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COMITÉ EJECUTIVO DEL FONDO MULTILATERAL
PARA LA APLICACIÓN DEL
PROTOCOLO DE MONTREAL
Cuadragésima Novena Reunión
Montreal, 10 al 14 de julio de 2006

**INFORME CONSOLIDADO DE LA MARCHA DE ACTIVIDADES
AL 31 DE DICIEMBRE DE 2005**

Los documentos previos al período de sesiones del Comité Ejecutivo del Fondo Multilateral para la Aplicación del Protocolo de Montreal no van en perjuicio de cualquier decisión que el Comité Ejecutivo pudiera adoptar después de la emisión de los mismos.

Para economizar recursos, sólo se ha impreso un número limitado de ejemplares del presente documento. Se ruega a los delegados que lleven sus propios ejemplares a la reunión y eviten solicitar otros.

INFORME CONSOLIDADO DE LA MARCHA DE ACTIVIDADES

1. El Informe Consolidado de la Marcha de Actividades presenta un resumen de la información sobre la marcha de las actividades proporcionada por los organismos de ejecución y bilaterales¹, tanto en formato narrativo como en bases de datos. La Secretaría combina las bases de datos de todos los organismos para elaborar este informe. El informe consta de tres partes y dos anexos: Las tres partes incluyen: Parte I: Un resumen de la marcha de la ejecución a nivel de país; Parte II: Un resumen de las actividades hasta el final de 2005; y Parte III: Comentarios y recomendaciones de la Secretaría del Fondo. Los dos anexos incluyen: Anexo I: Datos de ejecución de proyectos, país por país; Anexo II: Análisis de los Datos de los Informes sobre la Marcha de las Actividades.

PARTE I: RESUMEN DE LA MARCHA DE LA EJECUCIÓN A NIVEL DE PAÍSES

2. Esta sección presenta un resumen de la marcha de la ejecución a nivel de países, para todos los países. Para países que se encontraban en situación de incumplimiento en la 17^a Reunión de las Partes, se incluyen actividades específicas en el documento sobre Situación/Perspectivas en relación con el Cumplimiento (UNEP/OzL.Pro/ExCom/49/6).

Resumen de la marcha de las actividades durante 2005 a nivel de país

3. La Secretaría examinó la situación de ejecución país por país, tomando en cuenta las demoras en la ejecución respecto de las fechas de terminación planificadas que fueron reportadas en 2004, y las posibles repercusiones en la eliminación debido a estas demoras, el índice de desembolsos previstos, y el índice de terminación a la luz de los datos de consumo de SAO informados por los países que operan al amparo del Artículo 5. Se debe notar que la referencia a las “emisiones netas de SAO debidas a las demoras” se basa en la aplicación de la cantidad promedio mensual de SAO a ser eliminadas multiplicadas por el número de meses de las demoras.

4. En el Anexo I se ofrece una evaluación de las actividades de los organismos de ejecución por país en 2005. Los organismos programaron desembolsos en 141 países o regiones. Los organismos lograron un porcentaje de desembolsos del 93 por ciento, y superaron este porcentaje en 20 países o regiones. Los siguientes países alcanzaron sus objetivos de eliminación conforme a lo previsto (sin demoras): México (12.766 toneladas PAO); Brasil (1.795 toneladas PAO); Venezuela (1.646 toneladas PAO); República de Corea (679 toneladas PAO); Tailandia (454 toneladas PAO); Malasia (452 toneladas PAO); Filipinas (390 toneladas PAO); Perú (161 toneladas PAO); Honduras (150 toneladas PAO); Túnez (57 toneladas PAO); Chile (51 toneladas PAO); Vietnam (49 toneladas PAO); Jordania (45 toneladas PAO); Malawi (30 toneladas PAO); Albania (25 toneladas PAO); Bahamas (23 toneladas PAO); Zimbabwe (21 toneladas PAO); Omán (13 toneladas PAO); Rumania (11 toneladas PAO); y Paraguay (2 toneladas PAO).

¹ No se dispuso de datos de informes sobre la marcha de las actividades de Portugal, Suiza y Estados Unidos de América para su inclusión en este informe. Se incluyeron los datos de sus informes sobre la marcha de las actividades de 2004, juntamente con información sobre la aprobación de los proyectos aprobados en 2005.

5. Se reportaron niveles de consumo en el año 2005 para los siguientes 12 de 20 países: Albania, Brasil, Chile, Honduras, Jordania, Malawi, México, Omán, Paraguay, Tailandia, Venezuela y Zimbabwe. Los datos de niveles de consumo en 2005 se basaron en los requerimientos o ejecución del Artículo 7 de los programas de países. En 11 de los 12 países que reportaron datos, los datos de consumo de 2005 fueron inferiores que los datos de consumo de 2004. Los otros datos de programa de país para 2005 (Brasil) no proporcionan un detalle completo para todas las sustancias, de manera que no se pudo verificar la eliminación adicional del Brasil.

6. Las demoras en la ejecución en otros países incrementaron las emisiones netas. Los países con notables emisiones netas debidas a retrasos incluyen:

- India (se eliminaron 4,509 toneladas PAO menos que lo planificado y se alcanzó más del 100 por ciento de los desembolsos planificados);
- Nigeria (2,501 toneladas PAO menos y 72 por ciento desembolsado);
- Jordania (1,677 toneladas PAO menos y 80 por ciento desembolsado);
- Tailandia (1,216 toneladas PAO menos y 32 por ciento desembolsado);
- Honduras (658 toneladas PAO menos y 29 por ciento desembolsado);
- República de Corea (630 toneladas PAO menos y 131 por ciento desembolsado);
- Indonesia (483 toneladas PAO menos y 83 por ciento desembolsado);
- Argentina (451 toneladas PAO menos y 50 por ciento desembolsado);
- México (444 toneladas PAO menos y 375 por ciento desembolsado);
- Marruecos (361 toneladas PAO menos y 58 por ciento desembolsado);
- Argelia (352 toneladas PAO menos y 65 por ciento desembolsado);
- Turquía (276 toneladas PAO menos y 41 por ciento desembolsado);
- Cuba (272 toneladas PAO menos y 48 por ciento desembolsado);
- Irán (245 toneladas PAO menos y 89 por ciento desembolsado);
- Líbano (220 toneladas PAO menos y 56 por ciento desembolsado);
- Serbia y Montenegro (193 toneladas PAO menos y 48 por ciento desembolsado); y
- Uruguay (170 toneladas PAO menos y 66 por ciento desembolsado).

7. De estos países con emisiones netas debidas a demoras, Argelia, Bahréin, Bangladesh, Chad, Côte d'Ivoire, Gana, Guinea-Bissau, India, Indonesia, Irán, Kenia, Liberia, Libia, Myanmar, Nigeria, Panamá, Perú, República de Corea, Rumania, San Kitts y Nevis y Togo no reportaron datos.

8. De los países que reportaron datos del 2005, los siguientes tuvieron incremento en el consumo en 2005: Uruguay (14,6 toneladas PAO); Djibouti (3,3 toneladas PAO); Maldivas (0,5 toneladas PAO) y Cabo Verde (0,2 toneladas PAO).

9. Los países donde el consumo en 2005 disminuyó a pesar de demoras en los proyectos, incluyen: México (1,404 toneladas PAO); Argentina (582,7 toneladas PAO); Marruecos (465,5 toneladas PAO); Honduras (387,5 toneladas PAO); Chile (270,8 toneladas PAO); Cuba (230,8 toneladas PAO); Tailandia (209,3 toneladas PAO); Siria (201,9 toneladas PAO) y Serbia y Montenegro (174,3 toneladas PAO).

10. Sobre la base de las fechas de terminación previstas en el Informe de la Marcha de Actividades para 2004 y en los resultados del informe sobre la Marcha de Actividades para 2005, los organismos concluyeron 43 por ciento de los proyectos que programaron concluir en 2005 y lograron un 87 por ciento de la eliminación proyectada.

Acuerdos plurianuales

11. Dentro del contexto del logro de cumplimiento de una o más medidas de control del Protocolo de Montreal, el Comité Ejecutivo ha aprobado 82 acuerdos plurianuales (incluyendo los aprobados en la 48^a Reunión). Un acuerdo plurianual está dirigido al cumplimiento de los requerimientos del Protocolo de Montreal por parte de un país, con respecto a uno o más de los grupos de sustancias.

12. El detalle de Acuerdos Plurianuales está incluido en la Tabla 1.

Tabla 1

DETALLE DE ACUERDOS PLURINUALES

| Acuerdo (total de acuerdos) | Parte |
|--|--|
| Planes nacionales de eliminación de SAO o CFC (43) | Afganistán, Albania, Antigua y Barbuda, Argentina, Bahamas, Bangladesh, Bosnia y Herzegovina, Brasil, Colombia, Croacia, Cuba, Dominica, Ecuador, Egipto, Filipinas, India, Indonesia, Irán, Kenia, Líbano, Lesotho, Libia, Macedonia, Malasia, Mauricio, México, Mongolia, Namibia, Nigeria, Panamá, Papua Nueva Guinea, República de Corea, República Dominicana, Rumanía, San Kitts y Nevis, San Vicente y las Granadinas, Serbia y Montenegro, Sudán, Tailandia, Trinidad y Tobago, Turquía, Venezuela y Vietnam |
| Acuerdos de eliminación de producción de CFC (5) | Argentina, China, India, México, Venezuela |
| Planes de eliminación de producción de halones (2) | China e India |
| Producción de SAO (2) | República de Corea y Rumanía |
| Producción de metil-bromuro (1) | China |
| Producción de TCA (1) | China |
| Acuerdo sectorial de eliminación de CTC (consumo o producción) (5) | China (2), India, Pakistán y República de Corea |
| Plan de eliminación acelerada para CFC, CTC y halones (1) | China |

13. Los acuerdos de eliminación del sector de consumo, que están descritos en la Tabla 2, representan un costo total para el Fondo (acordados en principio) de \$EUA 1,005 mil millones, incluyendo los honorarios de los organismos. De ellos, \$EUA 793,5 millones han sido transferidos a los organismos.

Tabla 2**ACUERDOS DE ELIMINACIÓN EN EL SECTOR DE CONSUMO**

| Sector (total de acuerdos) | Acuerdos |
|--------------------------------------|--|
| Espuma (1) | China |
| Halones (1) | China (plan de la porción de consumo del sector de halones para la China) |
| Metíl-bromuro (12) | Argentina, China, Costa Rica, Kenia, Líbano, Libia, Malawi, Marruecos, Siria, Tailandia, Turquía, Zimbabwe |
| Solvente (2) | China, Nigeria |
| Plan de Gestión de Refrigerantes (3) | Argelia, Bolivia, Pakistán |
| Manufactura de refrigeración (1) | China |
| Mantenimiento de refrigeración (1) | China |
| Refrigeración doméstica (1) | República de Corea |
| Tabaco (1) | China |

14. Los organismos proveen informes sobre la marcha de las actividades en la mayor parte de los programas de eliminación sectorial en sus solicitudes de fondos para sus programas de trabajo anuales.

15. El Comité Ejecutivo canceló un acuerdo plurianual para la eliminación de todos los usos remanentes de metíl-bromuro para la aplicación en suelos en el control de plagas en Chile, a solicitud del Gobierno de Chile.

16. La Tabla 3 presenta el número de acuerdos plurianuales en curso y proyectos individuales.

Tabla 3**NÚMERO DE ACUERDOS PLURIANUALES EN CURSO Y PROYECTOS INDIVIDUALES**

| | | PNUD | PNUMA | ONUDI | Banco Mundial | Bilaterales | Total |
|--|-----------------|-------------|--------------|--------------|----------------------|--------------------|--------------|
| Proyectos Plurianuales | | 43 | 11 | 54 | 21 | 43 | 172 |
| Proyectos Individuales (inversión/capacitación / asistencia técnica/proyectos de demostración) | Con Eliminación | 69 | 4 | 56 | 22 | 39 | 190 |
| | Sin Eliminación | 45 | 134 | 16 | 6 | 59 | 260 |
| | Sub-Total | 114 | 138 | 72 | 28 | 98 | 450 |
| Total | | 157 | 149 | 126 | 49 | 141 | 622 |

17. El número total de acuerdos plurianuales en curso es de 172 (incluyendo múltiples tramos para algunos proyectos). El número total de proyectos de inversión/capacitación/asistencia técnica/demostración es de 450 de los cuales 190 son proyectos que dan por resultado

eliminación. El Banco Mundial está ejecutando solamente 28 proyectos individuales. PNUMA está ejecutando la mayoría de proyectos individuales (138) seguido por PNUD (114), bilaterales (98) y ONUDI (72). El mayor número de acuerdos plurianuales (APA) está siendo ejecutado por ONUDI (54 APAs) seguido por PNUD y bilaterales (43 cada uno), el Banco Mundial (21) y PNUMA (11).

