/RMP update approved in accordance to Decision 41/48
Central African Republic	A7	2005	11.3	2.6				0%	0%	53%	Yes		LVC country with RMP/RMP update approved in accordance to Decision 41/48
Chad	A7	2005	34.6	11.3				0%	0%	118%	Yes	Yes	LVC country with RMP/RMP update approved in accordance to Decision 41/48
Chile	A7	2006	828.7	181.8				0%	0%	46%	Yes	Yes	Non-LVC country that might require further assistance to achieve 2005, 2007 and/or 2010 phase-out targets (Country with an approved RMP in accordance to Decision 41/48)
China	A7	2005	57,818.7	13,123.8				0%	0%	51%	Yes	Yes	Non-LVC country with an approved terminal CFC phase-out plan
Colombia	CP	2006	2,208.2	661.7				0%	0%	100%	Yes	Yes	Non-LVC country with an approved terminal CFC phase-out plan
Comoros	A7	2005	2.5	0.9				0%	0%	140%	Yes		LVC country with RMP/RMP update approved in accordance to Decision 41/48
Congo	A7	2005	11.9	3.7				0%	0%	107%	Yes	Yes	LVC country with RMP/RMP update approved in accordance to Decision 41/48
Cook Islands	CP	2006	1.7	0.0				0%	0%	0%	Yes		LVC country with total CFC phase-out plan
Costa Rica	A7	2006	250.2	55.7				0%	0%	48%	Yes	Yes	LVC country with RMP/RMP update approved in accordance to Decision 41/48
Cote d'Ivoire	A7	2005	294.2	70.1				0%	0%	59%	Yes	Yes	LVC country with RMP prior to Decision 31/48
Croatia	A7	2005	219.3	43.5				0%	0%	32%	Yes		LVC country with total CFC phase-out plan
Cuba	CP	2006	625.1	239.5				0%	0%	155%	Yes	Yes	Non-LVC country with an approved terminal CFC phase-out plan
Democratic People's Republic of Korea	A7	2005	441.7	91.8				0%	0%	39%	Yes	Yes	Non-LVC country with an approved terminal CFC phase-out plan
Democratic Republic of the Congo	A7	2006	665.7	170.7				0%	0%	71%	Yes	Yes	Non-LVC country with an approved terminal CFC phase-out plan

Country	Source	Year of Latest Consumption	Baseline	Latest Consumption	Compliance Decision	2005 Action Plan Target	2006 Action Plan Target	Percentage Over Freeze	Percentage Over 50% Reduction	Percentage Over 85% Reduction	Ongoing Phase-Out (As of July 2007)	Phase-Out in 2007 Business Plans	Remarks
Djibouti	A7	2005	21.0	7.1				0%	0%	125%	Yes	Yes	LVC country with RMP/RMP update approved in accordance to Decision 41/48
Dominica	A7	2006	1.5	0.5	Decision XVIII/22		0.5	0%	0%	122%	No	Yes	LVC country with total CFC phase-out plan
Dominican Republic	A7	2005	539.8	204.3				0%	0%	152%	Yes	Yes	Non-LVC country with an approved terminal CFC phase-out plan
Ecuador	A7	2006	301.4	63.0				0%	0%	39%	Yes	Yes	LVC country with total CFC phase-out plan
Egypt	A7	2006	1,668.0	593.6				0%	0%	137%	Yes	Yes	Non-LVC country with an approved terminal CFC phase-out plan
El Salvador	A7	2006	306.6	0.0				0%	0%	0%	Yes	Yes	LVC country with RMP/RMP update approved in accordance to Decision 41/48
Equatorial Guinea	NDR	NDR	NDR	NDR							No		LVC country with no RMP
Eritrea	A7	2005	41.1	30.2				0%	47%	390%	No	Yes	LVC country with no RMP
Ethiopia	A7	2005	33.8	15.0	Decision XIV/34	17.0		0%	0%	196%	Yes		LVC country with RMP/RMP update approved in accordance to Decision 41/48
Fiji	CP	2006	33.4	0.0				0%	0%	0%	Yes		LVC country with total CFC phase-out plan
Gabon	A7	2006	10.3	1.2				0%	0%	0%	Yes	Yes	LVC country with RMP/RMP update approved in accordance to Decision 41/48
Gambia	A7	2005	23.8	0.7				0%	0%	0%	Yes	Yes	LVC country with RMP/RMP update approved in accordance to Decision 41/48
Georgia	A7	2005	22.5	8.2				0%	0%	143%	Yes	Yes	LVC country with total CFC phase-out plan
Ghana	A7	2006	35.8	13.1				0%	0%	144%	Yes	Yes	LVC country with total CFC phase-out plan
Grenada	A7	2006	6.0	0.0				0%	0%	0%	Yes	Yes	LVC country with total CFC phase-out plan
Guatemala	A7	2006	224.6	12.7	Decision XV/34	85.0	50.0	0%	0%	0%	Yes	Yes	LVC country with RMP/RMP update approved in accordance to Decision 41/48
Guinea	A7	2005	42.4	9.3				0%	0%	46%	Yes	Yes	LVC country with RMP/RMP update approved in accordance to Decision 41/48
Guinea Bissau	A7	2005	26.3	12.5	Decision XVI/24	13.1	13.1	0%	0%	217%	Yes		LVC country with RMP/RMP update approved in accordance to Decision 41/48
Guyana	A7	2006	53.2	8.8				0%	0%	10%	Yes	Yes	LVC country with RMP/RMP update approved in accordance to Decision 41/48
Haiti	A7	2006	169.0	50.4				0%	0%	99%	Yes		LVC country with RMP/RMP update approved in accordance to Decision 41/48
Honduras	CP	2006	331.6	99.7				0%	0%	100%	Yes	Yes	LVC country with RMP/RMP update approved in accordance to Decision 41/48
India	A7	2005	6,681.0	1,957.8				0%	0%	95%	Yes	Yes	Non-LVC country with an approved terminal CFC phase-out plan
Indonesia	A7	2005	8,332.7	2,385.3				0%	0%	91%	Yes	Yes	Non-LVC country with an approved terminal CFC phase-out plan

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Country	Source	Year of Latest Consumption	Baseline	Latest Consumption	Compliance Decision	2005 Action Plan Target	2006 Action Plan Target	Percentage Over Freeze	Percentage Over 50% Reduction	Percentage Over 85% Reduction	Ongoing Phase-Out (As of July 2007)	Phase-Out in 2007 Business Plans	Remarks
Iran (Islamic Republic of)	A7	2005	4,571.7	2,221.0				0%	0%	224%	Yes	Yes	Non-LVC country with an approved terminal CFC phase-out plan
Jamaica	A7	2006	93.2	0.0				0%	0%	0%	No		LVC country with total CFC phase-out plan
Jordan	A7	2006	673.3	21.8				0%	0%	0%	Yes	Yes	Non-LVC country with an approved terminal CFC phase-out plan
Kenya	A7	2006	239.5	57.7	Decision XVIII/28		60.0	0%	0%	61%	Yes	Yes	LVC country with total CFC phase-out plan
Kiribati	A7	2005	0.7	0.0				0%	0%	0%	Yes		LVC country with total CFC phase-out plan
Kuwait	A7	2006	480.4	106.8				0%	0%	48%	No	Yes	LVC country with RMP/RMP update approved in accordance to Decision 41/48
Kyrgyzstan	A7	2006	72.8	5.3				0%	0%	0%	Yes	Yes	LVC country with total CFC phase-out plan
Lao People's Democratic Republic	A7	2005	43.3	19.5				0%	0%	200%	Yes		LVC country with RMP/RMP update approved in accordance to Decision 41/48
Lebanon	A7	2005	725.5	287.3				0%	0%	164%	Yes	Yes	Non-LVC country with an approved terminal CFC phase-out plan
Lesotho	A7	2005	5.1	0.0				0%	0%	0%	Yes		LVC country with total CFC phase-out plan
Liberia	CP	2006	56.1	5.0				0%	0%	0%	Yes	Yes	LVC country with RMP/RMP update approved in accordance to Decision 41/48
Libyan Arab Jamahiriya	A7	2005	716.7	252.0	Decision XV/36	303.0		0%	0%	134%	Yes	Yes	Non-LVC country with an approved terminal CFC phase-out plan
Madagascar	A7	2006	47.9	2.3				0%	0%	0%	Yes		LVC country with RMP/RMP update approved in accordance to Decision 41/48
Malawi	A7	2006	57.7	3.6				0%	0%	0%	Yes		LVC country with RMP/RMP update approved in accordance to Decision 41/48
Malaysia	A7	2005	3,271.1	668.3				0%	0%	36%	Yes	Yes	Non-LVC country with an approved terminal CFC phase-out plan
Maldives	A7	2005	4.6	0.0	Decision XV/37	0.0	2.3	0%	0%	0%	Yes	Yes	LVC country with RMP/RMP update approved in accordance to Decision 41/48
Mali	A7	2005	108.1	25.0				0%	0%	54%	Yes	Yes	LVC country with RMP/RMP update approved in accordance to Decision 41/48
Marshall Islands	A7	2006	1.2	0.0				0%	0%	0%	Yes		LVC country with total CFC phase-out plan
Mauritania	A7	2005	15.7	6.1				0%	0%	159%	Yes	Yes	LVC country with RMP/RMP update approved in accordance to Decision 41/48
Mauritius	A7	2006	29.1	1.0				0%	0%	0%	Yes		LVC country with total CFC phase-out plan
Mexico	A7	2006	4,624.9	-441.3				0%	0%	0%	Yes	Yes	Non-LVC country with an approved terminal CFC phase-out plan
Micronesia (Federated States of)	A7	2005	1.2	0.4	Decision XVII/32	1.4	0.0	0%	0%	122%	Yes		LVC country with total CFC phase-out plan
Mongolia	A7	2006	10.6	2.2				0%	0%	38%	Yes	Yes	LVC country with total CFC phase-out plan
Montenegro	NDR	NDR	NDR	NDR							No		LVC country with no RMP

Country	Source	Year of Latest Consumption	Baseline	Latest Consumption	Compliance Decision	2005 Action Plan Target	2006 Action Plan Target	Percentage Over Freeze	Percentage Over 50% Reduction	Percentage Over 85% Reduction	Ongoing Phase-Out (As of July 2007)	Phase-Out in 2007 Business Plans	Remarks
Morocco	A7	2006	802.3	40.0				0%	0%	0%	Yes	Yes	Non-LVC country with an approved terminal CFC phase-out plan
Mozambique	A7	2005	18.2	1.2				0%	0%	0%	Yes		LVC country with RMP/RMP update approved in accordance to Decision 41/48
Myanmar	A7	2005	54.3	14.8				0%	0%	82%	Yes		LVC country with RMP/RMP update approved in accordance to Decision 41/48
Namibia	A7	2006	21.9	0.0	Decision XV/38	10.0	9.0	0%	0%	0%	Yes		LVC country with total CFC phase-out plan
Nauru	A7	2005	0.5	0.0				0%	0%	0%	Yes		LVC country with total CFC phase-out plan
Nepal	CP	2006	27.0	0.0	Decision XVI/27	13.5	13.5	0%	0%	0%	Yes	Yes	LVC country with RMP/RMP update approved in accordance to Decision 41/48
Nicaragua	CP	2006	82.8	27.6				0%	0%	122%	Yes	Yes	LVC country with RMP/RMP update approved in accordance to Decision 41/48
Niger	A7	2005	32.0	15.1				0%	0%	215%	Yes	Yes	LVC country with RMP/RMP update approved in accordance to Decision 41/48
Nigeria	A7	2005	3,650.0	466.1	Decision XIV/30	1,800.0	1,100.0	0%	0%	0%	Yes	Yes	Non-LVC country with an approved terminal CFC phase-out plan
Niue	A7	2005	0.0	0.0				0%	0%	0%	No		LVC country with total CFC phase-out plan
Oman	A7	2006	248.4	25.8				0%	0%	0%	Yes	Yes	LVC country with RMP/RMP update approved in accordance to Decision 41/48
Pakistan	A7	2005	1,679.4	453.0				0%	0%	80%	Yes	Yes	Non-LVC country with an approved terminal CFC phase-out plan
Palau	CP	2006	1.6	0.9				0%	14%	281%	Yes		LVC country with total CFC phase-out plan
Panama	A7	2005	384.2	92.8				0%	0%	61%	Yes	Yes	Non-LVC country with an approved terminal CFC phase-out plan
Papua New Guinea	A7	2006	36.3	3.1	Decision XV/40	17.0	8.0	0%	0%	0%	Yes		LVC country with total CFC phase-out plan
Paraguay	A7	2005	210.6	250.7				19%	138%	694%	Yes	Yes	LVC country with total CFC phase-out plan
Peru	A7	2005	289.5	127.7				0%	0%	194%	Yes	Yes	LVC country with RMP/RMP update approved in accordance to Decision 41/48
Philippines	A7	2005	3,055.9	1,014.2				0%	0%	121%	Yes	Yes	Non-LVC country with an approved terminal CFC phase-out plan
Qatar	A7	2005	101.4	37.0				0%	0%	143%	Yes	Yes	LVC country with RMP/RMP update approved in accordance to Decision 41/48
Republic of Korea	A7	2005	9,159.8	2,730.0				0%	0%	99%	No		
Republic of Moldova	A7	2006	73.3	12.0				0%	0%	9%	Yes	Yes	LVC country with RMP/RMP update approved in accordance to Decision 41/48
Romania	A7	2005	675.8	180.2				0%	0%	78%	Yes	Yes	Non-LVC country with an approved terminal

