



Programa de las Naciones Unidas para el Medio Ambiente

Distr. Limitada

UNEP/OzL.Pro/ExCom/38/21 18 de octubre de 2002

ESPAÑOL

ORIGINAL: INGLÉS

COMITÉ EJECUTIVO DEL FONDO MULTILATERAL PARA LA APLICACIÓN DEL PROTOCOLO DE MONTREAL Trigésima octava Reunión Roma, 20 al 22 de noviembre de 2002

PROGRAMA DE TRABAJO DEL PNUMA PARA EL AÑO 2003

COMENTARIOS Y RECOMENDACIONES DE LA SECRETARÍA DEL FONDO

- 1. El programa de trabajo del PNUMA para el año 2003, presentado en la 38ª Reunión, se compone del presupuesto propuesto para el Programa de asistencia al cumplimiento del PNUMA (CAP) evaluado en EUA \$5,805,885, más los costos de apoyo del organismo del 8 por ciento, equivalente a un monto de EUA \$464,470.
- 2. Conforme a la Decisión 35/36b el PNUMA presentó un informe preliminar (UNEP/OzL.Pro/ExCom/38/22) a la 38ª Reunión sobre el uso de los costos de apoyo del programa para el CAP.

Comentarios

- 3. En el informe sobre el uso de los costos de apoyo del programa, el PNUMA indica que espera devolver a la 40^a Reunión del Comité Ejecutivo los fondos no utilizados, por un monto de EUA \$600,000, que resten de su presupuesto de 2002 del CAP, conforme con la Decisión 35/36d.
- 4. La Secretaría solicitó al PNUMA que diera una aclaración sobre este bajo cálculo de fondos no utilizados, dado el retraso que existe en reclutar nuevos miembros de personal. El PNUMA indicó que el cálculo podría exceder EUA \$600,000, pero no podía suministrar un cálculo más preciso en ese momento.
- 5. En el presupuesto aprobado de CAP para 2002, el presupuesto del CAP para 2003 iba a ser 4 por ciento más alto que el presupuesto de 2002 para compensar la inflación. No obstante, el presupuesto de CAP para 2003 de EUA \$5,805,885 representa un aumento del 8,5 por ciento y se debe fundamentalmente a los siguientes factores:
 - Una nueva asignación para viajes de expertos de norte a sur y de sur a sur;
 - Una nueva asignación para el entrenamiento del personal de CAP;
 - Un aumento en los presupuestos de viajes regionales (si bien se redujeron los viajes de la oficina de París);
 - Cuatro por ciento de aumento de salario para el personal; y
 - Un aumento en los costos de equipos y de oficinas en las regiones.
- 6. El componente del personal del proyecto es el mismo que aparecía en el presupuesto de 2002. Se debería notar que el presupuesto de CAP incluye un oficial de supervisión y administración, y un asistente administrativo y asistente de datos. El PNUMA indicó que estos cargos se concentran fundamentalmente en la supervisión, pero que el oficial de supervisión y administración también certifica los gastos, rastrea los presupuestos de proyectos y hace la coordinación con la administración. El informe del PNUMA sobre los costos de apoyo indica que los fondos provenientes de los costos de apoyo del 8 por ciento se usan fundamentalmente para salarios: un oficial administrativo de la DITE/PNUMA (50%), oficial administrativo asociado, dos asistentes de finanzas y un Secretario administrativo, todos en París; y para financiar 20% de los salarios de los oficiales administrativos regionales en cuatro regiones, y

100% de los salarios de un asistente administrativo en América Latina y un asistente administrativo en Asia Occidental.

Recomendación

El Subcomité de Examen de Proyecto puede querer tomar en consideración el Proyecto CAP del PNUMA para 2003 y considerar los costos de apoyo administrativos para el CAP a la luz de UNEP/OzL.Pro/ExCom/38/22.