18. El Banco Mundial está ejecutando entre un quinto y un tercio del número de proyectos individuales que están siendo ejecutados por los otros organismos. También está ejecutando menos de la mitad de los acuerdos plurianuales (21) en ejecución por ONUDI (54) y PNUD (43).

PARTE II: RESUMEN DE LA MARCHA DE ACTIVIDADES HASTA 2005 INCLUSIVE

19. En el Anexo II, se proporciona un análisis detallado de los datos de informes sobre la marcha de actividades. A continuación se presenta un resumen del avance realizado en la ejecución de los proyectos y las actividades apoyadas por el Fondo Multilateral hasta el 31 de diciembre de 2005:

- a) **Eliminación:** Se eliminaron 305,648 toneladas PAO de un total de 361,133 toneladas PAO que se esperaba eliminar con los proyectos aprobados hasta fines de 2005 (excluidos los proyectos eliminados y transferidos). Solamente en 2005, 62,460 toneladas PAO se eliminaron (incluyendo producción), y fueron aprobadas para su eliminación 91,252 toneladas PAO. Hasta fines de 2004, se eliminaron 243,207 toneladas PAO de un total esperado de 287,248 toneladas PAO de proyectos aprobados (excluyendo proyectos cancelados y transferidos), que incluían 34,828 toneladas PAO efectivamente eliminadas en 2004 (incluyendo producción) y 35,684 toneladas PAO aprobadas y aún por ser eliminadas.
- b) **Desembolsos/Aprobaciones:** Se desembolsaron 1,42 mil millones de \$EUA de los 1,78 mil millones de \$EUA aprobados para desembolso hasta fines de 2005 inclusive (excluidos los honorarios del organismo), y que representan un porcentaje de desembolso del 80 por ciento. En 2005 se desembolsaron 174,9 \$EUA millones de los \$EUA 193,1 millones aprobados.
- c) **Relación de Costo-eficacia:** La relación de costo-eficacia promedio de los proyectos de inversión concluidos fue de 4,76 \$EUA/kg, y para los proyectos de inversión en curso, de 3,01 \$EUA/kg.
- d) **Número de Proyectos Concluidos:** Se concluyeron 4,119 de los 4,968 proyectos financiados por el Fondo [excluidos los proyectos clausurados o transferidos] hasta 2005 inclusive, lo cual representa un índice de conclusión de 83 por ciento.
- e) **Plazo de Entrega--Proyectos de Inversión:** En promedio, los proyectos de inversión se completaron 34 meses después de su aprobación por el Comité Ejecutivo, y el primer desembolso para estos proyectos se efectuó, en promedio, 15 meses después de su aprobación.

- f) **Plazo de Entrega--Proyectos de no Inversión:** En promedio, los proyectos de no inversión se completaron 32 meses después de ser aprobados por el Comité Ejecutivo, y el primer desembolso se efectuó, en promedio, 10 meses después de la aprobación.
- g) **Preparación de Proyectos:** Se completaron 998 de las 1,053 actividades de preparación de proyectos, aprobadas hasta fines de 2005. Los organismos de ejecución arrastraron saldos por un valor de 1 922,671 \$EUA de 2005 (incluidos aproximadamente 396 010 \$EUA para la conclusión de preparación de proyectos), disponibles para nuevas actividades de preparación de proyectos, además de los 695 000 \$EUA aprobados en 2006.
- h) **Demoras en la Ejecución:** Los proyectos de inversión en curso experimentan una demora promedio de 18 meses. Se anexa a este informe una lista de 110 proyectos con demoras en la ejecución y se enviará un informe de estas demoras a la 50^a Reunión. La cantidad total de emisiones netas de SAO debidas a demoras en la ejecución es de 46 266 toneladas PAO, la cual está por debajo del nivel reportado el pasado año (50.061 toneladas PAO).

PARTE III: COMENTARIOS Y RECOMENDACIONES DE LA SECRETARÍA DEL FONDO

20. Los comentarios de la Secretaría se ocupan de cuestiones comunes que fueron identificadas durante la revisión de los informes de los organismos sobre la marcha de las actividades.

Incremento del nivel de eliminación de SAO

21. El año 2005 demandó reducciones significativas en los niveles de consumo de base para cinco sustancias controladas, que requerían un nivel importante de eliminación en muchos países. Los organismos ejecutores alcanzaron ampliamente sus niveles planificados de eliminación de SAO, con índices mejores que los del año anterior. En 2005, ONUDI eliminó 93 por ciento de los SAO planificados, seguida por el Banco Mundial (92 por ciento) y PNUD (82 por ciento). Esto representa una significativa mejora para ONUDI que solamente eliminó 44 por ciento de los SAO planificados para 2004. PNUD y el Banco Mundial eliminaron menos (como porcentaje de lo planificado) en 2005, comparado con los niveles de eliminación que alcanzaron en 2004. En 2004, PNUD eliminó 87 por ciento de SAO planificado y el Banco Mundial 95 por ciento. En general, PNUMA no tiene una eliminación directa asociada con sus proyectos.

Capacidad para completar proyectos

22. Basándose en las fechas planificadas de conclusión en el informe de marcha de actividades de 2004 y los resultados del informe de la marcha de actividades de 2005, el Banco Mundial completó 70 por ciento de los proyectos que planificó completar en 2005. ONUDI

completó 52 por ciento y PNUD 45 por ciento de los proyectos planificados para su conclusión. PNUMA completó 35 por ciento de los proyectos que planificó completar. Este es el tercer año consecutivo donde los índices de conclusión de proyectos han estado, en la mayoría de los casos, muy por debajo del 70 por ciento. Solamente el Banco Mundial ha incrementado su índice de conclusión de proyectos (de 59 por ciento a 70 por ciento), mientras que los índices de conclusión para los otros organismos cayeron por lo menos 11 puntos. El índice de conclusión de ONUDI cayó en 16 puntos.

23. Debe hacerse notar que el número de proyectos en proceso de ejecución es significativamente superior para PNUD, PNUMA y ONUDI (cada uno ejecutando por lo menos 126 proyectos, como se muestra en la Tabla 3) que para el Banco Mundial (que está ejecutando 49 proyectos). Este es también el caso para acuerdos plurianuales donde ONUDI y PNUD están ejecutando por encima del doble de los tramos de acuerdos que el Banco (haciéndose notar que PNUMA está en general en un rol de apoyo para la mayoría de estos acuerdos). Sin embargo, en términos de la capacidad de cada organismo para entregar servicios a través del equilibrio de los honorarios en su posesión y sus gastos unitarios básicos, existe una diferencia en el nivel de capacidad de cada organismo para hacer estas entregas. El Banco Mundial tiene un saldo de alrededor de 12,4 millones \$EUA, el saldo de PNUD es de 9,5 millones \$EUA y el saldo de ONUDI es de 8,9 millones \$EUA. Los honorarios del organismo en el caso de PNUMA se destinan para su administración a la oficina central y no están disponibles para la ejecución de proyectos. En su 50^a Reunión, el Comité Ejecutivo podría considerar la capacidad variada de PNUD, ONUDI y el Banco Mundial para hacer entrega de actividades en el contexto de una revisión de costos administrativos.

Dificultades relacionadas con los informes

24. La Secretaría ha observado diversos grados de dificultad con los informes de la marcha de actividades en los informes de los organismos. En el caso de algunos organismos bilaterales, los datos proporcionados no fueron consistentes y quedaron varias cuestiones no resueltas. PNUD mantiene varios proyectos en su informe de marcha de actividades que parecería que han sobrepasado sus presupuestos y que no han sido resueltos. El Banco Mundial continúa registrando acuerdos plurianuales como completados, cuando existen varias actividades aún no completadas. Estos problemas relacionados con los datos tienen un impacto en la consistencia y exactitud de la consolidación de los informes individuales de la marcha de actividades. Todos los organismos multilaterales y varios bilaterales aún tienen cuestiones no resueltas con respecto a los informes de la marcha de actividades que han presentado. El Comité Ejecutivo podría hacer notar que la Secretaría del Fondo actualizará el informe consolidado de la marcha de actividades después de recibir de los organismos las aclaraciones pendientes acerca de cuestiones de datos asociadas con sus informes de marcha de actividades.

Recomendaciones

25. El Comité Ejecutivo desearía:

- a) Tomar nota del Informe Consolidado de Marcha de Actividades del Fondo Multilateral, tal como se incluye en UNEP/OzL.Pro/ExCom/49/9;

- b) Tomar nota del lento índice de conclusión de proyectos por tercer año consecutivo y los índices del logro de conclusión de proyectos, como sigue: PNUD (45%), PNUMA (35%), ONUDI (52%) y el Banco Mundial (70%);
- c) Considerar la capacidad de PNUD, ONUDI y el Banco Mundial para hacer entrega en el contexto de una revisión de sus costos administrativos en la 50^a Reunión; y
- d) Tomar nota que la Secretaría del Fondo actualizará la base de datos del informe consolidado de marcha de actividades luego de la recepción de las aclaraciones de los organismos ejecutores bilaterales y multilaterales sobre cuestiones de datos pendientes.

Annex I**PROJECT IMPLEMENTATION BY COUNTRY**

| Country | Phased Out in 2005 | Percentage of Planned Phase-out Achieved in 2005 | Estimated Funds Disbursed in 2005 (US\$) | Funds Disbursed in 2005 (US\$) | Percentage of Funds Disbursed over Estimation in 2005 | Percentage of Planned Projects Completed in 2005 | Net Emission due to delay in 2005 (actual versus Revised Planned Date of Completion) | Net Emission due to delay in 2005 (actual versus Date of Completion per Proposal) | Changes in A7 or CP Data (2005Vs2004) |
|--------------------------|---------------------------|---|---|---------------------------------------|--|---|---|--|--|
| Afghanistan | 0 | | 56,000 | 34,353 | 61% | 100% | 0 | 0 | |
| Albania | 25 | 100% | 177,242 | 84,141 | 47% | 60% | 37 | 31 | -22.2 |
| Algeria | 90 | 43% | 1,129,002 | 733,459 | 65% | 14% | 352 | 352 | No 2005 A7 or CP Data |
| Angola | 40 | | 180,000 | 193,743 | 108% | | 0 | 0 | |
| Antigua and Barbuda | 0 | | 94,323 | 7,286 | 8% | 100% | 0 | 0 | |
| Argentina | 1,715 | 88% | 4,727,041 | 2,386,288 | 50% | 46% | 451 | 451 | -582.7 |
| Bahamas | 23 | 100% | 263,331 | 0 | 0% | 50% | 0 | 0 | |
| Bahrain | 0 | | 118,525 | 92,284 | 78% | 50% | 1 | 1 | No 2005 A7 or CP Data |
| Bangladesh | 8 | 27% | 190,966 | 42,490 | 22% | 33% | 2 | 2 | No 2005 A7 or CP Data |
| Barbados | 0 | | 210,676 | 90,805 | 43% | 75% | 0 | 0 | |
| Belize | 0 | | 178,511 | 81,365 | 46% | 50% | 0 | 0 | |
| Benin | 0 | | 79,768 | 60,678 | 76% | 0% | 0 | 0 | |
| Bhutan | 0 | | 61,000 | 200,661 | 329% | 100% | 0 | 0 | |
| Bolivia | 0 | 100% | 520,384 | 306,285 | 59% | 50% | 8 | 8 | -15.0 |
| Bosnia and Herzegovina | 94 | 94% | 756,125 | 504,723 | 67% | 50% | -32 | -32 | No 2005 A7 or CP Data |
| Botswana | 0 | 0% | 93,548 | 22,633 | 24% | 100% | -7 | -7 | No 2005 A7 or CP Data |
| Brazil | 1,795 | 100% | 5,323,687 | 4,052,338 | 76% | 50% | -1,297 | -1,297 | 2005 CP Data - Breakdown Not Available for some Substances |
| Brunei Darussalam | 0 | | 267,791 | 23,816 | 9% | | 0 | 0 | |
| Burkina Faso | 0 | | 79,581 | 63,542 | 80% | | 3 | 3 | -3.1 |
| Burundi | 0 | | 109,831 | 28,683 | 26% | 0% | 0 | 0 | |
| Cambodia | 2 | | 178,709 | 162,017 | 91% | 33% | 0 | 0 | |
| Cameroon | 36 | | 320,621 | 210,121 | 66% | 50% | 0 | 0 | |
| Cape Verde | 0 | | 212,837 | 55,783 | 26% | 50% | 1 | 1 | 0.2 |
| Central African Republic | 0 | | 72,842 | 10,704 | 15% | 0% | 0 | 0 | |
| Chad | 0 | | 104,188 | 37,085 | 36% | | 7 | 7 | No 2005 A7 or CP Data |
| Chile | 51 | 100% | 878,604 | 359,242 | 41% | 25% | 30 | 30 | -270.8 |