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Country	Source	Year of Latest Consumption	Baseline	Latest Consumption	Compliance Decision	2005 Action Plan Target	2006 Action Plan Target	Percentage Over Freeze	Percentage Over 50% Reduction	Percentage Over 85% Reduction	Ongoing Phase-Out (As of July 2007)	Phase-Out in 2007 Business Plans	Remarks
													CFC phase-out plan
Rwanda	A7	2005	30.4	12.3				0%	0%	170%	Yes	Yes	LVC country with RMP/RMP update approved in accordance to Decision 41/48
Saint Kitts and Nevis	A7	2006	3.7	0.6				0%	0%	8%	No	Yes	LVC country with total CFC phase-out plan
Saint Lucia	A7	2006	8.3	0.8				0%	0%	0%	Yes		LVC country with RMP/RMP update approved in accordance to Decision 41/48
Saint Vincent and the Grenadines	A7	2006	1.8	0.5	Decision XVI/30	1.4	0.8	0%	0%	85%	Yes	Yes	LVC country with total CFC phase-out plan
Samoa	A7	2006	4.5	0.0				0%	0%	0%	No		LVC country with RMP/RMP update approved in accordance to Decision 41/48
Sao Tome and Principe	A7	2005	4.7	2.3				0%	0%	226%	Yes		LVC country with RMP/RMP update approved in accordance to Decision 41/48
Saudi Arabia	A7	2005	1,798.5	878.5				0%	0%	226%	No	Yes	Non-LVC country that might require further assistance to achieve 2005, 2007 and/or 2010 phase-out targets
Senegal	A7	2005	155.8	30.0				0%	0%	28%	No	Yes	LVC country with RMP/RMP update approved in accordance to Decision 41/48
Serbia	A7	2006	849.2	233.8				0%	0%	84%	Yes	Yes	Non-LVC country with an approved terminal CFC phase-out plan
Seychelles	A7	2006	2.8	0.0				0%	0%	0%	No		LVC country with total CFC phase-out plan
Sierra Leone	A7	2005	78.6	26.2				0%	0%	122%	Yes	Yes	LVC country with RMP/RMP update approved in accordance to Decision 41/48
Singapore	A7	2005	210.5	-0.7				0%	0%	0%	No		
Solomon Islands	A7	2005	2.0	0.9				0%	0%	200%	Yes		LVC country with total CFC phase-out plan
Somalia	A7	2006	241.4	84.6				0%	0%	134%	No		LVC country with no RMP
South Africa	A7	2005	592.6	30.0				0%	0%	0%	No		
Sri Lanka	A7	2006	445.6	135.0				0%	0%	102%	Yes		Non-LVC country with an approved terminal CFC phase-out plan
Sudan	CP	2006	456.8	120.0				0%	0%	75%	Yes	Yes	Non-LVC country with an approved terminal CFC phase-out plan
Suriname	A7	2006	41.3	0.1				0%	0%	0%	Yes	Yes	LVC country with RMP/RMP update approved in accordance to Decision 41/48
Swaziland	A7	2006	24.6	0.2				0%	0%	0%	Yes	Yes	LVC country with RMP/RMP update approved in accordance to Decision 41/48
Syrian Arab Republic	CP	2006	2,224.6	541.2				0%	0%	62%	Yes		Non-LVC country with an approved terminal CFC phase-out plan
Thailand	CP	2006	6,082.1	453.7				0%	0%	0%	No	Yes	Non-LVC country with an approved terminal CFC phase-out plan
The Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia	A7	2006	519.7	7.0				0%	0%	0%	Yes	Yes	Non-LVC country with an approved terminal CFC phase-out plan

Country	Source	Year of Latest Consumption	Baseline	Latest Consumption	Compliance Decision	2005 Action Plan Target	2006 Action Plan Target	Percentage Over Freeze	Percentage Over 50% Reduction	Percentage Over 85% Reduction	Ongoing Phase-Out (As of July 2007)	Phase-Out in 2007 Business Plans	Remarks
Togo	A7	2005	39.8	18.6				0%	0%	212%	Yes	Yes	LVC country with RMP/RMP update approved in accordance to Decision 41/48
Tonga	A7	2005	1.3	0.0				0%	0%	0%	Yes		LVC country with total CFC phase-out plan
Trinidad and Tobago	A7	2006	120.0	2.9				0%	0%	0%	Yes		LVC country with total CFC phase-out plan
Tunisia	CP	2006	870.1	59.0				0%	0%	0%	Yes		Non-LVC country with an approved terminal CFC phase-out plan
Turkey	A7	2006	3,805.7	0.2				0%	0%	0%	No		Non-LVC country with an approved terminal CFC phase-out plan
Turkmenistan	A7	2006	37.3	16.8				0%	0%	200%	No		LVC country with total CFC phase-out plan. (Phase-Out Plan funded through the GEF when country was a non-Article 5 Party)
Tuvalu	A7	2005	0.3	0.0				0%	0%	0%	Yes		LVC country with total CFC phase-out plan
Uganda	A7	2005	12.8	0.2				0%	0%	0%	Yes		LVC country with RMP/RMP update approved in accordance to Decision 41/48
United Arab Emirates	A7	2005	529.3	264.6				0%	0%	233%	No		
United Republic of Tanzania	A7	2006	253.9	54.0				0%	0%	42%	Yes	Yes	LVC country with RMP/RMP update approved in accordance to Decision 41/48
Uruguay	CP	2006	199.1	81.9				0%	0%	174%	Yes	Yes	LVC country with total CFC phase-out plan
Vanuatu	A7	2005	0.0	0.0				0%	0%	0%	No		LVC country with total CFC phase-out plan
Venezuela (Bolivarian Republic of)	A7	2005	3,322.4	1,841.8				0%	11%	270%	Yes	Yes	Non-LVC country with an approved terminal CFC phase-out plan
Viet Nam	CP	2006	500.0	148.7				0%	0%	98%	Yes		Non-LVC country with an approved terminal CFC phase-out plan
Yemen	A7	2005	1,796.1	710.5				0%	0%	164%	Yes	Yes	Non-LVC country that might require further assistance to achieve 2005, 2007 and/or 2010 phase-out targets (Country with an approved RMP in accordance to Decision 41/48)
Zambia	A7	2006	27.4	6.6				0%	0%	61%	Yes		LVC country with RMP/RMP update approved in accordance to Decision 41/48
Zimbabwe	A7	2006	451.4	63.0				0%	0%	0%	Yes	Yes	Non-LVC country with an approved terminal CFC phase-out plan

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Country	Source	Year of Latest Consumption	Baseline	Latest Consumption	Compliance Decision	2005 Action Plan Target	2006 Action Plan Target	Percentage Over Freeze	Percentage Over 50% Reduction	Ongoing Phase-Out (As of July 2007)	Phase-Out in 2007 Business Plans	Remarks
Afghanistan	A7	2005	1.9	0.0				0%	0%	No		Country with a halon baseline that might need assistance to achieve the 2010 phase-out target
Albania	CP	2006	0.0	0.0				0%	0%	No		
Algeria	A7	2006	237.3	80.0				0%	0%	Yes		Country with approved halon banking and/or halon phase-out project
Angola	CP	2006	0.0	0.0				0%	0%	No		
Antigua and Barbuda	A7	2006	0.3	0.0				0%	0%	No		Country with a halon baseline and no current consumption
Argentina	CP	2006	167.8	0.0				0%	0%	Yes		Country with approved halon banking and/or halon phase-out project
Armenia	A7	2006	0.0	0.0				0%	0%	No		
Bahamas	CP	2006	0.0	0.0				0%	0%	No		Country with approved halon banking and/or halon phase-out project
Bahrain	A7	2005	38.9	0.0				0%	0%	No		Country with approved halon banking and/or halon phase-out project
Bangladesh	A7	2005	0.0	0.0				0%	0%	No		
Barbados	A7	2006	0.0	0.0				0%	0%	No		Country with approved halon banking and/or halon phase-out project
Belize	A7	2006	0.0	0.0				0%	0%	No		
Benin	A7	2005	3.9	0.0				0%	0%	No		Country with approved halon banking and/or halon phase-out project
Bhutan	CP	2006	0.3	0.0				0%	0%	No		Country with a halon baseline and no current consumption
Bolivia	A7	2005	0.0	0.0				0%	0%	No		
Bosnia and Herzegovina	CP	2006	4.1	0.0				0%	0%	Yes		Country with approved halon banking and/or halon phase-out project
Botswana	A7	2005	5.2	0.3				0%	0%	No		Country with approved halon banking and/or halon phase-out project
Brazil	A7	2006	21.3	0.0				0%	0%	No		Country with approved halon banking and/or halon phase-out project
Brunei Darussalam	A7	2005	0.0	0.0				0%	0%	No		
Burkina Faso	A7	2006	5.3	0.0				0%	0%	No		Country with approved halon banking and/or halon phase-out project
Burundi	A7	2005	0.0	0.0				0%	0%	No		
Cambodia	CP	2006	0.0	0.0				0%	0%	No		

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Country	Source	Year of Latest Consumption	Baseline	Latest Consumption	Compliance Decision	2005 Action Plan Target	2006 Action Plan Target	Percentage Over Freeze	Percentage Over 50% Reduction	Ongoing Phase-Out (As of July 2007)	Phase-Out in 2007 Business Plans	Remarks
Cameroon	A7	2005	2.4	1.2	Decision XV/32			0%	0%	No		Country with approved halon banking and/or halon phase-out project
Cape Verde	A7	2005	0.0	0.0				0%	0%	No		
Central African Republic	A7	2005	0.0	0.0				0%	0%	No		
Chad	A7	2005	0.0	0.0				0%	0%	No		
Chile	A7	2006	8.5	0.0				0%	0%	Yes		Country with approved halon banking and/or halon phase-out project
China	A7	2005	34,186.7	4,516.5				0%	0%	Yes	Yes	Country with approved halon banking and/or halon phase-out project
Colombia	CP	2006	187.7	0.0				0%	0%	Yes		Country with approved halon banking and/or halon phase-out project
Comoros	A7	2005	0.0	0.0				0%	0%	No		
Congo	A7	2005	5.0	0.0				0%	0%	No		Country with approved halon banking and/or halon phase-out project
Cook Islands	CP	2006	0.0	0.0				0%	0%	No		
Costa Rica	A7	2006	0.0	0.0				0%	0%	No		
Cote d'Ivoire	A7	2005	0.0	0.0				0%	0%	No		
Croatia	A7	2005	30.1	0.0				0%	0%	Yes		Country with approved halon banking and/or halon phase-out project
Cuba	CP	2006	0.0	0.0				0%	0%	No		
Democratic People's Republic of Korea	A7	2005	0.0	0.0				0%	0%	No		
Democratic Republic of the Congo	A7	2006	218.7	6.8				0%	0%	No		Country with approved halon banking and/or halon phase-out project
Djibouti	A7	2005	0.0	0.0				0%	0%	No		
Dominica	A7	2006	0.0	0.0				0%	0%	No		
Dominican Republic	A7	2005	4.2	0.0				0%	0%	Yes		Country with approved halon banking and/or halon phase-out project
Ecuador	A7	2006	5.5	0.0				0%	0%	No		Country with a halon baseline and no current consumption
Egypt	A7	2006	705.0	44.0				0%	0%	Yes		Country with approved halon banking and/or halon phase-out project
El Salvador	A7	2006	0.7	0.0				0%	0%	No		Country with a halon baseline and no current consumption
Equatorial Guinea	NDR	NDR	NDR	NDR						No		
Eritrea	A7	2005	2.3	0.3				0%	0%	No		Country with a halon baseline that might need assistance to achieve the 2010 phase-out target

Country	Source	Year of Latest Consumption	Baseline	Latest Consumption	Compliance Decision	2005 Action Plan Target	2006 Action Plan Target	Percentage Over Freeze	Percentage Over 50% Reduction	Ongoing Phase-Out (As of July 2007)	Phase-Out in 2007 Business Plans	Remarks
Ethiopia	A7	2005	1.1	0.4				0%	0%	No		Country with approved halon banking and/or halon phase-out project
Fiji	CP	2006	0.0	-3.3				0%	0%	No		
Gabon	A7	2006	0.0	0.0				0%	0%	No		
Gambia	A7	2005	0.0	0.0				0%	0%	No		
Georgia	A7	2005	42.5	16.5				0%	0%	Yes		Country with approved halon banking and/or halon phase-out project
Ghana	A7	2006	0.0	0.0				0%	0%	No		
Grenada	A7	2006	0.0	0.0				0%	0%	No		Country with approved halon banking and/or halon phase-out project
Guatemala	A7	2006	0.2	0.0				0%	0%	No		Country with a halon baseline and no current consumption
Guinea	A7	2005	8.6	0.0				0%	0%	No		Country with approved halon banking and/or halon phase-out project
Guinea Bissau	A7	2005	0.0	0.0				0%	0%	No		
Guyana	A7	2006	0.2	0.0				0%	0%	No		Country with approved halon banking and/or halon phase-out project
Haiti	A7	2006	1.5	0.0				0%	0%	Yes		Country with approved halon banking and/or halon phase-out project
Honduras	CP	2006	0.0	0.0				0%	0%	No		
India	A7	2005	1,249.4	0.0				0%	0%	Yes		Country with approved halon banking and/or halon phase-out project
Indonesia	A7	2005	354.0	0.0				0%	0%	Yes		Country with approved halon banking and/or halon phase-out project
Iran (Islamic Republic of)	A7	2005	1,420.0	0.0				0%	0%	No		Country with approved halon banking and/or halon phase-out project
Jamaica	A7	2006	1.0	0.0				0%	0%	No		Country with approved halon banking and/or halon phase-out project
Jordan	A7	2006	210.0	36.0				0%	0%	Yes		Country with approved halon banking and/or halon phase-out project
Kenya	A7	2006	5.3	0.0				0%	0%	No		Country with approved halon banking and/or halon phase-out project
Kiribati	A7	2005	0.0	0.0				0%	0%	No		
Kuwait	A7	2006	3.0	0.0				0%	0%	No		Country with a halon baseline and no current consumption
Kyrgyzstan	A7	2006	0.0	0.0	Decision XVII/36	2.40	1.20	0%	0%	Yes		Country with approved halon banking and/or halon phase-out project

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Country	Source	Year of Latest Consumption	Baseline	Latest Consumption	Compliance Decision	2005 Action Plan Target	2006 Action Plan Target	Percentage Over Freeze	Percentage Over 50% Reduction	Ongoing Phase-Out (As of July 2007)	Phase-Out in 2007 Business Plans	Remarks
Lao People's Democratic Republic	A7	2005	0.0	0.0				0%	0%	No		
Lebanon	A7	2005	0.0	0.0				0%	0%	No		Country with approved halon banking and/or halon phase-out project
Lesotho	A7	2005	0.2	0.0	Decision XVI/25	0.20	0.10	0%	0%	No		Country with approved halon banking and/or halon phase-out project
Liberia	CP	2006	19.5	0.0				0%	0%	No		Country with a halon baseline and no current consumption
Libyan Arab Jamahiriya	A7	2005	633.1	714.5	Decision XVII/37	714.50	653.91	13%	126%	Yes		Country with approved halon banking and/or halon phase-out project
Madagascar	A7	2006	0.0	0.0				0%	0%	No		
Malawi	A7	2006	0.0	0.0				0%	0%	No		
Malaysia	A7	2005	8.0	0.0				0%	0%	No		Country with approved halon banking and/or halon phase-out project
Maldives	A7	2005	0.0	0.0				0%	0%	No		
Mali	A7	2005	0.0	0.0				0%	0%	No		
Marshall Islands	A7	2006	0.0	0.0				0%	0%	No		
Mauritania	A7	2005	0.0	0.0				0%	0%	No		
Mauritius	A7	2006	0.0	0.0				0%	0%	No		
Mexico	A7	2006	124.6	51.6				0%	0%	Yes		Country with approved halon banking and/or halon phase-out project
Micronesia (Federated States of)	A7	2005	0.0	0.0				0%	0%	No		
Mongolia	A7	2006	0.0	0.0				0%	0%	No		
Montenegro	NDR	NDR	NDR	NDR						No		
Morocco	A7	2006	7.0	0.0				0%	0%	No	Yes	Country with a halon baseline and no current consumption
Mozambique	A7	2005	0.9	0.0				0%	0%	No		Country with a halon baseline and no current consumption
Myanmar	A7	2005	0.0	0.0				0%	0%	No		
Namibia	A7	2006	8.3	0.0				0%	0%	No		Country with approved halon banking and/or halon phase-out project
Nauru	A7	2005	0.0	0.0				0%	0%	No		
Nepal	CP	2006	2.0	0.0				0%	0%	No		Country with a halon baseline and no current consumption
Nicaragua	CP	2006	0.0	0.0				0%	0%	No		
Niger	A7	2005	0.0	0.0				0%	0%	No		
Nigeria	A7	2005	285.3	0.0				0%	0%	Yes		Country with approved halon banking and/or halon phase-out project