- - - -



United Nations Environment Programme

联合国环境规划署 ، برنامج الأمم المتحدة للبيئة

PROGRAMME DES NATIONS UNIES POUR L'ENVIRONNEMENT • PROGRAMA DE LAS NACIONES UNIDAS PARA EL MEDIO AMBIENTE ПРОГРАММА ОРГАНИЗАЦИИ ОБЪЕДИНЕННЫХ НАЦИЙ ПО ОКРУЖАЮЩЕЙ СРЕДЕ

Division of Technology, Industry and Economics Energy and OzonAction Unit

Tour Mirabeau, 39-43 quai André Citroën, 75739 Paris – Cedex 15, France, Tel: +33.1.44.37.14.50; Fax: +33.1.44.37.14.74 E-mail: uneptie@unep.fr URL: http://www.uneptie.org/

UNEP 2003 CAP BUDGET

PRESENTED TO THE
38TH MEETING OF THE EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE
OF THE MULTILATERAL FUND FOR THE IMPLEMENTATION
OF THE MONTREAL PROTOCOL

NOVEMBER 2002

TABLE OF CONTENTS

INTRODUCTION	3
PRIORITIES IN 2003	4
SPECIFIC ACTIVITIES PROPOSED IN 2003	4
CAP ONGOING ASSISTANCE	7
MODALITIES FOR THE DELIVERY OF THE PROGRAMME	8
WORKING WITH BILATERAL AGENCIES AND OTHER IMPLEMENTING PARTNERS	8
PERFORMANCE INDICATORS	9
PROJECT MANAGEMENT	9
CAP BUDGET 2003	•••••
ANNEX 1: COMPLIANCE BUDGET	12

Introduction

UNEP's 2002 Business Plan is a conscious departure from the past. It has been prepared after an extensive and detailed process of reflection and evaluation. The Business Plan reflects UNEP's proposed response to the new context in which developing countries now operate under the Montreal Protocol and Multilateral Fund. This new approach is governed by the following core objectives:

- Achieve and sustain compliance
- Promote a greater sense of country 'ownership'
- Implement the agreed Executive Committee framework for strategic planning

In the year 2002, UNEP launched its reoriented programme-Compliance Assistance Programme (CAP)- and started its assistance to the countries through regional and direct delivery. The detail progress on its implementation can be found in the Progress Report on CAP implementation UNEP has submitted in response to the Decision 35/36 (c).

Following guidance received from the Multilateral Fund Secretariat during the Business Planning meeting in Montreal on 3-4 September, UNEP understands that Business Plans will not be submitted to 38th meeting of the Executive Committee. UNEP is therefore submitting only the core CAP budget for the consideration of the 38th meeting of the Executive Committee. This is essential to continue assistance to Article 5 countries in actual or potential risk of noncompliance. It covers the salary, travel and core clearinghouse activities for the year 2003. In the absence of a detailed BP 2003 document, an effort has been made to highlight priorities, outputs and initiatives for the CAP for which the budget is being requested.

The 35th Meeting of the Executive Committee approved the Compliance Assistance Programme (CAP) for UNEP with one of the following stipulations¹:

"Consideration by the Executive Committee should be given to benefit of developing a unified budget in future years, and request UNEP to provide a proposal for such a budget at the 38th Meeting of the Executive Committee."

UNEP expects to submit a Business Plan and associated relevant documentation to the 39th meeting unless otherwise directed. In accordance with Decision 37/15, using document 37/18 and Corr. 1 and the revised data presented by the Multilateral Fund Secretariat on 3-4 September has been used as the basis for targeting CAP's priorities, in addition to any other guidance received from the Executive Committee or Secretariat. UNEP while submitting BP 2003 in future will also take into account the CAP budget and its output proposed here.

_

¹ Executive Committee Decision 35/36 (e)

Priorities in 2003

UNEP's business plan 2002 also included the priorities and activities for the period beyond 2002. This was done to enable the delivery of the assistance to the countries with phase out and compliance targets until 2005. The following priorities will, therefore, continue in 2003:

- Provide urgent assistance to the countries in potential non-compliance with CFC, halon and methyl bromide freezes;
- Provide assistance to the countries to prepare for compliance with 2005 control
 measures for Ozone Depleting Substances. Article 5 countries need to freeze their
 consumption of halons and methyl bromide in 2002. In 2003 they should freeze their
 consumption of methyl chloroform. In 2005, they need to reduce their consumption
 of CFCs and halons by 50%, their consumption of carbon tetrachloride by 85% and
 their consumption of methyl bromide by 20%;
- Provide appropriate policy assistance;
- Continued assistance to LVCs, specifically with the RMPs and accelerating the implementation of the delayed projects.