| Country | Phased Out in 2005 | Percentage of Planned Phase-out Achieved in 2005 | Estimated Funds Disbursed in 2005 (US\$) | Funds Disbursed in 2005 (US\$) | Percentage of Funds Disbursed over Estimation in 2005 | Percentage of Planned Projects Completed in 2005 | Net Emission due to delay in 2005 (actual versus Revised Planned Date of Completion) | Net Emission due to delay in 2005 (actual versus Date of Completion per Proposal) | Changes in A7 or CP Data (2005Vs2004) |
|--------------------|--------------------|--|--|--------------------------------|---|--|--|---|---------------------------------------|
| China | 32,357 | 93% | 71,448,480 | 65,952,761 | 92% | 71% | -760 | -2,637 | No 2005 A7 or CP Data |
| Colombia | 167 | 85% | 1,168,479 | 1,115,959 | 96% | 60% | -150 | -150 | -314.7 |
| Comoros | 0 | | 48,000 | 46,766 | 97% | 50% | 0 | 0 | |
| Congo | 0 | | 30,514 | 6,897 | 23% | 100% | 3 | 3 | -0.7 |
| Congo, DR | 91 | 80% | 548,949 | 226,675 | 41% | 83% | 25 | 25 | -77.0 |
| Cook Islands | 0 | | 37,000 | 0 | 0% | 0% | 0 | 0 | |
| Costa Rica | 93 | 71% | 970,544 | 844,518 | 87% | 40% | 48 | -87 | -44.6 |
| Cote D'Ivoire | 3 | 0% | 355,294 | 175,235 | 49% | 50% | 31 | 31 | No 2005 A7 or CP Data |
| Croatia | 49 | | 370,078 | 167,756 | 45% | 80% | 0 | 0 | |
| Cuba | 30 | 15% | 2,036,514 | 987,553 | 48% | 20% | 272 | 272 | -230.8 |
| Cyprus | 0 | | | 0 | | | 0 | 0 | |
| Djibouti | 1 | 17% | 187,868 | 94,480 | 50% | 0% | 6 | 6 | 3.3 |
| Dominica | 0 | | 63,920 | 33,670 | 53% | 25% | 0 | 0 | |
| Dominican Republic | 101 | 0% | 346,874 | 301,156 | 87% | 40% | 51 | 51 | -110.7 |
| Ecuador | 0 | 76% | 491,941 | 375,649 | 76% | 67% | 99 | 99 | -26.3 |
| Egypt | 195 | 27% | 397,598 | 481,940 | 121% | 50% | -508 | -1,022 | -295.6 |
| El Salvador | 0 | | 175,380 | 49,387 | 28% | 100% | 0 | 0 | |
| Eritrea | 0 | | | 0 | | | 0 | 0 | |
| Ethiopia | 0 | | 116,186 | 7,528 | 6% | 0% | 6 | 6 | -1.6 |
| Fiji | 0 | | 140,093 | 49,917 | 36% | 100% | 0 | 0 | |
| Gabon | 0 | | 126,287 | 97,263 | 77% | 0% | 0 | 0 | |
| Gambia | 0 | | 96,191 | 45,005 | 47% | 0% | 0 | 0 | |
| Georgia | 0 | 100% | 117,957 | 138,168 | 117% | 80% | 1 | 1 | -21.3 |
| Ghana | 1 | 50% | 96,962 | 251,326 | 259% | 0% | 10 | 10 | No 2005 A7 or CP Data |
| Global | 0 | | 8,409,281 | 7,334,920 | 87% | 57% | 0 | 0 | |
| Grenada | 0 | | 89,700 | 6,721 | 7% | 0% | 0 | 0 | |
| Guatemala | 80 | | 500,314 | 200,157 | 40% | 0% | 0 | 0 | |
| Guinea | 0 | | 71,603 | 37,121 | 52% | 50% | 0 | 0 | |
| Guinea-Bissau | 0 | | 292,562 | 40,022 | 14% | 100% | 4 | 4 | No 2005 A7 or CP Data |
| Guyana | 0 | | 94,479 | 22,565 | 24% | 0% | 0 | 0 | |
| Haiti | 0 | | 214,408 | 50,645 | 24% | 0% | 24 | 24 | -55.1 |
| Honduras | 150 | 100% | 243,407 | 69,667 | 29% | 67% | 658 | 658 | -387.5 |

| Country | Phased Out in 2005 | Percentage of Planned Phase-out Achieved in 2005 | Estimated Funds Disbursed in 2005 (US\$) | Funds Disbursed in 2005 (US\$) | Percentage of Funds Disbursed over Estimation in 2005 | Percentage of Planned Projects Completed in 2005 | Net Emission due to delay in 2005 (actual versus Revised Planned Date of Completion) | Net Emission due to delay in 2005 (actual versus Date of Completion per Proposal) | Changes in A7 or CP Data (2005Vs2004) |
|------------------|--------------------|--|--|--------------------------------|---|--|--|---|---------------------------------------|
| India | 4,453 | 81% | 10,034,756 | 23,528,178 | 234% | 32% | 4,509 | 4,447 | No 2005 A7 or CP Data |
| Indonesia | 2,067 | 75% | 10,646,795 | 8,801,873 | 83% | 50% | 483 | -2,043 | No 2005 A7 or CP Data |
| Iran | 715 | 93% | 4,869,345 | 4,342,224 | 89% | 47% | 245 | 245 | No 2005 A7 or CP Data |
| Jamaica | 0 | | 177,313 | 180,051 | 102% | 67% | 11 | 11 | -17.1 |
| Jordan | 45 | 100% | 922,953 | 739,107 | 80% | 60% | 1,677 | 1,672 | -20.7 |
| Kenya | 0 | 31% | 735,912 | 326,143 | 44% | 14% | 73 | 80 | No 2005 A7 or CP Data |
| Kiribati | 0 | | 20,761 | 0 | 0% | 0% | 0 | 0 | |
| Korea, DPR | 679 | 587% | 3,074,678 | 4,012,553 | 131% | 60% | 630 | 630 | No 2005 A7 or CP Data |
| Kuwait | 0 | | 452,996 | 276,845 | 61% | 0% | 33 | 33 | -111.9 |
| Kyrgyzstan | 0 | | 313,492 | 151,754 | 48% | 100% | 0 | 0 | |
| Lao, PDR | 0 | | 286,775 | 119,133 | 42% | 20% | 0 | 0 | |
| Lebanon | 62 | 52% | 1,300,710 | 731,144 | 56% | 17% | 220 | 220 | -135.8 |
| Lesotho | 0 | 133% | 21,246 | 15,189 | 71% | 100% | 0 | 0 | |
| Liberia | 0 | | 235,926 | 149,072 | 63% | 0% | 21 | 21 | No 2005 A7 or CP Data |
| Libya | 325 | 76% | 1,596,673 | 1,316,717 | 82% | 67% | 93 | 93 | No 2005 A7 or CP Data |
| Macedonia | 0 | 0% | 72,657 | 120,097 | 165% | 0% | -58 | -58 | 0.2 |
| Madagascar | 0 | | 89,106 | 75,702 | 85% | 100% | 1 | 1 | -0.1 |
| Malawi | 30 | 100% | 421,576 | 710,285 | 168% | 50% | 30 | 30 | -5.1 |
| Malaysia | 452 | 100% | 4,528,834 | 3,345,285 | 74% | 83% | -652 | -1,583 | No 2005 A7 or CP Data |
| Maldives | 0 | 0% | 191,928 | 151,778 | 79% | 75% | 4 | 4 | 0.5 |
| Mali | 0 | | 86,204 | 32,649 | 38% | 67% | 0 | 0 | |
| Malta | 0 | | | 0 | | | 0 | 0 | |
| Marshall Islands | 0 | | 28,522 | 14,922 | 52% | 0% | 0 | 0 | |
| Mauritania | 0 | | 199,097 | 103,456 | 52% | 0% | 2 | 2 | -1.1 |
| Mauritius | 0 | 76% | 116,947 | 114,835 | 98% | 100% | -38 | -38 | -6.5 |
| Mexico | 12,766 | 100% | 1,731,446 | 6,485,902 | 375% | 67% | 444 | 444 | -1,404.0 |
| Micronesia | 0 | | 25,534 | 0 | 0% | 0% | 0 | 0 | |
| Moldova | 0 | | 194,194 | 119,818 | 62% | | 0 | 0 | |
| Mongolia | 0 | | 51,862 | 54,033 | 104% | | 0 | 0 | |
| Morocco | 54 | 29% | 1,762,798 | 1,027,880 | 58% | 33% | 361 | 361 | -465.5 |
| Mozambique | 0 | | 190,070 | 31,524 | 17% | 0% | 0 | 0 | |
| Myanmar | 0 | | 101,643 | 9,669 | 10% | 100% | 2 | 2 | No 2005 A7 or CP Data |

| Country | Phased Out in 2005 | Percentage of Planned Phase-out Achieved in 2005 | Estimated Funds Disbursed in 2005 (US\$) | Funds Disbursed in 2005 (US\$) | Percentage of Funds Disbursed over Estimation in 2005 | Percentage of Planned Projects Completed in 2005 | Net Emission due to delay in 2005 (actual versus Revised Planned Date of Completion) | Net Emission due to delay in 2005 (actual versus Date of Completion per Proposal) | Changes in A7 or CP Data (2005Vs2004) |
|----------------------------------|--------------------|--|--|--------------------------------|---|--|--|---|---------------------------------------|
| Namibia | 0 | 0% | 160,460 | 64,129 | 40% | 50% | 11 | 11 | -7.7 |
| Nauru | 0 | | 37,000 | 0 | 0% | 0% | 0 | 0 | |
| Nepal | 0 | | 154,404 | 119,302 | 77% | 100% | 0 | 0 | |
| Nicaragua | 0 | 0% | 159,081 | 42,214 | 27% | 75% | -70 | -70 | -11.3 |
| Niger | 0 | | 153,769 | 42,164 | 27% | 50% | 0 | 0 | |
| Nigeria | 163 | 53% | 4,431,899 | 3,175,503 | 72% | 10% | 2,501 | 2,501 | No 2005 A7 or CP Data |
| Niue | 0 | | 37,000 | 0 | 0% | 0% | 0 | 0 | |
| Oman | 13 | 100% | 345,766 | 196,773 | 57% | 40% | -31 | -31 | -44.7 |
| Pakistan | 170 | 68% | 4,188,363 | 3,247,920 | 78% | 50% | -725 | -1,360 | No 2005 A7 or CP Data |
| Palau | 0 | | 31,133 | 0 | 0% | 0% | 0 | 0 | |
| Panama | 36 | 0% | 564,147 | 36,051 | 6% | 14% | 13 | 13 | No 2005 A7 or CP Data |
| Papua New Guinea | 0 | | 182,528 | 64,535 | 35% | 0% | 0 | 0 | |
| Paraguay | 2 | 100% | 226,348 | 18,214 | 8% | 20% | -6 | -6 | -27.2 |
| Peru | 161 | 574% | 403,514 | 36,640 | 9% | 50% | 20 | 20 | No 2005 A7 or CP Data |
| Philippines | 390 | 100% | 3,342,585 | 1,120,597 | 34% | 80% | 0 | 0 | |
| Qatar | 0 | 0% | 207,789 | 164,261 | 79% | 0% | 13 | 13 | -24.5 |
| Region: AFR | 0 | 0% | 385,291 | 229,029 | 59% | 0% | 112 | 112 | |
| Region: ASP | 0 | | 358,126 | 155,453 | 43% | 33% | 0 | 0 | |
| Region: EUR | 0 | | 26,986 | 141,240 | 523% | 100% | 0 | 0 | |
| Region: LAC | 0 | | 19,000 | 9,500 | 50% | 100% | 0 | 0 | |
| Romania | 11 | 100% | 451,065 | 514,512 | 114% | 60% | 64 | 64 | No 2005 A7 or CP Data |
| Rwanda | 0 | | 224,525 | 2,330 | 1% | 50% | 0 | 0 | |
| Saint Kitts and Nevis | 0 | 0% | 55,018 | 7,178 | 13% | 0% | 2 | 2 | No 2005 A7 or CP Data |
| Saint Lucia | 0 | | 110,069 | 71,794 | 65% | | 0 | 0 | |
| Saint Vincent and the Grenadines | 0 | | 58,648 | 50,562 | 86% | 100% | 0 | 0 | |
| Sao Tome and Principe | 0 | | 235,598 | 41,703 | 18% | 67% | 0 | 0 | |
| Senegal | 0 | | 78,879 | 54,755 | 69% | 100% | 0 | 0 | |
| Serbia and Montenegro | 0 | 0% | 938,880 | 451,760 | 48% | 17% | 193 | 193 | -174.3 |
| Seychelles | 0 | | 91,759 | 48,414 | 53% | | 0 | 0 | |
| Sierra Leone | 0 | | 333,627 | 81,412 | 24% | 50% | 0 | 0 | |
| Slovenia | 0 | | | 0 | | | 0 | 0 | |