Country	Source	Year of Latest Consumption	Baseline	Latest Consumption	Compliance Decision	2005 Action Plan Target	2006 Action Plan Target	Percentage Over Freeze	Percentage Over 50% Reduction	Ongoing Phase-Out (As of July 2007)	Phase-Out in 2007 Business Plans	Remarks
Niue	A7	2005	0.0	0.0				0%	0%	No		
Oman	A7	2006	13.7	0.0				0%	0%	Yes		Country with approved halon banking and/or halon phase-out project
Pakistan	A7	2005	14.2	0.0	Decision XVI/29	7.10		0%	0%	Yes		Country with approved halon banking and/or halon phase-out project
Palau	CP	2006	0.0	0.0				0%	0%	No		
Panama	A7	2005	0.0	0.0				0%	0%	No		
Papua New Guinea	A7	2006	0.0	0.0				0%	0%	No		
Paraguay	A7	2005	0.0	0.0				0%	0%	No		
Peru	A7	2005	0.0	0.0				0%	0%	No		
Philippines	A7	2005	103.9	0.0				0%	0%	No		Country with approved halon banking and/or halon phase-out project
Qatar	A7	2005	10.7	0.0				0%	0%	No		Country with approved halon banking and/or halon phase-out project
Republic of Korea	A7	2005	3,678.0	855.0				0%	0%	No		
Republic of Moldova	A7	2006	0.4	0.0				0%	0%	No		Country with a halon baseline and no current consumption
Romania	A7	2005	3.5	0.0				0%	0%	Yes		Country with approved halon banking and/or halon phase-out project
Rwanda	A7	2005	0.0	0.0				0%	0%	No		
Saint Kitts and Nevis	A7	2006	0.0	0.0				0%	0%	No		
Saint Lucia	A7	2006	0.0	0.0				0%	0%	No		
Saint Vincent and the Grenadines	A7	2006	0.0	0.0				0%	0%	No		
Samoa	A7	2006	0.0	0.0				0%	0%	No		
Sao Tome and Principe	A7	2005	0.0	0.0				0%	0%	No		
Saudi Arabia	A7	2005	1,064.0	0.0				0%	0%	No		
Senegal	A7	2005	0.0	0.0				0%	0%	No		
Serbia	A7	2006	3.8	0.0				0%	0%	No		Country with approved halon banking and/or halon phase-out project
Seychelles	A7	2006	0.0	0.0				0%	0%	No		
Sierra Leone	A7	2005	16.0	0.0				0%	0%	No		Country with approved halon banking and/or halon phase-out project
Singapore	A7	2005	0.0	0.0				0%	0%	No		
Solomon Islands	A7	2005	0.0	0.0				0%	0%	No		
Somalia	A7	2006	17.7	18.8				6%	112%	No		Country with a halon baseline that might need assistance to achieve the 2010 phase-out target
South Africa	A7	2005	0.0	0.0				0%	0%	No		

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Country	Source	Year of Latest Consumption	Baseline	Latest Consumption	Compliance Decision	2005 Action Plan Target	2006 Action Plan Target	Percentage Over Freeze	Percentage Over 50% Reduction	Ongoing Phase-Out (As of July 2007)	Phase-Out in 2007 Business Plans	Remarks
Sri Lanka	A7	2006	0.0	0.0				0%	0%	No		
Sudan	CP	2006	2.0	0.0				0%	0%	No		Country with a halon baseline and no current consumption
Suriname	A7	2006	0.0	0.0				0%	0%	No		
Swaziland	A7	2006	0.0	0.0				0%	0%	No		
Syrian Arab Republic	CP	2006	416.9	56.0				0%	0%	No		Country with approved halon banking and/or halon phase-out project
Thailand	CP	2006	271.7	0.0				0%	0%	Yes		Country with approved halon banking and/or halon phase-out project
The Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia	A7	2006	32.1	0.0				0%	0%	No		Country with approved halon banking and/or halon phase-out project
Togo	A7	2005	0.0	0.0				0%	0%	No		
Tonga	A7	2005	0.0	0.0				0%	0%	No		
Trinidad and Tobago	A7	2006	46.6	0.0				0%	0%	No		Country with approved halon banking and/or halon phase-out project
Tunisia	CP	2006	104.3	0.0				0%	0%	No		Country with approved halon banking and/or halon phase-out project
Turkey	A7	2006	141.0	30.0				0%	0%	Yes		Country with approved halon banking and/or halon phase-out project
Turkmenistan	A7	2006	0.0	0.0				0%	0%	No		
Tuvalu	A7	2005	0.0	0.0				0%	0%	No		
Uganda	A7	2005	0.0	0.0				0%	0%	No		
United Arab Emirates	A7	2005	75.4	25.0				0%	0%	No		
United Republic of Tanzania	A7	2006	0.3	0.0				0%	0%	No		Country with approved halon banking and/or halon phase-out project
Uruguay	CP	2006	0.0	0.0				0%	0%	No		
Vanuatu	A7	2005	0.0	0.0				0%	0%	No		
Venezuela (Bolivarian Republic of)	A7	2005	0.0	0.0				0%	0%	No		
Viet Nam	CP	2006	37.1	0.0				0%	0%	No		Country with approved halon banking and/or halon phase-out project
Yemen	A7	2005	140.0	0.3				0%	0%	No		Country with approved halon banking and/or halon phase-out project
Zambia	A7	2006	0.0	0.0				0%	0%	No		
Zimbabwe	A7	2006	1.5	0.0				0%	0%	No		Country with approved halon banking and/or halon phase-out project

Appendix III

METHYL BROMIDE ANALYSIS

Country	Source	Year of Latest Consumption	Baseline	Latest Consumption	Compliance Decision	2005 Action Plan Target	2006 Action Plan Target	Percentage Over Freeze	Percentage Over 20% Reduction	Ongoing Phase-Out (As of July 2007)	Phase-Out in 2007 Business Plans	Remarks	Ratified Copenhagen Amendment
Afghanistan	A7	2005	0.0	0.0				0%	0%	No			Yes
Albania	CP	2006	0.0	0.0				0%	0%	No			Yes
Algeria	A7	2006	4.7	3.6				0%	0%	Yes		Country with approved projects that would as a minimum enable compliance with the 2005 phase-out target	Yes
Angola	CP	2006	NDR	0.0						No			No
Antigua and Barbuda	A7	2006	0.0	0.0				0%	0%	No			Yes
Argentina	CP	2006	411.3	270.9				0%	0%	Yes		Country with approved projects that would as a minimum enable compliance with the 2005 phase-out target	Yes
Armenia	A7	2006	0.0	0.0	Decision XVIII/20			0%	0%	No			Yes
Bahamas	CP	2006	0.1	0.0				0%	0%	No		Country that might need assistance to achieve the 2005 phase-out target	Yes
Bahrain	A7	2005	0.0	0.0				0%	0%	No			Yes
Bangladesh	A7	2005	0.0	0.0				0%	0%	No			Yes
Barbados	A7	2006	0.1	0.0				0%	0%	No		Country that might need assistance to achieve the 2005 phase-out target	Yes
Belize	A7	2006	0.0	0.0				0%	0%	No			Yes
Benin	A7	2005	0.0	0.0				0%	0%	No			Yes
Bhutan	CP	2006	0.0	0.0				0%	0%	No			Yes
Bolivia	A7	2005	0.6	0.0				0%	0%	No		Country with approved projects for complete phase-out of MB	Yes
Bosnia and Herzegovina	CP	2006	3.5	0.0	Decision XV/30	5.61	5.61	0%	0%	No		Country with approved projects for complete phase-out of MB	Yes
Botswana	A7	2005	0.1	0.0	Decision XV/31	0.00		0%	0%	No		Country with approved projects for complete phase-out of MB	Yes
Brazil	A7	2006	711.6	76.8				0%	0%	Yes		Country with approved projects for complete phase-out of MB	Yes
Brunei Darussalam	A7	2005	0.0	0.0				0%	0%	No			No
Burkina Faso	A7	2006	0.0	0.0				0%	0%	No			Yes
Burundi	A7	2005	0.0	0.0				0%	0%	No			Yes
Cambodia	CP	2006	0.0	0.0				0%	0%	No		Country with approved projects for complete phase-out of MB	Yes

Country	Source	Year of Latest Consumption	Baseline	Latest Consumption	Compliance Decision	2005 Action Plan Target	2006 Action Plan Target	Percentage Over Freeze	Percentage Over 20% Reduction	Ongoing Phase-Out (As of July 2007)	Phase-Out in 2007 Business Plans	Remarks	Ratified Copenhagen Amendment
Cameroon	A7	2005	18.1	9.7				0%	0%	No	Yes	Country with approved projects for complete phase-out of MB	Yes
Cape Verde	A7	2005	0.0	0.0				0%	0%	No			Yes
Central African Republic	A7	2005	0.0	0.0				0%	0%	No			No
Chad	A7	2005	0.0	0.0				0%	0%	No			Yes
Chile	A7	2006	212.5	169.3	Decision XVII/29	170.00		0%	0%	Yes		Country with approved projects that would as a minimum enable compliance with the 2005 phase-out target	Yes
China	A7	2005	1,102.1	540.3				0%	0%	Yes	Yes	Country with approved projects for complete phase-out of MB (Possible additional funding for 100 ODP tonnes of MB used as a soil fumigant in ginseng crop).	Yes
Colombia	CP	2006	110.1	0.0				0%	0%	No			Yes
Comoros	A7	2005	0.0	0.0				0%	0%	No			Yes
Congo	A7	2005	0.9	0.0				0%	0%	No		Country with approved projects that would as a minimum enable compliance with the 2005 phase-out target	Yes
Cook Islands	CP	2006	0.0	0.0				0%	0%	No			Yes
Costa Rica	A7	2006	342.5	251.3				0%	0%	Yes		Country with approved projects for complete phase-out of MB	Yes
Cote d'Ivoire	A7	2005	8.1	0.0				0%	0%	Yes		Country with approved projects for complete phase-out of MB	Yes
Croatia	A7	2005	15.7	0.0				0%	0%	Yes		Country with approved projects for complete phase-out of MB	Yes
Cuba	CP	2006	50.5	10.8				0%	0%	Yes		Country with approved projects for complete phase-out of MB	Yes
Democratic People's Republic of Korea	A7	2005	30.0	0.0				0%	0%	No		Country with approved projects for complete phase-out of MB	Yes
Democratic Republic of the Congo	A7	2006	1.4	0.1				0%	0%	No		Country with approved projects that would as a minimum enable compliance with the 2005 phase-out target	Yes
Djibouti	A7	2005	0.0	0.0				0%	0%	No			Yes
Dominica	A7	2006	0.0	0.0				0%	0%	No			Yes
Dominican Republic	A7	2005	104.2	22.8				0%	0%	Yes		Country with approved projects for complete phase-out of MB	Yes
Ecuador	A7	2006	66.2	51.0				0%	0%	Yes	Yes	Country with approved projects that would as a minimum enable compliance with the 2005 phase-out target	Yes
Egypt	A7	2006	238.1	180.0				0%	0%	No		Country with approved projects that would as a minimum enable compliance with the	Yes

Country	Source	Year of Latest Consumption	Baseline	Latest Consumption	Compliance Decision	2005 Action Plan Target	2006 Action Plan Target	Percentage Over Freeze	Percentage Over 20% Reduction	Ongoing Phase-Out (As of July 2007)	Phase-Out in 2007 Business Plans	Remarks	Ratified Copenhagen Amendment
												2005 phase-out target	
El Salvador	A7	2006	0.0	0.0				0%	0%	No		Country with approved projects for complete phase-out of MB	Yes
Equatorial Guinea	NDR	NDR	NDR	NDR						No			No
Eritrea	A7	2005	0.5	0.0				0%	0%	No			Yes
Ethiopia	A7	2005	15.6	6.6				0%	0%	No			No
Fiji	CP	2006	0.7	0.7	Decision XVII/33	1.50	1.30	0%	19%	Yes		Country with approved projects for complete phase-out of MB	Yes
Gabon	A7	2006	0.0	0.0				0%	0%	No			Yes
Gambia	A7	2005	0.0	0.0				0%	0%	No			No
Georgia	A7	2005	13.7	8.6				0%	0%	Yes		Country with approved projects for complete phase-out of MB	Yes
Ghana	A7	2006	0.0	0.0				0%	0%	No			Yes
Grenada	A7	2006	0.0	0.0				0%	0%	No			Yes
Guatemala	A7	2006	400.7	333.4	Decision XVIII/26		400.70	0%	4%	Yes		Country with approved projects that would as a minimum enable compliance with the 2005 phase-out target	Yes
Guinea	A7	2005	NDR	0.0						No			No
Guinea Bissau	A7	2005	0.0	0.0				0%	0%	No			Yes
Guyana	A7	2006	1.4	0.0				0%	0%	No		Country that might need assistance to achieve the 2005 phase-out target	Yes
Haiti	A7	2006	0.0	0.0				0%	0%	No			Yes
Honduras	CP	2006	259.4	291.0	Decision XVII/34	327.60	295.80	12%	40%	Yes	Yes	Country with approved projects for complete phase-out of MB	Yes
India	A7	2005	0.0	0.0				0%	0%	No			Yes
Indonesia	A7	2005	40.7	31.8				0%	0%	Yes		Country with approved projects for complete phase-out of MB	Yes
Iran (Islamic Republic of)	A7	2005	26.7	16.8				0%	0%	Yes		Country with approved projects for complete phase-out of MB	Yes
Jamaica	A7	2006	4.9	1.8				0%	0%	Yes		Country with approved projects for complete phase-out of MB	Yes
Jordan	A7	2006	176.3	42.6				0%	0%	Yes		Country with approved projects for complete phase-out of MB	Yes
Kenya	A7	2006	217.5	34.2				0%	0%	Yes		Country with approved projects that would as a minimum enable compliance with the 2005 phase-out target	Yes
Kiribati	A7	2005	0.0	0.0				0%	0%	No			Yes
Kuwait	A7	2006	0.0	0.0				0%	0%	No			Yes
Kyrgyzstan	A7	2006	14.2	2.7				0%	0%	Yes		Country with approved projects for complete phase-out of MB	Yes