UNEP, while focussing on these priorities will consolidate its reoriented programme by completing the necessary recruitment, equipping the regional teams to act as robust backstopping-unit for the implementation and setting up the methodologies and procedures for the cooperation with the countries and other implementing agencies to achieve and sustain compliance.

It is important to note that achieving compliance is not the same as sustaining compliance. Without the correct policies and legislation in place and without the commitment of all stakeholders, consumption can easily rise. Hence, while CAP teams will certainly put a special focus on countries in actual or potential non-compliance, they shall continue to offer assistance, in support of implementation of on-going and future phase out activities, through the networks, information exchange and policy advisory services.

Specific Activities proposed in 2003

UNEP would provide assistance to countries specially LVCs through information clearing house, institutional strengthening projects, country programme/country programme update/RMP formulation and implementation during the year 2003. UNEP has had a traditional niche and competitive advantage working with LVCs. Overall monitoring of compliance situation in a country could be a key role for UNEP to play. UNEP will focus on countries that do not have National Phase out Plans (NPPs) and work with the other IAs during the project preparatory stage on potential UNEP role in NPPs.

CAP's capacity building activities should promote greater national ownership and management of the phase out, including securing the necessary ongoing commitment from government,

industry and the general public. A priority will be to ensure that all countries put in place and enforce appropriate policies and legislation.

CAP staff will provide permanent capacity to backstop the operational activities to be conducted by countries and other Implementing Agencies. CAP officers will help strengthen the expertise of local experts in each of the sectors. They will assist and respond to questions from the local experts. CAP Officer will proactively contact each NOU to outreach his services, participate in Network meetings, etc. to create a sense of community. Some of the important initiatives/activities that the CAP team will undertake during the year 2003 are:

- Political Promotion of Montreal Protocol to accelerate its implementation: Awareness among government officials will assume far greater importance than in the past in helping countries move towards meeting their compliance targets. In particular, CAP's emphasis will be on enhanced awareness at high levels of governments that will encourage and inspire countries to take greater ownership of the compliance process, thus not continuing to rely heavily on external assistance. The offices of the Regional Directors, and Executive Committee members will be used to raise high level political awareness through participation in ministerial meetings and other such fora. UNEP's Regional Offices will take this as a priority activity for 2003 and ensure that the Montreal Protocol features on the agenda of regional meetings of ministers in Forum of Environment Ministers of Latin American and Caribbean region, ASEAN (S.E.Asia), SAARC (S.Asia), Asia Pacific Forum for Environment and Development (APFED), AMCEN (Africa). UNEP shall endeavour to organise special ministerial workshops in the margins of the Meetings of Parties. Such increased ownership will pave the way to self-reliance that will become necessary beyond the life of the Multilateral Fund.
- Ratification of Montreal Protocol and Amendments: As of 5 September 2002, there are 183 Parties to the Montreal Protocol, but only 163, 141, 84 and 38 Parties to the London, Copenhagen, Montreal and Beijing Amendments. Without the official commitment to all the Amendments, the Parties concerned will not assume the corresponding legal obligations included, therefore the objectives of the Amendment can't be achieved. CAP teams under guidance of the Ozone Secretariat and Paris could work with the countries to assist them in ratifying.
- Assistance for the phase out in SMEs: In countries where UNEP is implementing RMPs or assisting other Implementing Agencies in large volume consuming countries, CAP teams will provide ODS-consuming SMEs with information about alternative technology options during the phase-out of ozone depleting substances. CAP teams will encourage and assist with cost-effective conversion in SMEs by providing advice and information to develop a publicity/outreach strategy and deliver the publicity services to reach the multitude of SME users.
- CAP and Country Assistance: CAP teams in the regions will work as a priority with countries in actual or potential non-compliance. Country visits are being planned for each region during 2003 to introduce CAP, offer specific CAP services and consult with countries on their requirements from CAP. These visits being planned will assist them to:
 - Verify their reported data;