| Country | Phased Out in 2005 | Percentage of Planned Phase-out Achieved in 2005 | Estimated Funds Disbursed in 2005 (US\$) | Funds Disbursed in 2005 (US\$) | Percentage of Funds Disbursed over Estimation in 2005 | Percentage of Planned Projects Completed in 2005 | Net Emission due to delay in 2005 (actual versus Revised Planned Date of Completion) | Net Emission due to delay in 2005 (actual versus Date of Completion per Proposal) | Changes in A7 or CP Data (2005Vs2004) |
|---------------------|--------------------|--|--|--------------------------------|---|--|--|---|---------------------------------------|
| Solomon Islands | 0 | | 23,766 | 0 | 0% | 0% | 0 | 0 | |
| Somalia | 0 | | 77,781 | -13,780 | -18% | 0% | 0 | 0 | |
| Sri Lanka | 6 | 43% | 352,871 | 232,810 | 66% | 0% | 21 | 21 | -35.2 |
| Sudan | 17 | | 326,103 | 37,586 | 12% | 100% | 0 | 0 | |
| Suriname | 0 | | 228,635 | 59,199 | 26% | 33% | 0 | 0 | |
| Swaziland | 0 | | 101,006 | 43,092 | 43% | 0% | 0 | 0 | |
| Syria | 29 | 30% | 1,023,284 | 725,951 | 71% | 25% | 4 | 65 | -201.9 |
| Tanzania | 0 | | 116,116 | 115,152 | 99% | 100% | 0 | 0 | |
| Thailand | 454 | 131% | 7,964,346 | 2,534,814 | 32% | 67% | 1,216 | 1,216 | -209.3 |
| Togo | 4 | 50% | 167,633 | 64,105 | 38% | 0% | 5 | 5 | No 2005 A7 or CP Data |
| Tonga | 0 | | 22,817 | 0 | 0% | 0% | 0 | 0 | |
| Trinidad and Tobago | 43 | | 70,897 | 43,052 | 61% | 0% | 15 | 15 | -2.8 |
| Tunisia | 57 | 100% | 430,447 | 163,020 | 38% | 71% | -57 | -57 | No 2005 A7 or CP Data |
| Turkey | 321 | 94% | 3,166,639 | 1,305,542 | 41% | 60% | 276 | 276 | -43.5 |
| Turkmenistan | 0 | | | 0 | | | 0 | 0 | |
| Tuvalu | 0 | | 16,641 | 0 | 0% | 0% | 0 | 0 | |
| Uganda | 24 | | 164,102 | 74,739 | 46% | | 0 | 0 | |
| Uruguay | -1 | 64% | 246,525 | 161,674 | 66% | 0% | 170 | 170 | 14.6 |
| Vanuatu | 0 | | 24,146 | 0 | 0% | 0% | 0 | 0 | |
| Venezuela | 1,646 | 100% | 3,956,725 | 12,314,198 | 311% | 83% | -28 | -28 | -1,200.8 |
| Vietnam | 49 | 100% | 169,124 | 258,367 | 153% | 75% | -18 | -18 | No 2005 A7 or CP Data |
| Western Samoa | 0 | | 8,029 | 0 | 0% | 0% | 0 | 0 | |
| Yemen | 0 | | 606,968 | 154,732 | 25% | 100% | 0 | 0 | |
| Zambia | 0 | | 158,143 | 72,667 | 46% | | 0 | 0 | |
| Zimbabwe | 21 | 100% | 315,059 | 242,073 | 77% | 0% | 134 | 134 | -87.5 |
| Grand Total | 62,460 | 87% | 187,885,801 | 174,920,707 | 93% | 43% | 11,301 | 4,676 | |

Annex II**ANALYSIS OF PROGRESS REPORT DATA**

1. In the databases submitted to the Fund Secretariat implementing and bilateral agencies provided detailed information about their respective shares of the 5,205 projects (including closed and transferred projects) approved by the Executive Committee through to 31 December 2005. In 2005 270 new projects and activities were approved. The Executive Committee requested that detailed information on a project-by-project basis be made available to Committee members with a printout available upon request (decision 19/23). The database for the Consolidated Progress Report is provided on the Executive Committee's intranet in the spreadsheet programme, Microsoft Excel 2002.

OVERVIEW OF APPROVED FUNDING

2. The Executive Committee approved around US \$1.78 billion for the implementation of investment and non-investment projects through to the end of 2005. In addition, about US \$194.2 million has been approved for agency fees and administrative support. This level of funding is expected to result in the phase-out of 361,133 ODP tonnes of ODS consumption and production. Table 1 summarises the level of approved funding by sector and agency and indicates that most approvals of the Executive Committee have been in the refrigeration (US \$518.6 million) and foam (US \$357.4 million) sectors.

Table 1**APPROVED FUNDING BY SECTOR AND AGENCY AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2005**

| Item | UNDP (US\$) | UNEP (US\$) | UNIDO (US\$) | World Bank (US\$)* | Bilaterals (US\$) | Grand Total (US\$) |
|----------------------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|-----------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|
| Sector | | | | | | |
| Aerosol | 15,006,865 | 372,000 | 8,604,027 | 13,952,045 | 111,400 | 38,046,337 |
| Foam | 157,127,722 | 0 | 65,159,019 | 128,245,738 | 6,847,030 | 357,379,510 |
| Halon | 5,062,875 | 718,000 | 1,670,198 | 70,044,920 | 6,568,961 | 84,064,954 |
| Fumigants | 18,332,123 | 2,577,455 | 50,116,158 | 4,419,493 | 13,169,504 | 88,614,733 |
| Multiple Sectors | 0 | 0 | 39,915 | 2,853,792 | 0 | 2,893,707 |
| Other | 0 | 0 | 9,816,865 | 5,059,360 | 0 | 14,876,225 |
| Phase-out Plan | 39,145,239 | 1,515,078 | 39,023,508 | 61,691,472 | 19,445,519 | 160,820,816 |
| Process Agent | 0 | 0 | 2,872,952 | 57,956,977 | 0 | 60,829,929 |
| Production | 0 | 0 | 40,190,704 | 174,072,120 | 10,000,000 | 224,262,824 |
| Refrigeration | 128,618,867 | 13,597,721 | 151,008,065 | 185,864,626 | 39,535,134 | 518,624,414 |
| Several | 30,490,460 | 80,096,711 | 5,748,257 | 24,235,431 | 3,814,463 | 144,385,322 |
| Solvents | 53,167,021 | 209,000 | 22,157,131 | 10,192,873 | 1,867,436 | 87,593,461 |
| Sterilant | 417,741 | 0 | 0 | 683,795 | 0 | 1,101,536 |
| Sub-Total | 447,368,913 | 99,085,965 | 396,406,799 | 739,272,643 | 101,359,447 | 1,783,493,767 |
| Agency fees/administrative costs | 57,876,031 | 10,007,950 | 49,846,500 | 68,501,992 | 8,012,074 | 194,244,547 |
| GRAND TOTAL | 505,244,944 | 109,093,915 | 446,253,299 | 807,774,635 | 109,371,521 | 1,977,738,314 |

ANNUAL SUMMARIES

3. Table 2 presents an overview of status by year. The data is presented according to the year when a project was approved by the Executive Committee. It treats all approvals (investment and non-investment projects) equally (i.e., an investment project or annual funding tranche of a multi-year agreement of US \$1 million is considered one project as is a country programme preparation of US \$30,000).

4. Key indicators from the annual summary in Table 2 are: the percentage of projects completed, ODP phased out, and per cent of funds disbursed. In reviewing the data on funds disbursed, it should be noted that there are four types of disbursements: during implementation, after implementation, for retroactively-financed projects, and for time-sensitive projects.

Table 2

ANNUAL SUMMARY

| Year Approved | Number of Approvals* | Number Completed | Per Cent Completed | Consumption ODP to be Phased Out* | Consumption ODP Phased Out* | Per Cent of Consumption ODP Phased Out | Production ODP to be Phased Out* | Production ODP Phased Out* | Per Cent of Production ODP Phased Out | Approved Funding plus Adjustment (US\$) | Funds Disbursed (US\$) | Per Cent of Funds Disbursed | Balance (US\$) | Estimated Disbursement in Current Year (US\$) |
|---------------|----------------------|------------------|--------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------|--|----------------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------------------|---|------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------|---|
| 1991 | 68 | 68 | 100% | 536 | 600 | 112% | 0 | 0 | 0% | 7,950,771 | 7,950,771 | 100% | 0 | 0 |
| 1992 | 176 | 176 | 100% | 18,861 | 18,713 | 99% | 0 | 0 | 0% | 41,336,257 | 41,237,343 | 100% | 98,914 | 0 |
| 1993 | 217 | 217 | 100% | 4,483 | 5,056 | 113% | 0 | 0 | 0% | 73,182,092 | 73,158,593 | 100% | 23,499 | 23,465 |
| 1994 | 379 | 378 | 100% | 18,479 | 19,104 | 103% | 1,200 | 1,200 | 100% | 128,639,548 | 128,575,636 | 100% | 63,912 | 48,828 |
| 1995 | 355 | 354 | 100% | 13,499 | 13,451 | 100% | 0 | 0 | 0% | 111,207,445 | 110,874,416 | 100% | 333,028 | 0 |
| 1996 | 257 | 257 | 100% | 10,476 | 10,014 | 96% | 0 | 0 | 0% | 84,104,717 | 83,669,104 | 99% | 435,613 | 241,118 |
| 1997 | 532 | 525 | 99% | 29,877 | 29,600 | 99% | 11,739 | 11,739 | 100% | 157,078,438 | 153,047,797 | 97% | 4,030,641 | 1,035,339 |
| 1998 | 422 | 412 | 98% | 15,986 | 15,672 | 98% | 5,826 | 5,826 | 100% | 102,605,358 | 100,690,039 | 98% | 1,915,318 | 1,031,916 |
| 1999 | 549 | 524 | 95% | 17,174 | 15,719 | 92% | 11,468 | 11,468 | 100% | 154,601,597 | 149,762,963 | 97% | 4,838,634 | 2,353,092 |
| 2000 | 427 | 394 | 92% | 11,558 | 9,985 | 86% | 8,793 | 8,793 | 100% | 110,717,069 | 106,407,426 | 96% | 4,309,643 | 1,891,195 |
| 2001 | 427 | 376 | 88% | 14,671 | 13,495 | 92% | 7,864 | 7,868 | 100% | 131,637,161 | 124,207,479 | 94% | 7,429,681 | 4,757,101 |
| 2002 | 363 | 251 | 69% | 15,352 | 13,594 | 89% | 7,673 | 7,675 | 100% | 164,657,250 | 130,940,078 | 80% | 33,717,172 | 19,853,954 |
| 2003 | 248 | 115 | 46% | 9,721 | 9,126 | 94% | 7,421 | 7,421 | 100% | 157,913,841 | 101,677,378 | 64% | 56,236,463 | 27,414,730 |
| 2004 | 279 | 62 | 22% | 9,891 | 6,227 | 63% | 17,333 | 17,299 | 100% | 164,717,875 | 78,407,423 | 48% | 86,310,453 | 43,813,302 |
| 2005 | 269 | 10 | 4% | 32,438 | 9,094 | 28% | 58,814 | 36,908 | 63% | 193,144,349 | 27,494,691 | 14% | 165,649,658 | 72,408,628 |
| Total | 4,968 | 4,119 | 83% | 223,003 | 189,451 | 85% | 138,130 | 116,197 | 84% | 1,783,493,767 | 1,418,101,138 | 80% | 365,392,628 | 174,872,668 |

*Excludes Closed and Transferred Projects

5. Of the US \$1.78 billion in approved funding (including adjustments), the agencies (including bilateral agencies) disbursed around US \$1.42 billion. Projects approved by the Executive Committee have thus far resulted in the permanent annual phase-out of 305,648 ODP tonnes of consumption and production of which 246,449 ODP tonnes is from completed projects and 59,199 ODP tonnes is from ongoing projects. Table 2 indicates that the percentage phased out in the years 1991, 1993, 1994 and 1995 exceeds 100 per cent. This is due to the phase-out of larger amounts of consumption than those originally indicated in some of the project proposals.

6. All projects and activities approved in 1991 until the end of 1996 have now been completed with the exception of an institutional strengthening project in Uganda (UNEP implementation) and a refrigeration project in Argentina (World Bank implementation).