Country	Source	Year of Latest Consumption	Baseline	Latest Consumption	Compliance Decision	2005 Action Plan Target	2006 Action Plan Target	Percentage Over Freeze	Percentage Over 20% Reduction	Ongoing Phase-Out (As of July 2007)	Phase-Out in 2007 Business Plans	Remarks	Ratified Copenhagen Amendment
Lao People's Democratic Republic	A7	2005	0.0	0.0				0%	0%	No			Yes
Lebanon	A7	2005	236.4	48.7				0%	0%	Yes		Country with approved projects for complete phase-out of MB	Yes
Lesotho	A7	2005	0.1	0.0				0%	0%	No			No
Liberia	CP	2006	0.0	0.0				0%	0%	No			Yes
Libyan Arab Jamahiriya	A7	2005	94.1	96.0	Decision XVII/37	96.00	96.00	2%	28%	Yes	Yes	Country with approved projects for complete phase-out of MB	Yes
Madagascar	A7	2006	2.6	0.0				0%	0%	No		Country with approved projects for complete phase-out of MB	Yes
Malawi	A7	2006	112.7	0.0				0%	0%	No		Country with approved projects for complete phase-out of MB	Yes
Malaysia	A7	2005	14.6	0.0				0%	0%	Yes		Country with approved projects for complete phase-out of MB	Yes
Maldives	A7	2005	0.0	0.0				0%	0%	No			Yes
Mali	A7	2005	0.0	0.0				0%	0%	No			Yes
Marshall Islands	A7	2006	0.0	0.0				0%	0%	No			Yes
Mauritania	A7	2005	0.0	0.0				0%	0%	No			Yes
Mauritius	A7	2006	0.1	0.0				0%	0%	No		Country with approved projects for complete phase-out of MB	Yes
Mexico	A7	2006	1,130.8	722.6				0%	0%	Yes	Yes	Country with approved projects that would as a minimum enable compliance with the 2005 phase-out target	Yes
Micronesia (Federated States of)	A7	2005	0.0	0.0				0%	0%	No			Yes
Mongolia	A7	2006	0.0	0.0				0%	0%	No			Yes
Montenegro	NDR	NDR	NDR	NDR						No			Yes
Morocco	A7	2006	697.2	383.8				0%	0%	Yes	Yes	Country with approved projects that would as a minimum enable compliance with the 2005 phase-out target	Yes
Mozambique	A7	2005	3.4	0.9				0%	0%	No		Country that might need assistance to achieve the 2005 phase-out target	Yes
Myanmar	A7	2005	3.4	0.0				0%	0%	No			No
Namibia	A7	2006	0.8	0.0				0%	0%	No			Yes
Nauru	A7	2005	0.0	0.0				0%	0%	No			Yes
Nepal	CP	2006	0.0	0.0				0%	0%	No			No
Nicaragua	CP	2006	0.4	17.0				4139%	5199%	No		Country with approved projects for complete	Yes

Country	Source	Year of Latest Consumption	Baseline	Latest Consumption	Compliance Decision	2005 Action Plan Target	2006 Action Plan Target	Percentage Over Freeze	Percentage Over 20% Reduction	Ongoing Phase-Out (As of July 2007)	Phase-Out in 2007 Business Plans	Remarks	Ratified Copenhagen Amendment
												phase-out of MB	
Niger	A7	2005	0.0	0.0				0%	0%	No			Yes
Nigeria	A7	2005	2.8	0.0				0%	0%	No		Country with approved projects that would as a minimum enable compliance with the 2005 phase-out target	Yes
Niue	A7	2005	0.0	0.0				0%	0%	No			Yes
Oman	A7	2006	1.0	0.0				0%	0%	No		Country with approved projects for complete phase-out of MB	Yes
Pakistan	A7	2005	14.0	0.0				0%	0%	No		Country with approved projects for complete phase-out of MB	Yes
Palau	CP	2006	0.0	0.0				0%	0%	No			Yes
Panama	A7	2005	0.0	0.0				0%	0%	No			Yes
Papua New Guinea	A7	2006	0.3	0.0				0%	0%	No		Country with approved projects for complete phase-out of MB	Yes
Paraguay	A7	2005	0.9	0.0				0%	0%	Yes		Country with approved projects for complete phase-out of MB	Yes
Peru	A7	2005	1.3	0.0				0%	0%	No		Country with approved projects for complete phase-out of MB	Yes
Philippines	A7	2005	10.3	8.2				0%	0%	Yes		Country with approved projects for complete phase-out of MB	Yes
Qatar	A7	2005	0.0	0.0				0%	0%	No			Yes
Republic of Korea	A7	2005	0.0	0.0				0%	0%	No			Yes
Republic of Moldova	A7	2006	7.0	0.0				0%	0%	No		Country with approved projects for complete phase-out of MB	Yes
Romania	A7	2005	111.5	0.0				0%	0%	No		Country with approved projects for complete phase-out of MB	Yes
Rwanda	A7	2005	0.0	0.0				0%	0%	No			Yes
Saint Kitts and Nevis	A7	2006	0.3	0.0				0%	0%	Yes		Country with approved projects for complete phase-out of MB	Yes
Saint Lucia	A7	2006	0.0	0.0				0%	0%	No			Yes
Saint Vincent and the Grenadines	A7	2006	0.0	0.0				0%	0%	No			Yes
Samoa	A7	2006	0.0	0.0				0%	0%	No			Yes
Sao Tome and Principe	A7	2005	0.0	0.0				0%	0%	No			Yes
Saudi Arabia	A7	2005	0.6	27.6				4500%	5650%	No			Yes
Senegal	A7	2005	53.2	0.0				0%	0%	No		Country with approved projects for complete phase-out of MB	Yes

Country	Source	Year of Latest Consumption	Baseline	Latest Consumption	Compliance Decision	2005 Action Plan Target	2006 Action Plan Target	Percentage Over Freeze	Percentage Over 20% Reduction	Ongoing Phase-Out (As of July 2007)	Phase-Out in 2007 Business Plans	Remarks	Ratified Copenhagen Amendment
Serbia	A7	2006	8.3	0.0				0%	0%	No	Yes		Yes
Seychelles	A7	2006	0.0	0.0				0%	0%	No			Yes
Sierra Leone	A7	2005	2.6	0.0				0%	0%	Yes		Country with approved projects for complete phase-out of MB	Yes
Singapore	A7	2005	5.0	2.4				0%	0%	No			Yes
Solomon Islands	A7	2005	0.0	0.0				0%	0%	No			Yes
Somalia	A7	2006	0.5	0.0				0%	0%	No			Yes
South Africa	A7	2005	602.7	476.2				0%	0%	No			Yes
Sri Lanka	A7	2006	4.1	0.0				0%	0%	Yes		Country with approved projects for complete phase-out of MB	Yes
Sudan	CP	2006	3.0	1.3				0%	0%	No	Yes	Country with approved projects that would as a minimum enable compliance with the 2005 phase-out target	Yes
Suriname	A7	2006	0.0	0.0				0%	0%	No			Yes
Swaziland	A7	2006	0.6	0.0				0%	0%	No		Country with approved projects that would as a minimum enable compliance with the 2005 phase-out target	Yes
Syrian Arab Republic	CP	2006	188.6	64.8				0%	0%	Yes		Country with approved projects for complete phase-out of MB	Yes
Thailand	CP	2006	183.0	141.1				0%	0%	No		Country with approved projects for complete phase-out of MB	Yes
The Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia	A7	2006	12.2	-0.3				0%	0%	No		Country with approved projects for complete phase-out of MB	Yes
Togo	A7	2005	0.0	0.0				0%	0%	No			Yes
Tonga	A7	2005	0.2	0.0				0%	0%	No			Yes
Trinidad and Tobago	A7	2006	1.7	0.4				0%	0%	Yes		Country with approved projects for complete phase-out of MB	Yes
Tunisia	CP	2006	8.3	5.3				0%	0%	No		Country that might need assistance to achieve the 2005 limit in a future year	Yes
Turkey	A7	2006	479.7	9.6				0%	0%	Yes		Country with approved projects that would as a minimum enable compliance with the 2005 phase-out target	Yes
Turkmenistan	A7	2006	0.0	0.0				0%	0%	No			No
Tuvalu	A7	2005	0.0	0.0				0%	0%	No			Yes
Uganda	A7	2005	6.3	6.0	Decision XV/43	6.00	4.80	0%	19%	Yes		Country with approved projects for complete phase-out of MB	Yes
United Arab Emirates	A7	2005	7.2	0.0				0%	0%	No			Yes

Country	Source	Year of Latest Consumption	Baseline	Latest Consumption	Compliance Decision	2005 Action Plan Target	2006 Action Plan Target	Percentage Over Freeze	Percentage Over 20% Reduction	Ongoing Phase-Out (As of July 2007)	Phase-Out in 2007 Business Plans	Remarks	Ratified Copenhagen Amendment
United Republic of Tanzania	A7	2006	0.0	0.0				0%	0%	No			Yes
Uruguay	CP	2006	11.2	8.5	Decision XVII/39	8.90	8.90	0%	0%	Yes		Country with approved projects for complete phase-out of MB	Yes
Vanuatu	A7	2005	0.2	0.0				0%	0%	No		Country that might need assistance to achieve the 2005 phase-out target	Yes
Venezuela (Bolivarian Republic of)	A7	2005	10.3	0.0				0%	0%	No		Country with approved projects for complete phase-out of MB	Yes
Viet Nam	CP	2006	136.5	96.0				0%	0%	No		Country with approved projects for complete phase-out of MB	Yes
Yemen	A7	2005	54.5	38.0				0%	0%	Yes		Country with approved projects that would as a minimum enable compliance with the 2005 phase-out target	Yes
Zambia	A7	2006	29.3	6.0				0%	0%	No			No
Zimbabwe	A7	2006	557.0	156.8				0%	0%	Yes	Yes	Country with approved projects for complete phase-out of MB	Yes

Appendix IV

CTC ANALYSIS

Country	Source	Year of Latest Consumption	Baseline	Latest Consumption	Compliance Decision	2005 Action Plan Target	2006 Action Plan Target	Percentage Over 85% Reduction	Ongoing Phase-Out (As of July 2007)	Phase-Out in 2007 Business Plans	Remarks	Ratified London Amendment
Afghanistan	A7	2005	0.9	0.1				0%	Yes		Country with an approved CTC phase-out plan/project	Yes
Albania	CP	2006	3.1	0.0				0%	No		Country with an approved CTC phase-out plan/project	Yes
Algeria	A7	2006	20.9	2.2				0%	No	Yes	Country that might need assistance to achieve the 2005 CTC phase-out target	Yes
Angola	CP	2006	NDR	0.0					No			No
Antigua and Barbuda	A7	2006	0.0	0.0				0%	No			Yes
Argentina	CP	2006	187.2	9.9				0%	Yes		Country with an approved CTC phase-out plan/project	Yes
Armenia	A7	2006	0.0	0.0				0%	No			Yes
Bahamas	CP	2006	0.0	0.0				0%	No		Country that might need assistance to achieve the 2005 CTC phase-out target	Yes
Bahrain	A7	2005	0.7	0.0				0%	Yes		Country with an approved CTC phase-out plan/project	Yes
Bangladesh	A7	2005	5.7	0.8				0%	No		Country with an approved CTC phase-out plan/project	Yes
Barbados	A7	2006	0.0	0.0				0%	No			Yes
Belize	A7	2006	0.0	0.0				0%	No			Yes
Benin	A7	2005	0.0	0.0				0%	No			Yes
Bhutan	CP	2006	0.0	0.0				0%	No			Yes
Bolivia	A7	2005	0.3	0.1				122%	Yes		Country with an approved CTC phase-out plan/project	Yes
Bosnia and Herzegovina	CP	2006	0.0	0.0				0%	No			Yes
Botswana	A7	2005	0.0	0.0				0%	No			Yes
Brazil	A7	2006	411.6	0.1				0%	No	Yes	Country that might need assistance to achieve the 2005 CTC phase-out target	Yes
Brunei Darussalam	A7	2005	0.0	0.0				0%	No			No
Burkina Faso	A7	2006	0.0	0.0				0%	No			Yes
Burundi	A7	2005	0.0	0.0				0%	No			Yes
Cambodia	CP	2006	0.0	0.0				0%	No			Yes
Cameroon	A7	2005	0.0	0.0				0%	No			Yes
Cape Verde	A7	2005	0.0	0.0				0%	No			Yes
Central African	A7	2005	0.0	0.0				0%	No			No

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Appendix IV

Country	Source	Year of Latest Consumption	Baseline	Latest Consumption	Compliance Decision	2005 Action Plan Target	2006 Action Plan Target	Percentage Over 85% Reduction	Ongoing Phase-Out (As of July 2007)	Phase-Out in 2007 Business Plans	Remarks	Ratified London Amendment
Republic												
Chad	A7	2005	0.0	0.0				0%	No			Yes
Chile	A7	2006	0.6	-0.1				0%	Yes		Country with an approved CTC phase-out plan/project	Yes
China	A7	2005	38,220.6	1,060.3				0%	No	Yes	Country with an approved CTC phase-out plan/project	Yes
Colombia	CP	2006	6.1	0.6				0%	Yes		Country with an approved CTC phase-out plan/project	Yes
Comoros	A7	2005	0.0	0.0				0%	No			Yes
Congo	A7	2005	0.6	0.0				0%	No		Country that might need assistance to achieve the 2005 CTC phase-out target	Yes
Cook Islands	CP	2006	0.0	0.0				0%	No			Yes
Costa Rica	A7	2006	0.0	0.0				0%	No			Yes
Cote d'Ivoire	A7	2005	0.0	0.0				0%	No			Yes
Croatia	A7	2005	3.9	0.3				0%	Yes		Country with an approved CTC phase-out plan/project	Yes
Cuba	CP	2006	2.7	0.0				0%	No		Country with an approved CTC phase-out plan/project	Yes
Democratic People's Republic of Korea	A7	2005	1,285.2	191.4				0%	Yes	Yes	Country with an approved CTC phase-out plan/project	Yes
Democratic Republic of the Congo	A7	2006	15.3	16.5	Decision XVIII/21		16.50	619%	Yes	Yes	Country with an approved CTC phase-out plan/project	Yes
Djibouti	A7	2005	0.0	0.0				0%	No			Yes
Dominica	A7	2006	0.0	0.0				0%	No			Yes
Dominican Republic	A7	2005	29.0	0.0				0%	No		Country that might need assistance to achieve the 2005 CTC phase-out target	Yes
Ecuador	A7	2006	0.5	0.0				0%	No		Country that might need assistance to achieve the 2005 CTC phase-out target	Yes
Egypt	A7	2006	38.5	5.5				0%	Yes		Country with an approved CTC phase-out plan/project	Yes
El Salvador	A7	2006	0.0	0.8				Over	No			Yes
Equatorial Guinea	NDR	NDR	NDR	NDR					No			No
Eritrea	A7	2005	0.0	0.0				0%	No			Yes
Ethiopia	A7	2005	0.0	0.0				0%	Yes		Country with an approved CTC phase-out plan/project	No
Fiji	CP	2006	0.0	0.0				0%	No			Yes
Gabon	A7	2006	0.0	0.0				0%	No			Yes
Gambia	A7	2005	0.0	0.0				0%	No			Yes
Georgia	A7	2005	0.0	0.0				0%	No			Yes