SUMMARY DATA BY PROJECT TYPE

7. The Executive Committee approves several different types of projects including: country programme preparation, demonstration projects, institutional strengthening, project preparation, investment projects (including annual tranches of multi-year agreements), training projects and technical assistance. Technical assistance includes UNEP's clearing house and networking activities as well as publications, refrigerant management plans, and recovery and recycling projects. A summary of the status of projects, by category, is presented in Table 3.

Table 3

SUMMARY DATA BY PROJECT TYPE

| Type | Number of Approvals * | Number Completed | Per Cent Completed | Approved Funding (US\$) | Adjustment (US \$) | Funds Disbursed (US \$) | Per Cent of Funds Disbursed | Balance (US\$) | Estimated Disbursement In Current Year (US \$) |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------------|------------------|--------------------|-------------------------|--------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------|--|
| Country Programme Preparation | 163 | 158 | 97% | 8,364,659 | -1,187,407 | 7,015,351 | 98% | 161,901 | 102,694 |
| Demonstration Projects | 81 | 67 | 83% | 31,503,044 | -957,460 | 17,333,887 | 57% | 13,211,697 | 1,908,625 |
| Institutional Strengthening Projects | 450 | 286 | 64% | 50,623,383 | 235,265 | 38,739,039 | 76% | 12,119,610 | 8,450,996 |
| Investment Projects | 2,072 | 1,845 | 89% | 1,516,864,403 | -29,209,349 | 1,188,589,654 | 80% | 299,065,400 | 136,420,783 |
| Project Preparation | 1,053 | 998 | 95% | 58,593,525 | -11,786,028 | 44,844,826 | 96% | 1,962,671 | 1,559,733 |
| Technical Assistance Projects | 829 | 527 | 64% | 141,396,435 | -6,845,038 | 99,851,375 | 74% | 34,700,022 | 22,512,031 |
| Training Projects | 320 | 238 | 74% | 25,940,654 | -42,320 | 21,727,007 | 84% | 4,171,327 | 3,917,805 |
| GRAND TOTAL | 4,968 | 4,119 | 83% | 1,833,286,103 | -49,792,336 | 1,418,101,138 | 80% | 365,392,628 | 174,872,668 |

*Excludes Closed and Transferred Projects.

8. Of the 4,968 projects approved by the Executive Committee, 2,072 (about 42 per cent) are classified as investment projects. Investment projects represent around US \$1.49 billion of the US \$1.78 billion approved for activities under the Multilateral Fund (83 per cent of the total funds approved). The second largest number of projects are classified as technical assistance for which the Committee has approved a total of over US \$134.5 million.

9. By the end of 2005, 97 per cent of country programme preparation projects had been completed and 96 per cent of the funds allocated for project preparation activities had been disbursed.

10. By the end of 2005, 89 per cent of investment projects had been completed, 83 per cent of demonstration projects had been completed and 76 per cent of approved funds had been disbursed for institutional strengthening projects.

COMPLETED PROJECTS

11. Completed projects/activities are defined in decisions 17/22 and 19/23 as projects that have been commissioned and where the ODS addressed has been phased out. A further decision (decision 28/2) extends the definition to cover situations where no further use of CFCs in the sectors covered is in evidence, where an alternative product is being produced (and/or production has begun), and where the equipment using CFCs has been destroyed/dismantled/rendered unusable with respect to ODSSs. Work programme activities without an ODS phase-out are considered completed when the activity is finished (e.g., for a workshop, when it is conducted).

12. Overall, 94 per cent of the funds approved for completed investment projects have been disbursed. The reason that 100 per cent of funds have not been disbursed for completed projects is that it may take from six months to a year to finalise accounting records.

Completed Investment Projects

13. Table 4 presents information on investment projects that have been completed since 1991. The table presents the data in total, followed by data according to region, sector, implementation characteristics, and disbursement methods.

Table 4**CUMULATIVE COMPLETED INVESTMENT PROJECTS**

| Item | Number of Projects | Approved Funds plus Adjustment (US \$) | Per Cent of Funds Disbursed | Consumption ODP Phased Out** | Production ODP Phased Out** | Average Number of Months from Approval to First Disbursement | Average Number of Months from Approval to Completion | Overall Cost-Effectiveness to the Fund (US\$/kg.) |
|---|--------------------|--|-----------------------------|------------------------------|-----------------------------|--|--|---|
| GRAND TOTAL | 1,845 | 1,155,205,613 | 94% | 163,290 | 79,289 | 15 | 34 | \$4.76 |
| Region | | | | | | | | |
| Africa | 231 | 75,525,539 | 98% | 9,385 | 0 | 13 | 35 | \$8.05 |
| Asia & Pacific | 1,126 | 862,864,808 | 93% | 130,238 | 76,429 | 16 | 34 | \$4.18 |
| Europe | 64 | 39,339,857 | 94% | 6,026 | 0 | 10 | 23 | \$6.53 |
| Latin America and Caribbean | 424 | 177,475,409 | 97% | 17,640 | 2,860 | 15 | 33 | \$8.66 |
| Global | n/a | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0 | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| Sector | | | | | | | | |
| Aerosol | 107 | 26,987,504 | 99% | 24,747 | 0 | 16 | 38 | \$1.09 |
| Foam | 952 | 320,955,488 | 92% | 58,470 | 0 | 15 | 33 | \$5.49 |
| Fumigants | 19 | 15,307,662 | 98% | 559 | 0 | 10 | 33 | \$27.39 |
| Halon | 33 | 58,409,298 | 95% | 33,803 | 29,988 | 16 | 27 | \$0.92 |
| Multiple Sectors* | 4 | 2,800,000 | 93% | 419 | 0 | 28 | 78 | \$6.69 |
| Other | 6 | 12,859,360 | 99% | 1,074 | 0 | 13 | 20 | \$11.97 |
| Phase-out Plan | 27 | 65,336,180 | 58% | 4,857 | 0 | 16 | 16 | \$13.45 |
| Process Agent | 15 | 42,595,464 | 100% | 1,134 | 9,295 | 12 | 26 | \$4.08 |
| Production | 20 | 162,485,170 | 98% | 0 | 40,006 | 9 | 10 | \$4.06 |
| Refrigeration | 549 | 383,298,983 | 99% | 32,990 | 0 | 16 | 38 | \$11.62 |
| Solvents | 111 | 63,362,667 | 88% | 5,197 | 0 | 20 | 31 | \$12.19 |
| Sterilant | 2 | 807,836 | 101% | 41 | 0 | 8 | 33 | \$19.85 |
| Implementation Characteristics | | | | | | | | |
| Agency Implementation | 1,240 | 446,471,819 | 98% | 62,129 | 1,750 | 11 | 31 | \$6.99 |
| National Implementation | 605 | 708,733,794 | 91% | 101,160 | 77,539 | 24 | 41 | \$3.97 |
| Time or Objective-sensitive Accounts | | | | | | | | |
| Time-Sensitive | 0 | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0 | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| Objective-Sensitive | 1,845 | 1,155,205,613 | 94% | 163,290 | 79,289 | 15 | 34 | \$4.76 |
| Disbursement Method | | | | | | | | |
| During Implementation | 1,762 | 1,124,989,529 | 94% | 158,871 | 78,789 | 15 | 35 | \$4.73 |
| After Implementation | 47 | 16,073,499 | 100% | 2,318 | 0 | 21 | 24 | \$6.93 |
| Retroactive Funding | 36 | 14,142,585 | 100% | 2,100 | 500 | 15 | 8 | \$5.44 |

* No funds are listed for the multiple sector investment projects, but are recorded in appropriate sector.

** Total phased out for the Fund is 305,648 includes 3,870 from completed non-investment projects and 59,199 from ongoing projects.

Note: The sum of each section (Region, Sector, etc.) equals the Grand Total.

14. Up to 31 December 2005, investment projects representing around US \$1.16 billion have been completed resulting in the permanent phase-out of 242,579 tonnes² with an overall cost-effectiveness of US \$4.76/kg ODP phased out.

² Total phased out for the Fund includes 242,579 from completed investment projects 3,870 from completed non-investment projects and 59,199 from ongoing projects.

15. The average time from approval to first disbursement was 15 months and the average project duration was 34 months. Project duration is only slightly impacted by retroactive projects (i.e., projects funded after phase-out) since they represent only around two per cent of the total number of completed investment projects.

16. On a regional basis, 1,126 investment projects were completed in the Asia and Pacific region, 424 investment projects in Latin America and the Caribbean, 231 in Africa, and 64 in Europe.

Completed Non-Investment Projects

17. Table 5 presents data on cumulative completed non-investment projects. Since 1991, 1,276 non-investment projects have been completed representing funding support from the Multilateral Fund of around US \$162.6 million. Ninety-eight (98) per cent of the funds for completed non-investment projects have been disbursed. Fifty-six (56) per cent of completed non-investment funding is in the sector identified as “Several”, which means those projects that have an impact on more than one sector (such as UNEP’s clearinghouse and networking activities).

Table 5**CUMULATIVE COMPLETED NON-INVESTMENT PROJECTS**

| Item | Number of Projects | Approved Funds plus Adjustment (US \$) | Per Cent of Funds Disbursed | Average Number of Months from Approval to First Disbursement | Average Number of Months from Approval to Completion |
|---|--------------------|--|-----------------------------|--|--|
| GRAND TOTAL | 1,276 | 162,583,108 | 98% | 10 | 32 |
| Region | | | | | |
| Africa | 321 | 27,807,223 | 98% | 10 | 35 |
| Asia & Pacific | 344 | 44,730,074 | 97% | 12 | 34 |
| Europe | 74 | 6,661,694 | 97% | 10 | 36 |
| Latin America and Caribbean | 313 | 37,399,015 | 99% | 10 | 33 |
| Global | 224 | 45,985,102 | 97% | 5 | 23 |
| Sector | | | | | |
| Aerosol | 17 | 1,536,170 | 98% | 11 | 33 |
| Foam | 19 | 3,186,854 | 100% | 18 | 31 |
| Fumigants | 89 | 13,879,642 | 99% | 6 | 29 |
| Halon | 54 | 5,864,684 | 100% | 12 | 29 |
| Multiple Sectors | 1 | 53,792 | 100% | 56 | 58 |
| Other | 1 | 76,499 | 100% | 7 | 38 |
| Phase-out Plan | 6 | 326,750 | 87% | 7 | 24 |
| Process Agent | 0 | 0 | 0% | n/a | n/a |
| Production | 0 | 0 | 0% | n/a | n/a |
| Refrigeration | 363 | 42,038,791 | 97% | 14 | 40 |
| Several | 712 | 93,605,738 | 97% | 8 | 29 |
| Solvents | 14 | 2,014,188 | 97% | 14 | 20 |
| Sterilant | 0 | 0 | 0% | n/a | n/a |
| Implementation Characteristics | | | | | |
| Agency Implementation | 943 | 116,591,104 | 98% | 9 | 29 |
| National Implementation | 333 | 45,992,005 | 98% | 13 | 40 |
| Time or Objective-sensitive Accounts | | | | | |
| Time-Sensitive | 305 | 32,448,371 | 97% | 9 | 37 |
| Objective-Sensitive | 971 | 130,134,737 | 98% | 10 | 31 |
| Disbursement Method | | | | | |
| During Implementation | 1,252 | 160,360,132 | 98% | 10 | 32 |
| After Implementation | 24 | 2,222,976 | 99% | 14 | 22 |
| Retroactive Funding | 0 | 0 | 0% | n/a | n/a |

18. The average time from approval to first disbursement for non-investment projects is much shorter than for investment projects (10 months versus 15 months). Non-investment projects have been completed, on average, 32 months after they were approved by the Executive Committee. This figure is influenced by the large number of projects (712 of 1,276) classified in the sector called “Several”, which had an average time from approval to completion of 29 months. Non-investment projects in the other sectors (e.g., *inter alia*, halon and solvents) were completed from between 20 and 58 months after they had been approved.

19. Almost all projects (943 of 1,276) were implemented by the agency concerned rather than through national implementation. Agency implementation of non-investment projects normally does not require legal agreements which may explain the shorter period of time (29 months) compared with nationally-implemented non-investment projects (40 months).

20. Non-investment projects include work programme activities excluding project preparation.

ONGOING PROJECTS

21. Ongoing projects are all projects that have been approved by the Executive Committee and were under implementation as of 31 December 2005. Key indicators in the database of progress towards implementing ongoing projects include:

- (a) Percentage of funds disbursed and percentage of projects that have begun disbursing funds;
- (b) The level of funding expected to be disbursed by the end of the year (funds disbursed plus estimated disbursements in 2006) as a percentage of the approved funding;
- (c) The average length of projected delay in implementation (project completion per proposal and currently planned date of completion); and
- (d) Information provided by the implementing agencies in the remarks column of the project-by-project listing in the database.

Ongoing Investment Projects

22. Table 6 presents information on the status of investment projects under implementation by region, sector, and implementation characteristics.

Table 6**CUMULATIVE ONGOING INVESTMENT PROJECTS**

| Item | Number of Projects | Approved Funds plus Adjustment (US\$) | Per Cent of Funds Disbursed | Number of Projects Disbursing | Per Cent of Projects Disbursing | Average Number of Months from Approval to First Disbursement | Average Number of Months from Approval to Planned Completion | Average Length of Delay in Project Planned Completion | Overall Cost-Effectiveness to the Fund (US\$/kg.)* |
|---|--------------------|---------------------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------------------|---------------------------------|--|--|---|--|
| GRAND TOTAL | 227 | 321,884,650 | 30% | 139 | 61% | 11 | 39 | 18 | \$3.01 |
| Region | | | | | | | | | |
| Africa | 38 | 32,720,572 | 27% | 30 | 79% | 9 | 38 | 14 | \$9.46 |
| Asia & Pacific | 112 | 185,196,624 | 29% | 63 | 56% | 13 | 40 | 22 | \$2.25 |
| Europe | 21 | 13,267,177 | 33% | 15 | 71% | 10 | 35 | 14 | \$15.37 |
| Latin America and Caribbean | 56 | 90,700,277 | 32% | 31 | 55% | 9 | 39 | 16 | \$4.49 |
| Global | 0 | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% | 0 | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| Sector | | | | | | | | | |
| Aerosol | 10 | 8,367,697 | 20% | 9 | 90% | 10 | 37 | 16 | \$13.92 |
| Foam | 23 | 23,322,954 | 60% | 20 | 87% | 19 | 52 | 30 | \$5.77 |
| Fumigants | 50 | 50,665,764 | 42% | 34 | 68% | 9 | 52 | 17 | \$11.69 |
| Halon | 3 | 12,531,000 | 5% | 2 | 67% | 29 | 58 | 42 | \$0.72 |
| Multiple Sectors | 0 | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% | n/a | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| Other | 1 | 1,700,000 | 20% | 1 | 100% | 5 | 12 | n/a | \$8.50 |
| Phase-out Plan | 73 | 86,542,592 | 17% | 36 | 49% | 7 | 26 | 11 | \$2.88 |
| Process Agent | 4 | 17,600,181 | 9% | 2 | 50% | 5 | 38 | 30 | \$0.85 |
| Production | 11 | 60,700,000 | 40% | 5 | 45% | 7 | 24 | 4 | \$2.71 |
| Refrigeration | 43 | 40,593,779 | 41% | 24 | 56% | 14 | 43 | 24 | \$7.75 |
| Solvents | 8 | 19,571,983 | 2% | 5 | 63% | 3 | 32 | 12 | \$11.95 |
| Sterilant | 1 | 288,700 | 42% | 1 | 100% | 29 | 41 | 17 | \$19.91 |
| Implementation Characteristics | | | | | | | | | |
| Agency Implementation | 139 | 153,264,100 | 32% | 97 | 70% | 7 | 43 | 16 | \$5.66 |
| National Implementation | 88 | 168,620,550 | 28% | 42 | 48% | 19 | 33 | 22 | \$2.12 |
| Time or Objective-sensitive Accounts | | | | | | | | | |
| Time-Sensitive | 0 | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% | n/a | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| Objective-Sensitive | 227 | 321,884,650 | 30% | 139 | 61% | 11 | 39 | 18 | \$3.01 |
| Disbursement Method | | | | | | | | | |
| During Implementation | 226 | 320,775,530 | 30% | 138 | 61% | 11 | 39 | 18 | \$3.01 |
| After Implementation | 1 | 1,109,120 | 75% | 1 | 100% | 10 | 32 | 8 | \$5.78 |
| Retroactive Funding | 0 | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% | n/a | n/a | n/a | n/a |

23. There are currently 227 investment projects under implementation. These projects represent approved funding (plus adjustments) of over US \$321.9 million. Around 30 per cent of the funds have already been disbursed. The overall average cost-effectiveness of ongoing investment projects is US \$3.01/kg ODP to be phased out, as approved.

24. Of the ongoing investment projects 49 per cent (112 out of 227) are for countries in the Asia and Pacific region, representing almost 58 per cent (US \$185.2 million) of the funds approved for ongoing investment projects. The Latin American and the Caribbean region has 56 investment projects under implementation valued at US \$90.7 million, Africa has 38 projects (US \$32.7 million) and Europe has 21 projects (US \$13.3 million).

25. About 27 per cent of the funds approved for ongoing investment projects, representing around US \$86.5 million, are in the phase-out plan sector. The second largest funding allocation for ongoing investment projects is for the production sector (US \$60.7 million) followed by the fumigants sector (US \$50.7 million). The remaining sectors have the following number of investment projects under implementation: aerosol (10), foam (23), solvents (8), halon (3), other sectors (1), process agent (4), refrigeration (43) and sterilants (1).

26. Of the 227 ongoing investment projects, 61 per cent (139) have begun disbursing funds.

27. Most ongoing investment projects are under agency implementation (139 projects) but there are 88 projects under national implementation. Of agency-implemented ongoing investment projects, 70 per cent have begun disbursement compared with 48 per cent of nationally-implemented ongoing investment projects.

28. The average number of months from approval to first disbursement is 11 months. The average duration of an ongoing investment project is 39 months. Typically, ongoing investment projects completed 18 months later than originally planned, which could be considered the average delay.

Ongoing Non-Investment Projects

29. Table 7 presents information on the status of non-investment projects under implementation by region, sector, and implementation characteristics.

Table 7**CUMULATIVE ONGOING NON-INVESTMENT PROJECTS**

| Item | Number of Projects | Approved Funds plus Adjustment (US\$) | Per Cent of Funds Disbursed | Number of Projects Disbursing | Per Cent of Projects Disbursing | Average Number of Months from Approval to First Disbursement | Average Number of Months from Approval to Planned Completion | Average Length of Delay in Project Planned Completion |
|---|--------------------|---------------------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------------------|---------------------------------|--|--|---|
| GRAND TOTAL | 567 | 86,069,744 | 30% | 349 | 62% | 12 | 40 | 12 |
| Region | | | | | | | | |
| Africa | 178 | 17,899,419 | 43% | 112 | 63% | 10 | 39 | 12 |
| Asia & Pacific | 183 | 24,614,881 | 40% | 110 | 60% | 13 | 40 | 11 |
| Europe | 32 | 4,868,929 | 16% | 21 | 66% | 9 | 34 | 8 |
| Latin America and Caribbean | 160 | 22,968,029 | 30% | 98 | 61% | 14 | 44 | 15 |
| Global | 14 | 15,718,486 | 3% | 8 | 57% | 6 | 30 | 10 |
| Sector | | | | | | | | |
| Aerosol | 3 | 152,000 | 37% | 2 | 67% | 15 | 51 | 16 |
| Foam | 0 | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| Fumigants | 32 | 5,907,954 | 40% | 17 | 53% | 17 | 47 | 16 |
| Halon | 24 | 6,403,175 | 57% | 18 | 75% | 18 | 60 | 23 |
| Multiple Sectors | 0 | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| Other | 0 | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| Phase-out Plan | 40 | 6,780,680 | 35% | 23 | 58% | 7 | 37 | 10 |
| Process Agent | 0 | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| Production | 0 | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| Refrigeration | 249 | 37,373,411 | 26% | 165 | 66% | 14 | 45 | 13 |
| Several | 203 | 28,646,834 | 26% | 113 | 56% | 9 | 33 | 10 |
| Solvents | 16 | 805,690 | 12% | 11 | 69% | 7 | 20 | 5 |
| Sterilant | 0 | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| Implementation Characteristics | | | | | | | | |
| Agency Implementation | 301 | 45,452,889 | 36% | 206 | 68% | 12 | 42 | 15 |
| National Implementation | 266 | 40,616,855 | 23% | 143 | 54% | 12 | 38 | 9 |
| Time or Objective-sensitive Accounts | | | | | | | | |
| Time-Sensitive | 163 | 16,756,417 | 34% | 90 | 55% | 9 | 33 | 9 |
| Objective-Sensitive | 404 | 69,313,327 | 29% | 259 | 64% | 13 | 43 | 13 |
| Disbursement Method | | | | | | | | |
| During Implementation | 566 | 85,976,469 | 30% | 349 | 62% | 12 | 40 | 12 |
| After Implementation | 1 | 93,275 | 0% | 0 | 0% | n/a | 13 | n/a |
| Retroactive Funding | 0 | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% | n/a | n/a | n/a |

30. There are currently 567 non-investment projects under implementation representing approved funding (plus adjustments) of around US \$86.07 million. Roughly 30 per cent of the funds for ongoing non-investment projects have been disbursed.

31. The largest amount of funding for non-investment projects, by region, is US \$24.6 million for the Asia and the Pacific region. Funding for ongoing non-investment projects in other regions is as follows: Latin America and the Caribbean region, US \$22.97 million; Africa, US \$17.9 million; and, Europe, US \$4.9 million. Ongoing global activities are valued at a total of US \$15.7 million.

32. On a sectoral basis, most non-investment funding is applied to the refrigeration sector (US \$37.4 million for 249 projects). There are 203 ongoing non-investment projects in the “several” sector category (US \$28.6 million), 40 in the phase-out plan sector (US \$6.8 million), 24 in the halon sector (6.4 million), 32 in the fumigant sector (5.91 million) and 19 projects for all other sectors (US \$957,690).

33. Of the 567 ongoing non-investment projects, 62 per cent (349 projects) have begun disbursing funds.

34. The average number of months from approval to first disbursement is 12 months. On average, ongoing non-investment projects are completed 40 months from the date of approval, which represents a delay of 12 months.

PROJECT PREPARATION

35. Project preparation requests are included in annual work programmes and amendments to work programmes. Project preparation leads to investment projects in general and, in some cases, demonstration projects (in particular for methyl bromide) and the implementation of projects included in refrigerant management plans.

36. Table 8 presents data on both completed and ongoing project preparation activities. The implementing agencies have completed 998 project preparation activities for which there remains a balance of US \$396,010 that has not yet been disbursed. This figure is around US \$71,887 lower than it had been in 2004. On average, it has taken 17 months to complete project preparation.