Country	Source	Year of Latest Consumption	Baseline	Latest Consumption	Compliance Decision	2005 Action Plan Target	2006 Action Plan Target	Percentage Over 85% Reduction	Ongoing Phase-Out (As of July 2007)	Phase-Out in 2007 Business Plans	Remarks	Ratified London Amendment
Ghana	A7	2006	0.4	0.0				0%	No		Country with an approved CTC phase-out plan/project	Yes
Grenada	A7	2006	0.0	0.0				0%	No			Yes
Guatemala	A7	2006	10.6	0.0				0%	No		Country that might need assistance to achieve the 2005 CTC phase-out target	Yes
Guinea	A7	2005	0.0	0.0				0%	No			Yes
Guinea Bissau	A7	2005	0.0	0.0				0%	No			Yes
Guyana	A7	2006	0.0	0.0				0%	No			Yes
Haiti	A7	2006	0.0	0.0				0%	No			Yes
Honduras	CP	2006	0.0	0.0				0%	No			Yes
India	A7	2005	11,505.4	1,644.0				0%	Yes	Yes	Country with an approved CTC phase-out plan/project	Yes
Indonesia	A7	2005	0.0	0.0				0%	Yes		Country with an approved CTC phase-out plan/project	Yes
Iran (Islamic Republic of)	A7	2005	77.0	13.6				18%	Yes		Country with an approved CTC phase-out plan/project	Yes
Jamaica	A7	2006	2.8	0.0				0%	No		Country with an approved CTC phase-out plan/project	Yes
Jordan	A7	2006	40.3	1.1				0%	Yes		Country with an approved CTC phase-out plan/project	Yes
Kenya	A7	2006	65.9	0.3				0%	No	Yes	Country that might need assistance to achieve the 2005 CTC phase-out target	Yes
Kiribati	A7	2005	0.0	0.0				0%	No			Yes
Kuwait	A7	2006	0.0	0.0				0%	No			Yes
Kyrgyzstan	A7	2006	0.0	0.0				0%	No			Yes
Lao People's Democratic Republic	A7	2005	0.0	0.0				0%	No			Yes
Lebanon	A7	2005	0.0	0.0				0%	No			Yes
Lesotho	A7	2005	0.0	0.0				0%	No			No
Liberia	CP	2006	0.2	0.0				0%	No		Country that might need assistance to achieve the 2005 CTC phase-out target	Yes
Libyan Arab Jamahiriya	A7	2005	0.0	0.0				0%	No			Yes
Madagascar	A7	2006	0.0	0.0				0%	No			Yes
Malawi	A7	2006	0.0	0.0				0%	No			Yes
Malaysia	A7	2005	4.5	0.0				0%	No		Country with an approved CTC phase-out plan/project	Yes
Maldives	A7	2005	0.0	0.0				0%	No			Yes
Mali	A7	2005	0.0	0.0				0%	No			Yes

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Country	Source	Year of Latest Consumption	Baseline	Latest Consumption	Compliance Decision	2005 Action Plan Target	2006 Action Plan Target	Percentage Over 85% Reduction	Ongoing Phase-Out (As of July 2007)	Phase-Out in 2007 Business Plans	Remarks	Ratified London Amendment
Marshall Islands	A7	2006	0.0	0.0				0%	No		Country that might need assistance to achieve the 2005 CTC phase-out target	Yes
Mauritania	A7	2005	0.0	0.0				0%	No			Yes
Mauritius	A7	2006	0.0	0.0				0%	No			Yes
Mexico	A7	2006	62.5	0.1	Decision XVIII/30			0%	No	Yes	Country that might need assistance to achieve the 2005 CTC phase-out target	Yes
Micronesia (Federated States of)	A7	2005	0.0	0.0				0%	No			Yes
Mongolia	A7	2006	0.0	0.0				0%	No			Yes
Montenegro	NDR	NDR	NDR	NDR					No			Yes
Morocco	A7	2006	1.1	0.1				0%	No		Country with an approved CTC phase-out plan/project	Yes
Mozambique	A7	2005	0.0	0.0				0%	No			Yes
Myanmar	A7	2005	0.0	0.0				0%	No			Yes
Namibia	A7	2006	0.0	0.0				0%	No			Yes
Nauru	A7	2005	0.0	0.0				0%	No			Yes
Nepal	CP	2006	0.9	0.1				0%	Yes		Country with an approved CTC phase-out plan/project	Yes
Nicaragua	CP	2006	0.0	0.0				0%	No			Yes
Niger	A7	2005	0.0	0.0				0%	No			Yes
Nigeria	A7	2005	152.8	0.0				0%	No	Yes	Country with an approved CTC phase-out plan/project	Yes
Niue	A7	2005	0.0	0.0				0%	No			Yes
Oman	A7	2006	0.1	0.0				0%	No		Country with an approved CTC phase-out plan/project	Yes
Pakistan	A7	2005	412.9	148.5	Decision XVIII/31		41.80	140%	Yes	Yes	Country with an approved CTC phase-out plan/project	Yes
Palau	CP	2006	0.0	0.0				0%	No			Yes
Panama	A7	2005	0.0	0.0				0%	No			Yes
Papua New Guinea	A7	2006	0.0	0.0				0%	No			Yes
Paraguay	A7	2005	0.6	0.7				678%	Yes		Country with an approved CTC phase-out plan/project	Yes
Peru	A7	2005	1.0	0.0				0%	No		Country that might need assistance to achieve the 2005 CTC phase-out target	Yes
Philippines	A7	2005	0.0	0.0				0%	No			Yes
Qatar	A7	2005	0.0	0.0				0%	No			Yes
Republic of Korea	A7	2005	638.0	-437.8				0%	No			Yes
Republic of Moldova	A7	2006	0.0	0.0				0%	No			Yes

Country	Source	Year of Latest Consumption	Baseline	Latest Consumption	Compliance Decision	2005 Action Plan Target	2006 Action Plan Target	Percentage Over 85% Reduction	Ongoing Phase-Out (As of July 2007)	Phase-Out in 2007 Business Plans	Remarks	Ratified London Amendment
Romania	A7	2005	368.6	32.7				0%	Yes		Country with an approved CTC phase-out plan/project	Yes
Rwanda	A7	2005	0.0	0.0				0%	No			Yes
Saint Kitts and Nevis	A7	2006	0.0	0.0				0%	No			Yes
Saint Lucia	A7	2006	0.0	0.0				0%	No			Yes
Saint Vincent and the Grenadines	A7	2006	0.0	0.0				0%	No			Yes
Samoa	A7	2006	0.0	0.0				0%	No			Yes
Sao Tome and Principe	A7	2005	0.0	0.0				0%	No			Yes
Saudi Arabia	A7	2005	259.2	0.0				0%	No			Yes
Senegal	A7	2005	0.0	0.0				0%	No			Yes
Serbia	A7	2006	18.8	5.1				81%	No	Yes	Country that might need assistance to achieve the 2005 CTC phase-out target	Yes
Seychelles	A7	2006	0.0	0.0				0%	No			Yes
Sierra Leone	A7	2005	2.6	0.0				0%	No		Country that might need assistance to achieve the 2005 CTC phase-out target	Yes
Singapore	A7	2005	0.0	0.0				0%	No			Yes
Solomon Islands	A7	2005	0.0	0.0				0%	No			Yes
Somalia	A7	2006	0.0	0.0				0%	No			Yes
South Africa	A7	2005	0.0	0.0				0%	No			Yes
Sri Lanka	A7	2006	35.1	0.0				0%	No		Country with an approved CTC phase-out plan/project	Yes
Sudan	CP	2006	2.2	0.0				0%	No		Country with an approved CTC phase-out plan/project	Yes
Suriname	A7	2006	0.0	0.0				0%	No			Yes
Swaziland	A7	2006	0.0	0.0				0%	No			Yes
Syrian Arab Republic	CP	2006	0.0	0.0				0%	No			Yes
Thailand	CP	2006	7.5	0.0				0%	No		Country with an approved CTC phase-out plan/project	Yes
The Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia	A7	2006	0.1	0.0				0%	No		Country that might need assistance to achieve the 2005 CTC phase-out target	Yes
Togo	A7	2005	0.0	0.0				0%	No			Yes
Tonga	A7	2005	0.0	0.0				0%	No			Yes
Trinidad and Tobago	A7	2006	0.0	0.0				0%	No			Yes
Tunisia	CP	2006	2.9	0.0				0%	Yes		Country with an approved CTC phase-out plan/project	Yes
Turkey	A7	2006	105.1	0.9				0%	No		Country with an approved CTC phase-out plan/project	Yes

Country	Source	Year of Latest Consumption	Baseline	Latest Consumption	Compliance Decision	2005 Action Plan Target	2006 Action Plan Target	Percentage Over 85% Reduction	Ongoing Phase-Out (As of July 2007)	Phase-Out in 2007 Business Plans	Remarks	Ratified London Amendment
Turkmenistan	A7	2006	0.0	0.0				0%	No			Yes
Tuvalu	A7	2005	0.0	0.0				0%	No			Yes
Uganda	A7	2005	0.4	0.0				0%	No		Country that might need assistance to achieve the 2005 CTC phase-out target	Yes
United Arab Emirates	A7	2005	0.0	0.4				Over	No			Yes
United Republic of Tanzania	A7	2006	0.1	0.0				0%	No		Country that might need assistance to achieve the 2005 CTC phase-out target	Yes
Uruguay	CP	2006	0.4	0.0				0%	Yes		Country with an approved CTC phase-out plan/project	Yes
Vanuatu	A7	2005	0.0	0.0				0%	No			Yes
Venezuela (Bolivarian Republic of)	A7	2005	1,107.2	0.0				0%	No		Country with an approved CTC phase-out plan/project	Yes
Viet Nam	CP	2006	1.6	0.0				0%	No		Country that might need assistance to achieve the 2005 CTC phase-out target	Yes
Yemen	A7	2005	0.0	0.0				0%	No			Yes
Zambia	A7	2006	0.7	0.0				0%	No		Country with an approved CTC phase-out plan/project	Yes
Zimbabwe	A7	2006	11.6	0.0				0%	Yes		Country with an approved CTC phase-out plan/project	Yes

Appendix V

TCA ANALYSIS

Country	Source	Year of Latest Consumption	Baseline	Latest Consumption	Compliance Decision	2005 Action Plan Target	2006 Action Plan Target	Percentage Over Freeze	Percentage Over 30% Reduction	Ongoing Phase-Out (As of July 2007)	Phase-Out in 2007 Business Plans	Remarks	Ratified London Amendment
Afghanistan	A7	2005	0.0	0.0				0%	0%	No			Yes
Albania	CP	2006	0.0	0.0				0%	0%	No		Country with an approved TCA phase-out plan/project	Yes
Algeria	A7	2006	5.8	4.0				0%	0%	No	Yes	Country that might need assistance to achieve the 2005 TCA phase-out target	Yes
Angola	CP	2006	NDR	0.0						No			No
Antigua and Barbuda	A7	2006	0.0	0.0				0%	0%	No			Yes
Argentina	CP	2006	65.7	15.3				0%	0%	Yes		Country with an approved TCA phase-out plan/project	Yes
Armenia	A7	2006	0.0	0.0				0%	0%	No			Yes
Bahamas	CP	2006	0.0	0.0				0%	0%	No			Yes
Bahrain	A7	2005	22.7	0.0				0%	0%	Yes		Country with an approved TCA phase-out plan/project	Yes
Bangladesh	A7	2005	0.9	0.5	Decision XVII/27	0.55	0.55	0%	0%	No		Country with an approved TCA phase-out plan/project	Yes
Barbados	A7	2006	0.0	0.0				0%	0%	No			Yes
Belize	A7	2006	0.0	0.0				0%	0%	No			Yes
Benin	A7	2005	0.0	0.0				0%	0%	No			Yes
Bhutan	CP	2006	0.0	0.0				0%	0%	No			Yes
Bolivia	A7	2005	0.0	0.0				0%	0%	No			Yes
Bosnia and Herzegovina	CP	2006	1.5	0.0	Decision XVII/28	1.30	0.00	0%	0%	No	Yes	Country with an approved TCA phase-out plan/project	Yes
Botswana	A7	2005	0.0	0.0				0%	0%	No			Yes
Brazil	A7	2006	32.4	0.0				0%	0%	No		Country that might need assistance to achieve the 2005 TCA phase-out target	Yes
Brunei Darussalam	A7	2005	0.0	0.0				0%	0%	No			No
Burkina Faso	A7	2006	0.0	0.0				0%	0%	No			Yes
Burundi	A7	2005	0.1	0.0				0%	0%	Yes		Country with an approved TCA phase-out plan/project	Yes
Cambodia	CP	2006	0.5	0.3				0%	0%	No		Country that might need assistance to achieve the 2005 TCA phase-out target	Yes
Cameroon	A7	2005	8.2	5.7				0%	0%	Yes		Country with an approved TCA phase-out plan/project	Yes
Cape Verde	A7	2005	0.0	0.0				0%	0%	No			Yes

Country	Source	Year of Latest Consumption	Baseline	Latest Consumption	Compliance Decision	2005 Action Plan Target	2006 Action Plan Target	Percentage Over Freeze	Percentage Over 30% Reduction	Ongoing Phase-Out (As of July 2007)	Phase-Out in 2007 Business Plans	Remarks	Ratified London Amendment
Central African Republic	A7	2005	0.0	0.0				0%	0%	No			No
Chad	A7	2005	0.0	0.0				0%	0%	No			Yes
Chile	A7	2006	6.4	4.5	Decision XVII/29	4.51	4.51	0%	0%	Yes		Country with an approved TCA phase-out plan/project	Yes
China	A7	2005	721.2	186.6				0%	0%	Yes	Yes	Country with an approved TCA phase-out plan/project	Yes
Colombia	CP	2006	0.6	0.0				0%	0%	No		Country that might need assistance to achieve the 2005 TCA phase-out target	Yes
Comoros	A7	2005	0.0	0.0				0%	0%	No			Yes
Congo	A7	2005	0.0	0.0				0%	0%	No			Yes
Cook Islands	CP	2006	0.0	0.0				0%	0%	No			Yes
Costa Rica	A7	2006	0.0	0.0				0%	0%	No			Yes
Cote d'Ivoire	A7	2005	0.0	0.0				0%	0%	No			Yes
Croatia	A7	2005	0.0	0.0				0%	0%	No			Yes
Cuba	CP	2006	0.0	0.0				0%	0%	No			Yes
Democratic People's Republic of Korea	A7	2005	7.7	0.0				0%	0%	No		Country that might need assistance to achieve the 2005 TCA phase-out target	Yes
Democratic Republic of the Congo	A7	2006	4.8	4.0	Decision XVIII/21		4.00	0%	19%	Yes	Yes	Country with an approved TCA phase-out plan/project	Yes
Djibouti	A7	2005	0.0	0.0				0%	0%	No			Yes
Dominica	A7	2006	0.0	0.0				0%	0%	No			Yes
Dominican Republic	A7	2005	3.6	0.0				0%	0%	No		Country that might need assistance to achieve the 2005 TCA phase-out target	Yes
Ecuador	A7	2006	2.0	0.0	Decision XVII/31	1.40		0%	0%	No		Country that might need assistance to achieve the 2005 TCA phase-out target	Yes
Egypt	A7	2006	26.0	12.5				0%	0%	Yes		Country with an approved TCA phase-out plan/project	Yes
El Salvador	A7	2006	0.0	0.0				0%	0%	No			Yes
Equatorial Guinea	NDR	NDR	NDR	NDR						No			No
Eritrea	A7	2005	0.0	0.0				0%	0%	No			Yes
Ethiopia	A7	2005	0.5	0.0				0%	0%	Yes		Country with an approved TCA phase-out plan/project	No
Fiji	CP	2006	0.0	0.0				0%	0%	No			Yes
Gabon	A7	2006	0.0	0.0				0%	0%	No			Yes
Gambia	A7	2005	0.0	0.0				0%	0%	No			Yes
Georgia	A7	2005	0.0	0.0				0%	0%	No			Yes

Country	Source	Year of Latest Consumption	Baseline	Latest Consumption	Compliance Decision	2005 Action Plan Target	2006 Action Plan Target	Percentage Over Freeze	Percentage Over 30% Reduction	Ongoing Phase-Out (As of July 2007)	Phase-Out in 2007 Business Plans	Remarks	Ratified London Amendment
Ghana	A7	2006	0.0	0.0				0%	0%	No			Yes
Grenada	A7	2006	0.0	0.0				0%	0%	No			Yes
Guatemala	A7	2006	0.0	0.0				0%	0%	No			Yes
Guinea	A7	2005	0.0	0.0				0%	0%	No			Yes
Guinea Bissau	A7	2005	0.0	0.0				0%	0%	No			Yes
Guyana	A7	2006	0.0	0.0				0%	0%	No			Yes
Haiti	A7	2006	0.2	0.0				0%	0%	No		Country that might need assistance to achieve the 2005 TCA phase-out target	Yes
Honduras	CP	2006	0.0	0.0				0%	0%	No			Yes
India	A7	2005	122.2	0.0				0%	0%	No		Country that might need assistance to achieve the 2005 TCA phase-out target	Yes
Indonesia	A7	2005	13.3	0.0				0%	0%	Yes		Country with an approved TCA phase-out plan/project	Yes
Iran (Islamic Republic of)	A7	2005	8.7	4.3				0%	0%	Yes		Country with an approved TCA phase-out plan/project	Yes
Jamaica	A7	2006	1.4	0.0				0%	0%	No		Country with an approved TCA phase-out plan/project	Yes
Jordan	A7	2006	18.2	2.2				0%	0%	No		Country with an approved TCA phase-out plan/project	Yes
Kenya	A7	2006	1.1	0.1				0%	0%	Yes		Country that might need assistance to achieve the 2005 TCA phase-out target	Yes
Kiribati	A7	2005	0.0	0.0				0%	0%	No			Yes
Kuwait	A7	2006	0.0	0.0				0%	0%	No			Yes
Kyrgyzstan	A7	2006	0.0	0.0				0%	0%	No			Yes
Lao People's Democratic Republic	A7	2005	0.0	0.0				0%	0%	No			Yes
Lebanon	A7	2005	0.0	0.0				0%	0%	No			Yes
Lesotho	A7	2005	0.0	0.0				0%	0%	No			No
Liberia	CP	2006	0.0	0.0				0%	0%	No			Yes
Libyan Arab Jamahiriya	A7	2005	0.0	0.0				0%	0%	No			Yes
Madagascar	A7	2006	0.0	0.0				0%	0%	No			Yes
Malawi	A7	2006	0.0	0.0				0%	0%	No			Yes
Malaysia	A7	2005	49.5	3.3				0%	0%	No		Country with an approved TCA phase-out plan/project	Yes
Maldives	A7	2005	0.0	0.0				0%	0%	No			Yes
Mali	A7	2005	0.0	0.0				0%	0%	No			Yes

Country	Source	Year of Latest Consumption	Baseline	Latest Consumption	Compliance Decision	2005 Action Plan Target	2006 Action Plan Target	Percentage Over Freeze	Percentage Over 30% Reduction	Ongoing Phase-Out (As of July 2007)	Phase-Out in 2007 Business Plans	Remarks	Ratified London Amendment
Marshall Islands	A7	2006	0.0	0.0				0%	0%	No			Yes
Mauritania	A7	2005	0.0	0.0				0%	0%	No			Yes
Mauritius	A7	2006	0.1	0.0				0%	0%	No		Country with an approved TCA phase-out plan/project	Yes
Mexico	A7	2006	56.4	0.0				0%	0%	No		Country that might need assistance to achieve the 2005 TCA phase-out target	Yes
Micronesia (Federated States of)	A7	2005	0.0	0.0				0%	0%	No			Yes
Mongolia	A7	2006	0.0	0.0				0%	0%	No			Yes
Montenegro	NDR	NDR	NDR	NDR						No			Yes
Morocco	A7	2006	0.1	0.0				0%	0%	No		Country with an approved TCA phase-out plan/project	Yes
Mozambique	A7	2005	0.0	0.0				0%	0%	No			Yes
Myanmar	A7	2005	0.0	0.0				0%	0%	No			Yes
Namibia	A7	2006	0.0	0.0				0%	0%	No			Yes
Nauru	A7	2005	0.0	0.0				0%	0%	No			Yes
Nepal	CP	2006	0.0	0.0				0%	0%	No			Yes
Nicaragua	CP	2006	0.0	0.0				0%	0%	No			Yes
Niger	A7	2005	0.0	0.0				0%	0%	No			Yes
Nigeria	A7	2005	32.9	0.0				0%	0%	No	Yes	Country with an approved TCA phase-out plan/project	Yes
Niue	A7	2005	0.0	0.0				0%	0%	No			Yes
Oman	A7	2006	0.0	0.0				0%	0%	No			Yes
Pakistan	A7	2005	2.3	0.0				0%	0%	No		Country that might need assistance to achieve the 2005 TCA phase-out target	Yes
Palau	CP	2006	0.0	0.0				0%	0%	No			Yes
Panama	A7	2005	0.0	0.0				0%	0%	No			Yes
Papua New Guinea	A7	2006	0.0	0.0				0%	0%	No			Yes
Paraguay	A7	2005	0.0	0.0				0%	0%	No			Yes
Peru	A7	2005	0.0	0.0				0%	0%	No			Yes
Philippines	A7	2005	0.0	0.0				0%	0%	No			Yes
Qatar	A7	2005	0.0	0.0				0%	0%	No			Yes
Republic of Korea	A7	2005	513.3	355.7				0%	0%	No			Yes
Republic of Moldova	A7	2006	0.0	0.0				0%	0%	No			Yes
Romania	A7	2005	0.0	0.0				0%	0%	No			Yes

Country	Source	Year of Latest Consumption	Baseline	Latest Consumption	Compliance Decision	2005 Action Plan Target	2006 Action Plan Target	Percentage Over Freeze	Percentage Over 30% Reduction	Ongoing Phase-Out (As of July 2007)	Phase-Out in 2007 Business Plans	Remarks	Ratified London Amendment
Rwanda	A7	2005	0.0	0.0				0%	0%	No			Yes
Saint Kitts and Nevis	A7	2006	0.0	0.0				0%	0%	No			Yes
Saint Lucia	A7	2006	0.0	0.0				0%	0%	No			Yes
Saint Vincent and the Grenadines	A7	2006	0.0	0.0				0%	0%	No			Yes
Samoa	A7	2006	0.0	0.0				0%	0%	No			Yes
Sao Tome and Principe	A7	2005	0.0	0.0				0%	0%	No			Yes
Saudi Arabia	A7	2005	29.8	0.0				0%	0%	No			Yes
Senegal	A7	2005	0.0	0.0				0%	0%	No			Yes
Serbia	A7	2006	0.0	0.0				0%	0%	No			Yes
Seychelles	A7	2006	0.0	0.0				0%	0%	No			Yes
Sierra Leone	A7	2005	0.0	0.0				0%	0%	No			Yes
Singapore	A7	2005	0.0	0.0				0%	0%	No			Yes
Solomon Islands	A7	2005	0.0	0.0				0%	0%	No			Yes
Somalia	A7	2006	0.0	0.0				0%	0%	No			Yes
South Africa	A7	2005	0.0	0.0				0%	0%	No			Yes
Sri Lanka	A7	2006	3.0	0.0				0%	0%	No		Country with an approved TCA phase-out plan/project	Yes
Sudan	CP	2006	0.0	0.0				0%	0%	No			Yes
Suriname	A7	2006	0.0	0.0				0%	0%	No			Yes
Swaziland	A7	2006	0.0	0.0				0%	0%	No			Yes
Syrian Arab Republic	CP	2006	0.0	0.0				0%	0%	No			Yes
Thailand	CP	2006	54.6	0.0				0%	0%	No		Country with an approved TCA phase-out plan/project	Yes
The Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia	A7	2006	0.0	0.0				0%	0%	No			Yes
Togo	A7	2005	0.0	0.0				0%	0%	No			Yes
Tonga	A7	2005	0.0	0.0				0%	0%	No			Yes
Trinidad and Tobago	A7	2006	0.7	0.0				0%	0%	No		Country that might need assistance to achieve the 2005 TCA phase-out target	Yes
Tunisia	CP	2006	0.1	0.0				0%	0%	No		Country with an approved TCA phase-out plan/project	Yes
Turkey	A7	2006	37.4	0.0				0%	0%	No		Country with an approved TCA phase-out plan/project	Yes

Country	Source	Year of Latest Consumption	Baseline	Latest Consumption	Compliance Decision	2005 Action Plan Target	2006 Action Plan Target	Percentage Over Freeze	Percentage Over 30% Reduction	Ongoing Phase-Out (As of July 2007)	Phase-Out in 2007 Business Plans	Remarks	Ratified London Amendment
Turkmenistan	A7	2006	0.0	0.0				0%	0%	No			Yes
Tuvalu	A7	2005	0.0	0.0				0%	0%	No			Yes
Uganda	A7	2005	0.0	0.0				0%	0%	No			Yes
United Arab Emirates	A7	2005	0.0	0.0				0%	0%	No			Yes
United Republic of Tanzania	A7	2006	0.0	0.0				0%	0%	No			Yes
Uruguay	CP	2006	0.0	0.0				0%	0%	No			Yes
Vanuatu	A7	2005	0.0	0.0				0%	0%	No			Yes
Venezuela (Bolivarian Republic of)	A7	2005	4.6	1.7				0%	0%	Yes		Country with an approved TCA phase-out plan/project	Yes
Viet Nam	CP	2006	0.2	0.0				0%	0%	No		Country that might need assistance to achieve the 2005 TCA phase-out target	Yes
Yemen	A7	2005	0.9	0.0				0%	0%	Yes		Country with an approved TCA phase-out plan/project	Yes
Zambia	A7	2006	0.1	0.0				0%	0%	No		Country with an approved TCA phase-out plan/project	Yes
Zimbabwe	A7	2006	0.0	0.0				0%	0%	Yes			Yes

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COUNTRIES SUBJECT TO DECISIONS/RECOMMENDATIONS ON COMPLIANCE

Party	Compliance issue	Action	Multilateral Fund Comments to the 52 nd Meeting	Achieved/Regulatory Measures Operational
Albania	CFC phase out	Submit 2006 A7 data to confirm CFC consumption no greater than 15.2 ODP tonnes.	CP data indicate 15.2 ODP tonnes.	Yes
Armenia	Regulatory measures	Report on commitment to introduce by 1 July 2007 an ODS licensing and quota system.	UNEP reported that with respect to the introduction of an ODS licensing and quota system, an official reporting system would occur when a new ministry is in place following the legislative elections that are taking place in May 2007. Armenia advised the 38th Meeting of the Implementation Committee that it was confident it would meet its 1 July deadline for introducing the licensing and quota system.	N/a
Bangladesh	Methyl chloroform phase out	Submit 2006 A7 data to confirm TCA consumption at no greater than 0.550 ODP tonnes.	Bangladesh did not submit its country programme data and UNDP was asked if it had information on the prospects of Bangladesh achieving its TCA action plan target for 2006. UNDP urged the Government to finalise its 2006 data report and submit it as soon as possible, but did not have any advance information. UNDP also reported that following the signature of the national phase-out plan, UNDP was in the process of organising the Technical Assistance Workshop for the Solvent Sector to assist in the management of solvents. Bangladesh informed the Implementation Committee of its hope that the import controls it had imposed on methyl chloroform, as well as planned training workshops for importers and end-users of methyl chloroform on alternatives to ozone-depleting substances, would ensure that it met its methyl chloroform consumption reduction commitments contained in decision XVII/27.	N/a
Bangladesh	CFC phase-out	Submit a copy of its NPP 2007 and 2008 annual programmes, estimates of the total amount by which the Party expected to exceed its annual maximum allowable consumption of CFC in each of the years from 2007 to 2009, and CFC MDI transition strategy.	Bangladesh has not submitted its country programme so the Fund Secretariat asked UNDP and UNEP if Bangladesh was expected to achieve the methyl chloroform phase out. UNEP indicated that CAP ROAP has helped Bangladesh in drafting a response to the Implementation Committee and a signed copy was expected to be sent on 28 May 2007. An MDI project was submitted to the 52nd Meeting. Bangladesh reported to the 38th Meeting of the Implementation Committee that its regulations would be revised to correspond to its transition strategy and it planned to restrict the consumption of CFC-based MDIs and would expedite the adoption of CFC-free alternatives.	N/a
Barbados	Regulatory measures	Report establishment of licensing system.	The country programme data indicates that Barbados does not have a licensing system, quota systems or an import licensing system in place. The Fund Secretariat requested Barbados and UNEP to report on the establishment of the licensing system, when it was approved, and when it became operational or when approval and/or operationalization was expected. As of this writing, the Fund Secretariat has not received an indication of the operationalization of the licensing system.	No