Table 8**PROJECT PREPARATION**

| Item | COMPLETED PROJECT PREPARATION | | | | | ONGOING PROJECT PREPARATION | | | | | | | |
|--------------------------------|-------------------------------|---------------------------------------|-----------------------------|--|--|-----------------------------|---------------------------------------|------------------------|-----------------------------|--|--|----------------|---|
| | Number of Projects | Approved Funds plus Adjustment (US\$) | Per Cent of Funds Disbursed | Average Number of Months from Approval to First Disbursement | Average Number of Months from Approval to Completion | Number of Projects | Approved Funds plus Adjustment (US\$) | Funds Disbursed (US\$) | Per Cent of Funds Disbursed | Average Number of Months from Approval to First Disbursement | Average Number of Months from Approval to Planned Completion | Balance (US\$) | Estimated Disbursement in Current Year (US\$) |
| GRAND TOTAL | 998 | 44,695,772 | 99% | 4 | 17 | 55 | 1,954,603 | 427,942 | 22% | 6 | 22 | 1,526,661 | 1,303,220 |
| Agency | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| UNDP | 333 | 10,626,354 | 99% | 2 | 15 | 15 | 373,103 | 117,313 | 31% | 5 | 20 | 255,790 | 252,290 |
| UNEP | 43 | 1,116,592 | 86% | 9 | 23 | 8 | 210,000 | 40,325 | 19% | 7 | 23 | 169,675 | 169,675 |
| UNIDO | 296 | 8,426,507 | 99% | 6 | 22 | 21 | 794,000 | 163,554 | 21% | 6 | 24 | 630,446 | 410,505 |
| WORLD BANK | 247 | 21,475,315 | 100% | 5 | 13 | 7 | 465,500 | 68,250 | 15% | 16 | 20 | 397,250 | 397,250 |
| Bilaterals | 79 | 3,051,004 | n/a | n/a | n/a | 4 | 112,000 | 38,500 | 34% | n/a | n/a | 73,500 | 73,500 |
| Region | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Africa | 212 | 5,201,013 | 98% | 5 | 17 | 20 | 534,740 | 173,667 | 32% | 5 | 29 | 361,073 | 322,691 |
| Asia & Pacific | 391 | 23,067,795 | 99% | 4 | 17 | 17 | 858,863 | 136,846 | 16% | 8 | 19 | 722,017 | 576,835 |
| Europe | 72 | 2,725,232 | 99% | 5 | 18 | 5 | 105,000 | 6,978 | 7% | 6 | 19 | 98,022 | 58,201 |
| Latin Amer./Car. | 308 | 12,444,777 | 99% | 5 | 16 | 11 | 297,000 | 37,507 | 13% | 9 | 17 | 259,493 | 259,493 |
| Global | 15 | 1,256,955 | 98% | 6 | 16 | 2 | 159,000 | 72,944 | 46% | 1 | 10 | 86,056 | 86,000 |
| Sector | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Aerosol | 32 | 523,766 | 99% | 3 | 15 | 6 | 425,500 | 10,387 | 2% | 11 | 26 | 415,113 | 337,006 |
| Foam | 173 | 5,136,862 | 99% | 3 | 16 | 1 | 22,493 | 17,780 | 79% | 2 | 12 | 4,713 | 4,713 |
| Fumigants | 100 | 2,467,989 | 98% | 5 | 14 | 6 | 200,000 | 35,154 | 18% | 11 | 40 | 164,846 | 93,003 |
| Halon | 23 | 774,927 | 100% | 5 | 19 | 4 | 81,870 | 13,704 | 17% | 4 | 19 | 68,166 | 51,070 |
| Multiple Sectors | 1 | 39,915 | 100% | 1 | 12 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0% | n/a | n/a | 0 | 0 |
| Other | 2 | 240,366 | 100% | 11 | 35 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0% | n/a | n/a | 0 | 0 |
| Phase-out Plan | 25 | 1,287,594 | 99% | 5 | 16 | 18 | 543,870 | 62,913 | 12% | 3 | 16 | 480,957 | 434,871 |
| Process Agent | 6 | 509,284 | 100% | 8 | 20 | 1 | 125,000 | 56,250 | 45% | 20 | 24 | 68,750 | 68,750 |
| Production | 9 | 1,077,654 | 99% | 8 | 13 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0% | n/a | n/a | 0 | 0 |
| Refrigeration | 301 | 8,991,416 | 98% | 6 | 19 | 12 | 386,870 | 183,861 | 48% | 6 | 24 | 203,009 | 202,806 |
| Several | 282 | 21,945,267 | 100% | 3 | 15 | 1 | 40,000 | 0 | 0% | n/a | 13 | 40,000 | 40,000 |
| Solvents | 43 | 1,695,732 | 98% | 6 | 25 | 6 | 129,000 | 47,893 | 37% | 3 | 24 | 81,107 | 71,001 |
| Sterilant | 1 | 5,000 | 100% | 1 | 9 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0% | n/a | n/a | 0 | 0 |
| Implementation Type | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Agency | 955 | 41,397,732 | 99% | 4 | 17 | 44 | 1,664,863 | 385,744 | 23% | 6 | 23 | 1,279,119 | 1,075,178 |
| National | 43 | 3,298,040 | 100% | 7 | 18 | 11 | 289,740 | 42,198 | 15% | 8 | 18 | 247,542 | 228,042 |
| Time/Objective Accounts | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Time | 115 | 10,501,101 | 100% | 2 | 9 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0% | n/a | n/a | 0 | 0 |
| Objective | 883 | 34,194,671 | 99% | 5 | 18 | 55 | 1,954,603 | 427,942 | 22% | 6 | 22 | 1,526,661 | 1,303,220 |
| Disbursement | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| During Imp. | 992 | 43,795,772 | 99% | 4 | 17 | 55 | 1,954,603 | 427,942 | 22% | 6 | 22 | 1,526,661 | 1,303,220 |
| After Imp. | 6 | 900,000 | 100% | 7 | 21 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0% | n/a | n/a | 0 | 0 |
| Retroactive | 0 | 0 | 0% | n/a | n/a | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0% | n/a | n/a | 0 | 0 |

37. Implementing agencies have a balance of US \$1.92 million carried over for project preparation activities in 2005. Ongoing project preparation activities are expected to take 22 months to complete. This is five months longer than for completed project preparation.

38. On a regional basis, most of the ongoing project development activities (36 per cent) are in the Africa region. Most of the ongoing project preparation is occurring in the phase-out plan sector (US \$543,870).

PROJECT IMPLEMENTATION DELAYS

39. The Executive Committee has defined projects with implementation delays as projects where no disbursement had occurred 18 months after approval, or projects that are expected to be completed 12 months later than forecast in the last progress report (decision 22/61).

40. In 2005 the Secretariat identified 110 projects with implementation delays, 38 of which were classified with implementation delays in 2004. The total number of projects classified with implementation delays is the same in 2005 as in 2004. However, it should be noted that pursuant to decision 36/14, the following types of projects are no longer so classified: institutional strengthening, halon banking, customs training, recovery and recycling, and demonstration projects. Decision 36/14 does, however, request that the Secretariat continue to monitor these types of projects, as appropriate. A list of the projects with implementation delays is attached as an appendix to this Annex. The Executive Committee maintains a “watching brief” on these projects as per decision 23/4, and the implementing agencies will be requested to report on these projects to the 50th Meeting of the Executive Committee.

41. A separate document entitled “Project Implementation Delays” (UNEP/OzL.Pro/ExCom/49/16) addresses follow-up information on project implementation delays that had been identified in the 2004 Progress Report.

CLOSED AND TRANSFERRED PROJECTS

42. Table 9 presents a summary of closed and transferred projects. Closed projects are cancelled projects. Of the 215 cancelled projects, 83 were project preparation activities. The World Bank has the highest number of closed projects (91). Remaining balances for closed projects are the result of possible unpaid commitments against these projects; however, projects should be classified as closed only after the balances have been returned. Implementing agencies provide a report on any balances from cancelled projects in the context of the Report on Balances and Availability of Resources (UNEP/OzL.Pro/ExCom/49/4). Six projects were cancelled and closed in 2005.

43. Transferred projects are projects transferred from one agency to another. There are 22 such transferred projects.

Table 9**CLOSED AND TRANSFERRED PROJECTS SUMMARY**

| Agency | Number of Projects | Approved Funding (US\$) | Adjustments (US\$) | Approved Funding Plus Adjustment (US\$) | Funds Disbursed (US\$) | Balances (US\$) | Percent of Funds Disbursed | Consumption ODP to Be Phased Out | Consumption ODP Phased Out |
|-----------------------------|--------------------|-------------------------|--------------------|---|------------------------|-----------------|----------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------|
| Closed Projects | | | | | | | | | |
| UNDP | 67 | 15,516,073 | -9,052,068 | 6,464,005 | 6,210,445 | 253,560 | 96% | 600 | 547 |
| UNEP | 3 | 254,000 | -214,000 | 40,000 | 20,000 | 20,000 | 50% | 0 | 0 |
| UNIDO | 47 | 7,562,104 | -4,701,478 | 2,860,626 | 2,860,626 | 0 | 100% | 181 | 109 |
| World Bank | 91 | 30,022,601 | -28,660,521 | 1,362,080 | 1,362,080 | 0 | 100% | 655 | 581 |
| Bilaterals | 7 | 741,314 | -416,869 | 324,445 | 160,965 | 163,480 | 14% | 5 | 0 |
| Total | 215 | 54,096,092 | -43,044,936 | 11,051,156 | 10,614,116 | 437,040 | 100% | 1,441 | 1,237 |
| Transferred Projects | | | | | | | | | |
| UNDP | 9 | 610,450 | -561,329 | 49,121 | 29,121 | 20,000 | 59% | 0 | 0 |
| UNEP | 3 | 90,000 | -90,000 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0 |
| UNIDO | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0 |
| World Bank | 6 | 1,248,650 | -1,248,650 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0 |
| Bilaterals | 4 | 750,403 | -750,403 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0 |
| Total | 22 | 2,699,503 | -2,650,382 | 49,121 | 29,121 | 20,000 | 59% | 0 | 0 |

Appendix

PROJECTS WITH IMPLEMENTATION DELAYS

| Code | Agency | Project Title | Category of Delays |
|--------------------|---------|---|-------------------------|
| CUB/PHA/43/TAS/26 | Canada | National CFC phase-out management plan: phase-out of ODS in the refrigeration and air-conditioning sector (first tranche) | 12 months delays |
| CUB/PHA/43/TAS/27 | France | National CFC phase-out management plan: phase-out of ODS in the refrigeration and air-conditioning sector (first tranche) | 12 months delays |
| IND/PHA/42/INV/374 | France | CTC phase-out plan for the consumption and production sectors: 2004 work programme | 12 months delays |
| IND/PHA/45/INV/387 | France | CTC phase-out for the consumption and production sectors: 2005 annual programme | 12 months delays |
| KEN/PHA/44/INV/37 | France | Terminal CFCs phase-out management plan (first tranche) | 12 months delays |
| MOR/FUM/29/INV/37 | France | Phase-out of methyl bromide use in the cut flower and banana production | 12 and 18 months delays |
| SYR/REF/29/INV/48 | France | Conversion from CFC-11 to HCFC-141b and from CFC-12 to HFC-134a technology in the manufacture of commercial refrigeration equipment at Sarkisian Refrigerators | 12 months delays |
| SYR/REF/29/INV/53 | France | Conversion from CFC-12 to HFC-134a technology in the manufacture of commercial refrigeration equipment at Shoukairi and Co. | 12 months delays |
| SYR/REF/29/INV/56 | France | CFC emission reduction in central air conditioning | 12 months delays |
| ALG/SEV/43/CPG/60 | Germany | Development of a country programme update | 12 months delays |
| BRA/PHA/37/TRA/261 | Germany | National CFC phase-out plan: training of refrigeration mechanics in domestic and commercial refrigeration service sub-sectors (first tranche) | 12 months delays |
| CUB/PHA/43/TAS/25 | Germany | National CFC phase-out management plan: phase-out of ODS in the refrigeration and air-conditioning sector (first tranche) | 12 months delays |
| IND/PHA/45/INV/388 | Germany | CTC phase-out for the consumption and production sectors: 2005 annual programme | 12 months delays |
| IRA/FOA/37/INV/152 | Germany | Conversion from CFC-11 to fully water-based technology in the manufacture of flexible molded PU foam at Sanayeh Dashboard Iran | 12 months delays |
| IRA/PHA/41/INV/160 | Germany | National CFC phase-out plan: 1st and 2nd tranche | 12 months delays |
| JOR/FUM/29/INV/54 | Germany | Complete phase-out of the use of methyl bromide in Jordan | 12 months delays |
| KEN/SOL/39/INV/32 | Germany | Conversion of TCA based cleaning process to non-ODS alternatives at the Kenya Power and Lighting Company | 12 months delays |
| NAM/PHA/41/INV/10 | Germany | Terminal phase-out management plan for CFCs | 12 months delays |
| ARG/REF/18/INV/39 | IBRD | Elimination of CFC in the manufacturing plant of domestic refrigerators of Neba, S.A. | 12 and 18 months delays |
| CPR/REF/36/INV/389 | IBRD | Replacement of CFC-12 refrigerant with HCFC-22 in the manufacture of small and medium open compressors at 5 enterprises (Dalian No.2, Shanghai Minhang, Zhejiang Beifeng, Zhejiang Chunlian, Zhejiang Yuhuan) | 12 months delays |
| ECU/FUM/26/TAS/23 | IBRD | Demonstration project for testing methyl bromide alternatives in soil treatment for the flower growing industry | 18 months delays |
| IDS/FOA/23/INV/77 | IBRD | Flexible box foam. Technical assistance programme for SMEs at Indonesian Foam Association (AFI) | 12 and 18 months |