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Party	Compliance issue	Action	Multilateral Fund Comments to the 52 nd Meeting	Achieved/Regulatory Measures Operational
Belize	CFC phase out	Submit 2006 A7 data to enable review of commitment to reduce CFC to 10 ODP tonnes.	CP data indicate 3.9 ODP tonnes.	Yes
Bolivia	CFC phase out	Submit 2006 A7 data to enable review of commitment to reduce CFC to 37.84ODP tonnes.	NOU informed UNDP that 22.23 ODP tonnes were consumed but country programme data had not been submitted as of this writing.	Yes
Bolivia	CTC phase out	Submit 2006 A7 CTC consumption data.	Activity should be addressed in the TPMP.	N/a
Bosnia & Herzegovina	CFC phase out	Submit 2006 A7 data to enable review of commitment to reduce CFC to 33ODP tonnes.	CP data indicate 31.6 ODP tonnes.	Yes
Bosnia & Herzegovina	Methyl bromide phase out	Submit 2006 A7 data to enable review of commitment to reduce methyl bromide to 5.61 ODP tonnes.	CP data indicate zero consumption.	Yes
Bosnia & Herzegovina	Methyl chloroform phase out	Submit 2006 A7 data to enable review of commitment to maintain TCA at zero ODP tonnes.	CP data indicate zero consumption.	Yes
Bosnia & Herzegovina	Regulatory measures	Report on status of commitment to establish system for licensing imports and exports of ODS, including quotas and a ban on ODS-using equipment.	UNIDO indicated in the context of its progress report that a Decision of Council of Ministers on conditions regarding the implementation of the Montreal Protocol and the phase-out of ozone depleting substances was published in the Official Gazette No. 36 of Bosnia and Herzegovina on 15 May 2007. With this decision, the licensing system, quota system and permitting system have been established. Licenses, quota or permits have not yet been issued due to the recent enforcement date. UNEP and UNIDO indicated in the context of its progress report that import of ODS-using equipment was banned from 1 July 2007, as per Chapter VIII, Article 32 of the Decision. The 38th Meeting of the Implementation Committee noted with appreciation that Bosnia and Herzegovina had introduced a ban and established a licensing system.	Yes

Party	Compliance issue	Action	Multilateral Fund Comments to the 52 nd Meeting	Achieved/Regulatory Measures Operational
Botswana	Regulatory measures	Report on status of commitment to establish system for licensing imports and exports of methyl bromide, including quotas.	Germany indicated that the draft regulations had been finalised and were hoped to be approved at the next cabinet session, but there had not been an indication of when the next cabinet session would occur or when the draft would be finalized. Germany indicated that the legal department requested a further stakeholder consultation which has been planned for June 2007 and that following the consultation the regulations would be forwarded to the Cabinet for approval. Botswana informed the 38th Meeting of the Implementation Committee that its Agro-Chemical Act of 1999 would ensure the sustained phase-out of methyl bromide. The Ozone Secretariat is seeking clarification if the act would also prohibit export.	No
Cape Verde	Regulatory measures	Report establishment of licensing system.	Cape Verde has not reported country programme data. The Fund Secretariat requested UNDP and UNEP to indicate the status of the licensing system in Cape Verde. UNDP indicated that the NOU stated that all efforts are being made to pass the legislation and a breakthrough was expected shortly.	No
Chile	Regulatory measures	Report on Chile's efforts to introduce its import quota system and its progress in implementing alternatives to methyl chloroform in the solvent sector.	CP data indicates that the regulatory process had not been completed. The Secretariat asked about the current status but has not received a response as of this writing. Chile informed the 38th Meeting of the Implementation Committee that five of the required six ministers had signed the regulations all of which were needed before presidential signature.	No
Chile	Methyl chloroform phase out	Submit 2006 A7 data to enable review of commitment to reduce TCA consumption to 4.512 ODP tonnes.	CP data indicated consumption of 4.46 ODP tonnes.	Yes
Chile	Methyl bromide phase out	Submit 2006 A7 data to enable review of commitment to maintain methyl bromide consumption at no greater than 170 ODP tonnes.	CP data indicated consumption of 169.61 ODP tonnes.	Yes
China	Review of previous recommendation	No action needed.	Based on the advice of the 18th Meeting of the Parties to use one decimal place to determine compliance, China was in compliance.	Yes
Cook Islands	Regulatory measures	Report establishment of licensing system.	CP data indicates that the draft regulation was in public consultation. Since the Ozone Secretariat reported to the 37th Meeting of the Implementation Committee that a draft regulation had been prepared and put into legal format and that it was hoped that the regulation would be established in 2006, the Fund Secretariat requested the NOU to indicate when public consultation was expected to be completed and what was the expected date of making the licensing system operational. No response has been received as of this writing.	No

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Party	Compliance issue	Action	Multilateral Fund Comments to the 52 nd Meeting	Achieved/Regulatory Measures Operational
Cote d'Ivoire	Data reporting	Report 2005 A7 data.	Cote d'Ivoire has reported 2005 A7 data.	Yes
DR Congo	Methyl chloroform phase out	Submit 2006 A7 data to enable review of commitment to reduce TCA consumption to 4 ODP tonnes.	Article 7 data indicated 4 ODP tonnes of TCA consumption.	Yes
DR Congo	CTC phase out	Submit 2006 A7 data to enable review of commitment to reduce CTC consumption to 16.5 ODP tonnes.	Article 7 data indicated 16.5 ODP tonnes of CTC consumption.	Yes
Dominica	CFC phase out	Submit 2006 A7 data to enable review of commitment to reduce CFC consumption to 0.45ODP tonnes.	Article 7 data indicated zero consumption.	Yes
Dominica	Regulatory measures	Report on introduction of ODS licensing and quota system.	Dominica reported in its CP data that an import/export licensing and quota system has been in place since December 2006. The 38th Meeting of the Implementation Committee noted with appreciation that a systems for licensing and import quotas were in place.	Yes
Ecuador	Methyl bromide phase out action plan	Submit methyl bromide plan of action.	According to the World Bank, Ecuador had submitted its action plan to the Ozone Secretariat but is in the process of revising it based on comments received. A meeting was scheduled in May 2007 to address the methyl bromide action and the Bank would report on the outcome at the meeting. The 38th Meeting of the Implementation Committee requested additional information about the plan since it put the country in non-compliance.	No
El Salvador	CTC phase out	As soon as possible.	El Salvador reported 0.8 ODP tonnes of consumption that it above the zero consumption requirement of its action plan. The Fund Secretariat requested UNEP and UNDP to provide any information on this situation. As of this writing, no information has been provided.S30	No
Equatorial Guinea	Data reporting	As soon as possible.	Equatorial Guinea did not submit a country programme and base year and baseline data is not due since Equatorial Guinea became a Party to the London Amendment on 9 June 2006. The Fund Secretariat requested UNEP to provide any information on this situation. As of this writing, no information has been provided.	No
Eritrea	CFC phase out action plan	Submit explanation for 2005 CFC consumption deviation and, if relevant, CFC plan of action.	Eritrea has not reported country programme data. The Fund Secretariat requested UNEP to indicate if Eritrea was submitting a CFC plan of action and how UNEP was assisting Eritrea in this respect. As of this writing, the Fund Secretariat has not received a response. A TPMP and a country programme was submitted to the 52nd Meeting but subsequently withdrawn.	No
Eritrea	Regulatory measures	Report establishment of licensing system.	Eritrea has not reported country programme data. The Fund Secretariat requested UNEP to indicate the status of the establishment of a licensing system in Eritrea. UNEP reported that the final draft of the "Regulations for the Issuance of Permit for the Importation and Exportation of Ozone Depleting Substances and Ozone Depleting Substances-based Equipment or Products" had been submitted in early May 2007 to the Ministry of Justice for review.	No

Party	Compliance issue	Action	Multilateral Fund Comments to the 52 nd Meeting	Achieved/Regulatory Measures Operational
Ethiopia	CFC phase out	Submit 2006 A7 data to enable review of commitment to maintain CFC consumption no greater than 17 ODP tonnes.	Germany indicated total importation of 10 ODP tonnes, however, country programme data had not been submitted as of this writing.	Yes
Federated States of Micronesia	CFC phase out	Submit 2006 data to enable review of commitment to reduce CFC consumption to zero.	FS Micronesia has not reported country programme data. The Fund Secretariat asked Australia and UNEP whether FSM had reduced its CFC consumption to zero in 2006, but neither had information.	N/a
Federated States of Micronesia	Regulatory measures	Report on status of commitment to introduce by 1 January 2006 a system for licensing imports and exports of ozone-depleting substances, including a quota system.	Australia that draft regulations had been submitted to the Attorney Generals Office for comments in late 2005/early 2006. There had been a delay in the Office on commenting on the draft regulations, despite requests for meetings in mid 2006. The Regional Consultant has been working with the ODS focal point to provide answers to questions raised by the Secretary of Justice and staff attorney on the draft ODS regulations. In August 2006 the Regional Consultant provided comments to the ODS focal point. The comments document and the regulations were tabled at a Sustainable Development Council Meeting in September 2006 for consideration. As at 31 December 2006, the bill had not been submitted for regulatory approval. FSM sought technical assistance from SPREP for a licensing system.	No
Fiji	Methyl bromide phase out	Submit 2005 A7 data to enable review of commitment to reduce methyl bromide to 1.3 ODP tonnes	CP data indicated consumption of 1.3 ODP tonnes.	Yes
Guatemala	CFC phase out	Submit 2006 A7 data to enable review of commitment to reduce CFC to 50 ODP tonnes.	Article 7 data indicated a consumption of 12.7 ODP tonnes.	Yes
Guatemala	Methyl bromide phase out	Submit 2006 A7 data to enable review of commitment to reduce methyl bromide to 400.7 ODP tonnes.	A cooperation agreement between the ministry of Environment and Customs has been signed to control ODS imports and exports. Article 7 data indicated a consumption of 333.4 ODP tonnes of methyl bromide.	Yes
Guatemala	Regulatory measures	Report on commitment to ban by 2005 imports of ODS-using equipment did not address all equipment and why its consumption target was different from that of the action plan.	Guatemala has not reported country programme data. The Fund Secretariat requested UNEP to indicate if Guatemala had banned imports of ODS-using equipment. UNEP indicated that an agreement was signed in May 2007 to control imports and banned equipment but not all equipment containing ODS. The Ozone Secretariat noted that the banned equipment only addresses CFCs but not other ODS or aerosols and the consumption limit was different from the action plan.	No
Guinea Bissau	CFC phase out	Submit 2006 A7 data to enable review of commitment to reduce CFC to 13.137 ODP tonnes.	Guinea Bissau has not reported country programme data. The Fund Secretariat requested UNEP and UNDP to indicate if Guinea Bissau had reduced CFC consumption to 13.137 ODP tonnes. UNDP indicated that it had requested information from the country. As of this writing, the Fund Secretariat has not received a response.	N/a

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Party	Compliance issue	Action	Multilateral Fund Comments to the 52 nd Meeting	Achieved/Regulatory Measures Operational
Guyana	Regulatory measures	Report establishment of licensing system.	The Ozone Secretariat reported to the 37th Meeting of the Implementation Committee that a licensing system was submitted for approval in Guyana. Guyana's country programme report for 2006 indicates that there is no licensing system yet. Therefore, the Secretariat requested an update on the status but no response has been received as of this writing.	No
Haiti	Regulatory measures	Report establishment of licensing system.	CP data indicates that Haiti does not have ODS regulations or a licensing system. The Ozone Secretariat noted that a licensing system was not approved due to the preparations for the recently-held presidential elections. Proposal will be submitted once set-up of new government has been finalized. UNEP and UNDP were requested to indicate when a licensing system was expected to be established. UNEP advised that in April 2007 the Ministry of the Environment advised that the draft legislation would be submitted to Cabinet in May 2007	No
Honduras	Methyl bromide phase out	Submit 2006 A7 data to enable review of commitment to reduce methyl bromide to 295.8 ODP tonnes.	CP data indicated consumption of 295.8 ODP tonnes.	Yes
Islamic Republic of Iran	CTC phase out action plan	Submit explanation for 2005 CTC deviation and, if relevant, a plan of action.	UNIDO indicated that Iran had already provided the explanation for its 2005 CTC deviation together with an Action Plan (that was prepared with UNDP and UNIDO assistance) in a communication between the Ozone Secretariat and Iran dated 21 March 2007, 4 and 11 April 2007 in this regard. A draft decision incorporating the action plan is being forwarded to the 19th Meeting of the Parties.	Yes
Kenya	CFC phase out	Submit 2006 A7 data to enable review of commitment to reduce CFC to 60 ODP tonnes.	Article 7 data indicated a consumption of 57.7 ODP tonnes.	Yes
Kenya	Regulatory measures	Report gazettal of ODS regulations required to establish and implement licensing and quota system.	ODS regulations were gazetted on 31 May 2007.	Yes
Kiribati	Regulatory measures	Report establishment of licensing system.	Ozone Secretariat that the ODS regulations were awaiting the approval of the Environment Bill in 2006. Australia indicated that Parliament did not consider the Environment Bill in 2006, as some amendments to the Bill had not been approved. Kiribati has also drafted a set of regulations that could be implemented under their Customs Act to implement an interim license system. However, as at 31 December 2006, they have not been approved by the Government, pending more work on the regulations. UNEP reported that the country expects the ODS regulation to be passed soon. Meanwhile, UNEP/SPREP was encouraging the country to introduce administrative order to control import of ODS. SPREP had been preparing the customs training to take place once the licensing system was in place. CAP team has initiated monthly teleconference with SPREP and with help of Australia would closely following up the PIC issues.	No

Party	Compliance issue	Action	Multilateral Fund Comments to the 52 nd Meeting	Achieved/Regulatory Measures Operational
Kyrgyzstan	Halon phase out	Submit 2006 A7 data to enable review of commitment to consume no greater than 1.2 ODP tonnes of halon.	Article 7 data indicated a zero consumption.	Yes
Lao PDR	Data reporting	As soon as possible.	Lao PDR did not submit a country programme. Since Lao PDR became a Party to the London Amendment on 28 June 2006, base year and baseline data was now due for Annex B, groups I, II and III (other CFCs, carbon tetrachloride and methyl chloroform), Annex C, group I and II (hydrochlorofluorocarbons and hydrobromofluorocarbons), and Annex E (methyl bromide) in accordance with paragraphs 1 and 2 of Article 7 and paragraphs 3 and 8 ter of Article 5 of the Protocol. The Ozone Secretariat indicated that all outstanding data had been provided.	Yes
Lesotho	Halon phase out	Submit 2006 A7 data to enable review of commitment to consume no greater than 0.1 ODP tonnes of halon.	Germany indicated that Lesotho achieved a zero consumption. This consumption was also reported in the context of its TPMP reporting.	Yes
Libyan Arab Jamahiriya	CFC phase out	Submit 2006 data to enable review of commitment to reduce CFC to 303 ODP tonnes	Libyan Arab Jamahiriya has not reported country programme data. UNEP was asked whether the country had achieved its Action Plan target of 303 ODP tonnes of CFC consumption in 2006. UNEP did not have information but requested the information from the country. As of this writing, the Fund Secretariat has not received the information.	N/a
Libyan Arab Jamahiriya	Regulatory measures	Report on commitment to establish system for licensing imports and exports of ODS, including quotas and monitor the ban.	The Ozone Secretariat indicated that the 36th Meeting of the Implementation Committee noted that the interim import permit arrangement was still in place and that the NOU had yet to indicate that a permanent licensing system has been established. UNIDO received a letter from Libya confirming that the ODS legislation had already been enacted since 1999. Libyan Arab Jamahiriya has not reported country programme data. The Fund Secretariat requested UNEP and UNIDO to indicate how Libya monitors its import ban of ODS using-equipment. As of this writing, the Fund Secretariat has not received any information.	No
Libyan Arab Jamahiriya	Halon phase out	Submit 2006 A7 data to enable review of commitment to reduce halon consumption at no greater than 653.91 ODP tonnes.	Libyan Arab Jamahiriya has not reported country programme data. The Fund Secretariat requested UNEP and UNIDO to indicate whether they expected the country to achieve its action plan target of 653.91 ODP tonnes of halon consumption in 2006. As of this writing, the Fund Secretariat has not received any information.	N/a
Libyan Arab Jamahiriya	Methyl bromide phase out	Submit 2006 A7 data to enable review of commitment to maintain methyl bromide at no greater than 96 ODP tonnes.	Libyan Arab Jamahiriya has not reported country programme data. The Fund Secretariat requested UNEP and UNIDO to indicate whether they expected the country to achieve its action plan target of 96 ODP tonnes of methyl bromide consumption in 2006. As of this writing, the Fund Secretariat has not received any information.	N/a

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Party	Compliance issue	Action	Multilateral Fund Comments to the 52 nd Meeting	Achieved/Regulatory Measures Operational
Maldives	CFC phase out	Submit 2006 A7 data to enable review of commitment to maintain CFC at no greater than 2.3 ODP tonnes.	Maldives has not reported country programme data. UNEP reported in its progress report that Maldives had imported 1 ton of CFC in 2006. Upon clarification sought by the Secretariat, UNEP indicated that the Maldives import data had been based on information provided by the country informally during the network meeting, but that the official A7 data would be submitted by the due date.	N/a
Marshall Islands	Regulatory measures	Report establishment of licensing system.	The Marshall Islands reported in CP data both in 2005 and 2006 that its import/export licensing system was functioning satisfactorily and Australia's progress report indicates that the Marshall Islands regulations were approved in August 2004.	Yes
Mauritius	Review of previous recommendation	No action needed.	Based on the advice of the 18th Meeting of the Parties to use one decimal place to determine compliance, Mauritius was in compliance.	Yes
Mexico	CTC phase out	Submit 2006 A7 data to enable review of commitment to maintain CTC at no greater than 89.54 ODP tonnes.	CP data indicates 0.49 ODP tonnes. Mexico stated, however, that the company concerned wanted to import 80 ODP tonnes but the exporting country was concerned about Mexico's status of non-compliance and permission to ship the CTC was not received in time. Mexico further reports that this delay is causing some problems for the country. A CTC phase-out project was submitted to the 52 nd Meeting.	Yes
Montenegro	Data reporting	Submit base-year and baseline data.	Montenegro did not submit a country programme. Since Montenegro became a Party to the London Amendment on 23 October 2006, base year and baseline data was now due for the controlled substances in Annex A, groups I and II controlled (CFCs and halon), Annex B, groups I, II and III (other CFCs, carbon tetrachloride and methyl chloroform), Annex C, group I and II (hydrochlorofluorocarbons and hydrobromofluorocarbons), and Annex E (methyl bromide). The Fund Secretariat requested UNEP to provide any information on this situation. As of this writing, no information has been provided.	N/a
Namibia	CFC phase out	Submit 2006 A7 data to enable review of commitment to maintain CFC at no greater than 9.0ODP tonnes.	CP data and Article 7 data indicate 0 ODP tonnes.	Yes
Nauru	Regulatory measures	Report establishment of licensing system.	Australia indicated that the draft regulations were first prepared in 2005 and were forwarded to the SPREP legal adviser and the in-country legal officer in March 2006 for additional comments. However it appeared that the Nauru Customs Act did not have sufficient powers to ban the manufacture, sale or release of ODS to the atmosphere. Amendments to the Act have subsequently been passed, but the regulations had not been introduced into the Parliament as at 31 December 2006. UNEP indicated that Nauru was assessing the timeframe in which the Environment Management Bill might be passed. Meanwhile, UNEP/SPREP is encouraging the country to introduce administrative order to control import of ODS. CAP team has initiated monthly teleconference with SPREP and with help of Australia is closely following up the PIC issues.	No

Party	Compliance issue	Action	Multilateral Fund Comments to the 52 nd Meeting	Achieved/Regulatory Measures Operational
Nepal	CFC phase out	Submit 2006 A7 data to enable review of commitment to release no more than 13.5 ODP tonnes onto domestic market.	CP data indicates 12 ODP tonnes of use but zero of consumption. A TPMP is submitted to the 52 nd Meeting.	Yes
Nigeria	CFC phase out	Submit 2006 A7 data to enable review of commitment to reduce CFC to 1100 ODP tonnes.	Nigeria has not reported country programme data. UNDP and UNEP indicated that they did not have information about whether Nigeria achieved its action plan target of a CFC consumption of 1100 ODP tonnes in 2006. Both agencies have requested Nigeria to submit its country programme data. S92	N/a
Nigeria	Regulatory measures	By 1 January 2008, ban import of ODS-using equipment.	Nigeria has not submitted its country programme data. With respect to the upcoming ban of imports of ODS -equipment by January 2008, UNEP indicated that Nigeria is in the process of amending the Federal Environment Protection Agency Act. The draft Amendment had been subjected to stakeholders' workshops, approved by the Federal Executive Council and submitted to the Federal Ministry of Justice for legal review.	N/a
Niue	Regulatory measures	Report establishment of licensing system.	Australia indicated that draft regulations had been prepared by the Crown Counsel and had been circulated to Ministries for comment and approval. UNEP reported that the ODS Act had been passed while ODS Regulation should be passed shortly. SPREP was preparing the customs training to take place once the licensing system was in place. Meanwhile, UNEP/SPREP has been encouraging the country to introduce administrative order to control import of ODS. CAP team has initiated monthly teleconference with SPREP and with help of Australia is closely following up the PIC issues.	No
Pakistan	CTC phase out	Submit 2006 data to enable review of commitment to reduce CTC to 41.8 ODP tonnes.	Pakistan has not reported country programme data. According to UNEP, Pakistan is in compliance with zero consumption of halons in 2005 and that 2006 country programme implementation data would be submitted soon.	Yes
Pakistan	Halon phase out	Submit 2006 data to enable review of commitment to reduce halon to 7.1 ODP tonnes.	Pakistan has not submitted country programme data. According to UNDP, Pakistan has held several workshops on CTC with the assistance of UNIDO and informally indicated that it would meet the targets set out in its Action Plan for CTC. UNEP reported that CAP ROA reviewed the compliance situation of Pakistan at the last regional network meeting. The NOU indicated that it would collaborate closely with customs officers to monitor CTC imports into the country. Awareness-raising activities on CTC phase-out would be undertaken in vulnerable high CTC consumption areas. Republic of Korea and Pakistan would collaborate closely on CTC import data sharing and controls. A plan of action had been agreed to for Pakistan by the 18th MOP. It was agreed that Pakistan and Republic of Korea will continue their bilateral efforts as discussed during the Karachi workshop (2-3 April 2007) on exchange of information on export of CTC from Republic of Korea to Pakistan in 2007-2010.	N/a
Palau	Regulatory measures	Report establishment of licensing system.	Australia indicated Palau's licensing system became operational in August 2006. Palau's country programme data confirmed this, too.	Yes

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Party	Compliance issue	Action	Multilateral Fund Comments to the 52 nd Meeting	Achieved/Regulatory Measures Operational
Papua New Guinea	Regulatory measures	Report on status of commitment to ban imports of ODS-using equipment.	Germany indicated that regulations banning import of equipment containing ODS is being enforced by customs. Correspondence was received by the 38th Meeting of the Implementation Committee from the Government indicated that regulations were passed on 9 February 2007.	Yes
Papua New Guinea	CFC phase out	Submit 2006 data to enable review of commitment to reduce CFC to 8 ODP tonnes	CP data and Article 7 data indicated 3.1 ODP tonnes of CFCs.	Yes
Paraguay	CFC phase out action plan	Submit CFC plan of action but plan raised compliance issues.	UNDP indicated that the plan of action had been submitted but it was received by the Ozone Secretariat after the 38th Meeting of the Implementation Committee. The plan indicated a consumption of 250.7 ODP tonnes in 2006 when the maximum allowable level was 105.3 ODP tonnes.	N/a
Paraguay	CTC phase out action plan	Submit CTC plan of action but plan raised compliance issues.	A joint mission was conducted by UNDP and UNEP to help Paraguay design the Action Plans called for under DecisionXVIII/32. UNDP understood that the Action Plans had been submitted to the Ozone Secretariat. TPMP preparation has been approved to address all ODSs. The plan would possibly keep the country in non-compliance.	N/a
Saint Vincent & the Grenadines	CFC phase out	Submit 2006 data to enable review of commitment to reduce CFC to 0.83 ODP tonnes.	CP data and Article 7 data indicate 0.5 ODP tonnes.	Yes
Samoa	Regulatory measures	Report establishment of licensing system.	Australia indicated that Samoa's licensing system was established in May 2006.	Yes
Sao Tome & Principe	Regulatory measures	Report establishment of licensing system.	Sao Tome and Principe did not submit country programme implementation data in 2006. UNEP was requested to provide information on the status of the establishment of a licensing system in the country. As of this writing, the Fund Secretariat has not received any information.	No
Saudi Arabia	Data reporting	Submit 2005 data.	UNIDO reported in the context of its progress report that the 2005 A7data had been compiled and was being cleared by the relevant government authority for official transmission to the Ozone Secretariat. UNIDO expected that the data would be sent to the Ozone Secretariat prior to the 38th Meeting of the Implementation Committee. Data was submitted but the data appeared to put the country in non-compliance.	Yes
Serbia, Republic of	Data reporting	Submit outstanding Annex B group I to III (1998 and 1999), and Annex E (1995-1998).	Outstanding data was submitted according to the Ozone Secretariat.	Yes

Party	Compliance issue	Action	Multilateral Fund Comments to the 52 nd Meeting	Achieved/Regulatory Measures Operational
Serbia, Republic of	CTC phase-out	Submit explanation of why 2006 data exceeded 2.8 tonnes requirement for compliance.	Article 7 data indicated a consumption of 5.1 ODP tonnes.	No
Solomon Islands	Regulatory measures	Report establishment of licensing system.	Australia indicated that draft regulations under the Customs Excise Act were under preparation as at 31 December 2006.	No
Solomon Islands	Data reporting	Submit 2005 data.	Solomon Islands reported 2005 A7 data.	Yes
Somalia	Halon phase out	Submit clarification of the status of its previously submitted halon plan of action, including the regulatory and other measures that the Party would undertake to support its proposed halon consumption reduction benchmarks.	UNEP reported that there had been a high turn-over in the NOU and also no improvement in the political situation. It is unlikely that Somalia will achieve its commitment at the present time. Somalia had planned to submit an action plan in June but was unable to do so. Halon consumption was 18.8 ODP tonnes which is in excess of the baseline of 17.7 ODP tonnes.	No
Somalia	Regulatory measures	Report establishment of licensing system.	UNEP reported that there had been a high turn-over in the NOU and also no improvement in the political situation. It is unlikely that Somalia will achieve its commitment at the present time.	No
Somalia	Data reporting	Submit 2005 data.	Reported 2006 data.	Yes
South Africa	Review of previous recommendation	Submit explanation for 2005 BCM consumption deviation.	BCM consumption was mis-reported and was a non-ODS.	Yes
The Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia	Review of previous recommendation	No action needed.	Based on the advice of the 18th Meeting of the Parties to use one decimal place to determine compliance, FYR Macedonia was in compliance.	Yes
Tonga	Regulatory measures	Report establishment of licensing system.	Australia indicated that Tonga's ODS Bill is one of four legislation to be approved in 2006 and was still 4th in line as at 31 December 2006.	No
Turkey	Review of previous recommendation	No action required.	Zero consumption reported.	Yes
Turkmenistan	Methyl bromide change of baseline request	Submit outstanding information in accordance with decision XV/19.	Turkmenistan has been requested not to seek funding outside of institutional strengthening from the Multilateral Fund. CP data indicated zero consumption of MBR.	N/a
Tuvalu	Regulatory measures	Report establishment of licensing system.	Australia indicated that draft regulations are with the Attorney General's office for consideration. At the 17th SPREP Meeting in September 2006, the Director of Environment requested for assistance on the regulations, in particular, whether they should prepare regulations under the Environment Legislation or the Customs legislation. They have sought further assistance on this issue.	No

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Party	Compliance issue	Action	Multilateral Fund Comments to the 52 nd Meeting	Achieved/Regulatory Measures Operational
Uganda	Methyl bromide phase out	Submit 2006 data to enable review of commitment to reduce methyl bromide to 4.8 ODP tonnes.	Uganda has not reported country programme data. The Fund Secretariat requested UNIDO to indicate whether Uganda expected to achieve its 4.8 ODP tonnes reduction of methyl bromide in 2006. As of this writing, the Fund Secretariat has not received a response.	N/a
United Arab Emirates	CFC phase out	Submit explanation for apparent 2005 CFC consumption deviation.	UAE resubmitted data that put it in compliance in 2005.	Yes
United Arab Emirates	CTC phase out	Submit explanation for apparent 2005 CTC consumption deviation and submit information in accordance with decision XV/19 if wish to revise its CTC consumption baseline period data.	39th ImpCom to decide if data was sufficient to change the baseline that would put the country in compliance.	Yes
United Republic of Tanzania	Regulatory measures	Report establishment of licensing system.	Although UR Tanzania has not reported country programme data, Germany indicated that Tanzania has still not approved its ODS regulations. Germany was informed that the process is ongoing and regulations will be approved before the end of the year. UNEP also indicated that the final draft ODS regulations had been submitted to legal consultants for review following which it would then be submitted to the Attorney General's chambers for approval. The NOU was optimistic that regulations would be gazetted by December 2007.	No
Uruguay	Methyl bromide phase out	Submit 2006 data to enable review of commitment to reduce methyl bromide to 8.9 ODP tonnes.	CP data indicated consumption of 8.5 ODP tonnes.	Yes
Venezuela	Data reporting	Submit 2005 data.	Venezuela has submitted 2005 A7 data that put it in possible non-compliance.	Yes