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|--------------------|---------------|--|---------------------------|
| | | | delays |
| IDS/SEV/37/TAS/149 | IBRD | Strengthening of import/export control | 12 months delays |
| JOR/HAL/32/INV/69 | IBRD | Terminal halon-1211 and halon-1301 phase-out umbrella project for fire equipment manufacturers and suppliers in Jordan converting to ABC powder, CO2, HFC-227ea and inert gases as substitutes | 12 and 18 months delays |
| JOR/PHA/38/INV/77 | IBRD | National ODS phase-out plan: aerosol, foam, MAC service and solvent sectors | 18 months delays |
| MEX/ARS/41/INV/116 | IBRD | Umbrella project for the conversion of CFC-11, CFC-12 and CFC-113 into HFC, HCFC, HFE for technical aerosols at Tecnosol, Envatec and Dimmex | 18 months delays |
| MEX/STE/40/INV/115 | IBRD | Sterilization group project to replace CFC-12 technology-based sterilization equipment by alternative technologies in the hospital medical sterilization sector | 12 and 18 months delays |
| PAK/FOA/23/INV/20 | IBRD | Umbrella project: Conversion to CFC-free technology in the manufacture of rigid polyurethane foam (thermoware) | 12 and 18 months delays |
| PAK/FOA/25/INV/25 | IBRD | Terminal umbrella: Conversion to HCFC-141b and water blown technology in the manufacture of rigid polyurethane foam (thermoware) | 12 and 18 months delays |
| PAK/FOA/41/INV/58 | IBRD | Phase-out of the use of CFCs in remaining foam enterprises: Pakistan Insulation, Simpson Wire, HEPCO, Indus Plastic, Workman and Thermocraft Engineering | 18 months delays |
| PAK/REF/23/INV/19 | IBRD | Conversion to CFC-free technology in the manufacture of polyurethane foam (domestic refrigeration) at Cool Industries Ltd. (Waves) | 12 and 18 months delays |
| THA/HAL/32/INV/134 | IBRD | Terminal halon-1211 and halon-1301 phase-out project for fire equipment manufacturers and suppliers converting to ABC powder, CO2, HFC-227ea and inert gases | 12 and 18 months delays |
| TUN/SEV/42/CPG/44 | IBRD | Preparation of the country programme update | 12 months delays |
| TUR/FUM/31/INV/69 | IBRD | Phase-out methyl bromide in the dried fig sector | 12 months delays |
| ROM/FUM/34/INV/19 | Italy | Phase-out of methyl bromide in horticulture | 12 months delays |
| YUG/REF/34/INV/13 | Italy | Replacement of CFC-11 with cyclopentane foam blowing agent and CFC-12 with HFC-134a refrigerant in the manufacture of domestic refrigerators and freezers at Obod Elektroindustria | 12 months delays |
| IND/PHA/42/INV/376 | Japan | CTC phase-out plan for the consumption and production sectors: 2004 work programme | 12 and 18 months delays |
| NIR/SEV/38/TAS/104 | Japan | Assistance for a national information, education and communication campaign for compliance with the Montreal Protocol | 12 and 18 months delays |
| SRL/PHA/43/TAS/26 | Japan | National compliance action plan: incentive programme for commercial and industrial refrigeration end-users | 12 months delays |
| ASP/SEV/34/TAS/42 | Sweden | Regional cooperation for monitoring and control of ODS consumption | 12 months delays |
| GLO/SEV/41/TAS/253 | Sweden | Development of handbook on industry operated systems for recovery and reuse of ozone depleting substances | 12 months delays |
| PHI/PHA/41/TAS/72 | Sweden | National CFC phase-out plan servicing sector: 2004 annual programme | 12 months delays |
| ROM/PHA/45/TAS/31 | Sweden | National CFC phase-out plan (first tranche) | 12 months delays |
| YUG/PHA/43/TAS/22 | Sweden | National CFC phase-out plan (first tranche) | 12 months delays |
| IND/REF/42/INV/370 | Switzerland | National CFC consumption phase-out plan focusing on the refrigeration service sector: 2004 work programme | 12 months delays |
| BGD/PHA/42/TAS/19 | UNDP | National ODS phase-out plan: technical assistance programme for the refrigeration servicing sub-sector (2004 work programme) | 12 months delays |

Annex II

| Code | Agency | Project Title | Category of Delays |
|--------------------|--------|---|-------------------------|
| BGD/PHA/42/TAS/20 | UNDP | National ODS phase-out plan: technical assistance for the phase-out of ODS solvents (2004 work programme) | 12 months delays |
| BGD/PHA/42/TAS/21 | UNDP | National ODS phase-out plan: monitoring and management unit (2004 work programme) | 12 months delays |
| BGD/SEV/36/CPG/14 | UNDP | Country programme update | 12 months delays |
| BRA/PHA/41/INV/264 | UNDP | National CFC phase-out plan: second tranche | 12 months delays |
| COL/PHA/41/INV/60 | UNDP | National phase-out plan for Annex A (Group I and II) substances: first implementation programme | 12 months delays |
| CPR/SOL/42/INV/410 | UNDP | ODS phase-out in China solvent sector: 2004 annual programme | 12 months delays |
| CUB/ARS/34/INV/18 | UNDP | Phase-out of CFC-12 in the manufacture of insecticides and technical aerosols by conversion to hydrocarbon propellant at CIDT aerosol plant | 12 months delays |
| CUB/ARS/41/INV/23 | UNDP | Phase-out of CFC consumption in the manufacture of aerosol metered dose inhalers (MDIs) | 12 months delays |
| DRC/FOA/35/INV/06 | UNDP | Phasing out of CFC-11 in the manufacture of flexible slabstock foam by conversion to methylene chloride at Complast SPRL | 12 months delays |
| GHA/FUM/37/TRA/18 | UNDP | Training programme for terminal phase-out of methyl bromide use, excluding QPS applications | 12 months delays |
| IDS/REF/41/INV/155 | UNDP | Sector phase-out plan for elimination of CFCs in the refrigeration (manufacturing) sector (balance of second tranche) | 12 months delays |
| IDS/REF/41/INV/157 | UNDP | Sector phase-out plan for elimination of CFCs in the refrigeration (servicing) sector (second tranche) | 12 months delays |
| IND/ARS/38/INV/358 | UNDP | Terminal umbrella project in the aerosol sector | 12 months delays |
| IND/ARS/41/TAS/368 | UNDP | MDI Transitional Strategy | 12 months delays |
| IND/FOA/41/INV/365 | UNDP | Sectoral phase-out plan for elimination of CFCs in the foam sector (second tranche) | 12 months delays |
| IND/REF/38/INV/356 | UNDP | Plan for phase-out of CFCs in the refrigeration manufacturing sector (first tranche) | 12 months delays |
| IND/REF/41/INV/364 | UNDP | Plan for phase-out of CFCs in the refrigeration manufacturing sector (second tranche) | 12 months delays |
| IND/REF/42/INV/371 | UNDP | National CFC consumption phase-out plan focusing on the refrigeration service sector: 2004 work programme | 12 and 18 months delays |
| IND/SEV/36/CPG/349 | UNDP | Country programme update | 12 and 18 months delays |
| IRA/REF/35/INV/133 | UNDP | Conversion from CFC-11 to HCFC-141b technology and from CFC-12 to HFC-134a technology in the manufacture of domestic and commercial refrigeration equipment at Ghoutb Jonoub Industrial Group | 12 and 18 months delays |
| KEN/FUM/38/INV/31 | UNDP | Technology transfer leading to methyl bromide phase-out in soil fumigation in cut flower component (first tranche) | 12 and 18 months delays |
| LIB/FOA/32/INV/08 | UNDP | Phase-out of CFC-11 by conversion to methylene chloride in the manufacture of flexible polyurethane foam at Ben Ghazi Unit | 12 and 18 months delays |
| LIB/FOA/35/INV/15 | UNDP | Phase-out of CFC-11 by conversion to liquid carbon dioxide (LCD) in the manufacture of flexible polyurethane foam at El Houria Unit Plant | 12 months delays |
| NIR/PHA/38/INV/106 | UNDP | National CFC phase-out plan: foam sector and refrigeration servicing sector (first tranche) | 18 months delays |
| NIR/PHA/41/INV/108 | UNDP | National CFC phase-out plan (second tranche) | 12 months delays |
| NIR/PHA/44/INV/112 | UNDP | National CFC phase-out plan (third tranche) | 12 months delays |
| NIR/SEV/36/CPG/102 | UNDP | Country programme update | 12 months delays |
| PER/FOA/35/INV/30 | UNDP | Foam sector ODS phase-out plan (covering 5 enterprises: Molflex; Zetaflex; EMSA; Metusa; Polishoes) | 12 months delays |

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|--------------------|--------|---|-------------------------|
| SRL/FUM/38/TAS/21 | UNDP | Methyl bromide phase-out for all remaining uses excluding QPS applications | 12 and 18 months delays |
| URU/ARS/38/TAS/40 | UNDP | Transition strategy for the phase-out of CFCs use in MDIs | 18 months delays |
| ARG/REF/32/TRA/115 | UNEP | Training programme for the refrigeration servicing sector (Phase III) | 12 months delays |
| ARG/SEV/30/TAS/104 | UNEP | Policy assistance for the design and implementation of an ODS import/export licensing system for Argentina | 12 and 18 months delays |
| DOM/SEV/37/TAS/31 | UNEP | Policy and technical assistance | 12 months delays |
| GLO/ARS/39/TAS/246 | UNEP | Development of guidelines to promote safety an aerosol conversions | 12 months delays |
| GLO/SEV/36/TAS/238 | UNEP | Translation of OzonAction Publications into other UN languages | 12 months delays |
| GLO/SEV/39/TAS/247 | UNEP | Assistance for regional awareness raising | 12 months delays |
| GLO/SEV/39/TAS/248 | UNEP | Production of OzonAction Newsletter in Russian, translation of 4 refrigeration/customs training modules into Russian, and reprinting and updating existing publications | 12 months delays |
| KEN/SEV/37/TAS/29 | UNEP | Policy and technical assistance | 12 months delays |
| OMA/SEV/37/TAS/07 | UNEP | Policy and technical assistance | 12 months delays |
| PAN/PHA/44/TAS/23 | UNEP | National phase-out plan for Annex A (Group I) substances (first tranche) | 12 months delays |
| SOM/SEV/35/TAS/01 | UNEP | Formulation of national phase-out strategy | 12 months delays |
| ALB/PHA/39/TAS/05 | UNIDO | National ozone depleting substances phase-out plan: refrigerant recovery and recycling network | 12 and 18 months delays |
| ALB/PHA/39/TAS/09 | UNIDO | National ozone depleting substances phase-out plan: programme management and auditing | 18 months delays |
| ARG/PHA/42/INV/138 | UNIDO | National CFC phase-out plan (first tranche) | 12 months delays |
| BHE/FOA/39/INV/15 | UNIDO | Phase-out of CFC-11 by conversion to n-pentane in the manufacture of rigid foam products for insulating purposes at Stirokart Co. | 12 months delays |
| BHE/PHA/41/INV/16 | UNIDO | National ODS phase-out plan (first tranche) | 12 months delays |
| CPR/FOA/35/INV/379 | UNIDO | Phase-out of CFC-12 in the manufacturing of extruded polystyrene foams through the use of butane as a blowing agent at 7 enterprises (terminal umbrella project) | 12 months delays |
| DRK/PHA/41/INV/30 | UNIDO | Plan for terminal phase-out of CTC (first tranche) | 12 months delays |
| IND/REF/38/INV/359 | UNIDO | Plan for phase-out of CFCs in the refrigeration (manufacturing) sector | 12 months delays |
| IRA/FOA/28/INV/50 | UNIDO | Phasing out ODS in manufacturing of flexible PU slabstock foam through the use of liquid CO ₂ blowing technology at Bahman Plastic Co. | 12 months delays |
| IRA/FOA/37/INV/149 | UNIDO | Phasing out of ODS in the manufacture of flexible slabstock foam through the use of LCD blowing technology at Esfanj Shirvan Co. | 12 months delays |
| IRA/FUM/29/INV/57 | UNIDO | Phasing out of the important non critical, non-essential use of methyl bromide for post-harvest treatment | 12 months delays |
| IRA/REF/28/INV/51 | UNIDO | Replacement of CFC-12 refrigerant by HFC-134a at Iran Compressor Manufacturing Company (ICMC) | 12 months delays |
| LEB/FUM/41/INV/54 | UNIDO | Phase-out of methyl bromide for soil fumigation in strawberry production (third tranche) | 12 and 18 months delays |
| MEX/PHA/42/INV/120 | UNIDO | National CFC phase-out plan (first tranche) | 12 months delays |
| MOR/FUM/32/INV/41 | UNIDO | Phase-out of methyl bromide for soil fumigation in strawberry production | 12 months delays |

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|--------------------|---------------|---|---------------------------|
| PAK/PAG/35/INV/42 | UNIDO | Conversion of carbon tetrachloride as process solvent to 1,2-dichloroethane at Himont Chemicals Ltd. | 12 months delays |
| PAK/PHA/41/INV/57 | UNIDO | Sector phase-out plan of CTC | 12 months delays |
| SYR/REF/38/INV/87 | UNIDO | Plan for elimination of CFCs in the refrigeration manufacturing sector (domestic refrigeration) | 12 months delays |
| VEN/PHA/42/INV/98 | UNIDO | National CFC phase-out plan (first tranche) | 12 months delays |
| VEN/PHA/45/INV/105 | UNIDO | National CFC phase-out plan: 2nd tranche | 12 months delays |
| YUG/FOA/35/INV/14 | UNIDO | Phase-out of CFC-11 by conversion to n-pentane technology in the production of continuous rigid polyurethane foam insulating panels at Prva Iskra-Fim Co. | 12 and 18 months delays |
| YUG/PHA/43/TAS/23 | UNIDO | National CFC phase-out plan (first tranche) | 12 months delays |
| ZIM/FUM/31/INV/21 | UNIDO | Phase-out of methyl bromide in cut flowers | 12 months delays |