- Review their national compliance plans, identify the shortcomings and update them as required;
- Put in place and enforce import controls along with appropriate demand side control policies to bring consumption down to target levels;
- Identify in cooperation with other Implementing Agencies and Bilateral agencies, possible projects or activities that could deliver rapid reductions in consumption;
- Secure the commitment of government decision-makers, industry, importers, traders and other stakeholders to achieve and sustain the phase out.
- Provide policy assistance: To secure sustained compliance with the Montreal Protocol, all countries need as a minimum to have policies and legislation to control the import of ODS and equipment using ODS. It may also be necessary to control the use of ODS and promote the use of alternatives. Governments also need to consider how to manage the installed banks of refrigerants and halons to minimise emissions to atmosphere and to reduce the demand for imported virgin materials. Countries need to define their national approaches to the disposal of ODS-based equipment at the end of its useful life to ensure that the ODSs are not released to the atmosphere. UNEP will utilise its staff, the regional networks, information clearinghouse and training resources to help countries develop policies and facilitate enforcement to support the implementation of the Montreal Protocol. The objective will be to ensure that all Parties have in place the necessary policies and legislation to support the phase out of ODS by 2005.
- Monitoring Illegal Trade and Sustaining Customs Training through a Network of Existing Regional Centres: Executive Committee Decision 33/51 states that opportunities be sought to implement regional and sub-regional customs training as a cost-effective substitute for national training and to make use of existing customs training facilities. UNEP is in discussion with the regional customs institutes in Mongolia, Senegal, China, Republic of Yemen, Trinidad & Tobago, India and Argentina on the ways to strengthening the regional co-operation and facilitate the development of information networks on trade in ODS.
- Methyl bromide Assistance: Based on the needs identified in the *Revised Strategy and Guidelines for Projects in the Methyl Bromide Sector*, CAP regional teams will concentrate in 2003 on providing targeted awareness at strategic levels and policy development assistance to Article 5 countries, particularly those countries reporting 0 or low consumption. UNEP will assist these countries to put in place policy mechanisms to ensure that consumption does not rise. UNEP proposes to discuss with Implementing Agencies, and Bilateral Agencies and sectoral experts to formulate strategic elements for future activities that will focus on:
 - Promoting the development of policy measures to ensure that countries do not have new MB consumption and reduce methyl bromide use in a permanent manner and prevent growth in the future and are able to meet with their phase out commitments;
 - Assisting countries in collecting and verifying reliable data on methyl bromide consumption to enable them to fully comply with the data reporting requirements for methyl bromide:

- Promoting the adoption of alternatives by strategic dissemination of information about the results of completed demonstration projects. Strategic dissemination will consider how demonstration project results could be reached to the region and assessed for the varying conditions; and
- Convening consultative meetings with other Implementing Agencies and Bilateral Agencies to discuss innovative ways to address the methyl bromide phase out (e.g. voluntary pledges from suppliers).
- E-Support to Article 5 countries through CAP teams: Since A5 countries are acquiring access to electronics networks and information technology at a rapid rate, CAP teams would take advantage of this to provide online or e-Learning systems access to A5 countries of training materials and methodologies. The objective is not to replace the "traditional" methods but to complement them with other innovative methods. In fact, the online training approach/system will still use the training material already developed and present it in a form that can be accessed by users in A5 countries.

CAP Ongoing Assistance

In addition to that country and region-specific assistance, UNEP will also provide the following services as part of the CAP:

Information Clearinghouse

The information clearinghouse activities has been reprioritised during 2002. The reprioritised activities in 2003 will include:

- 1. Query response service;
- 2. Publication and dissemination of OzonAction newsletter in 5 languages (3 issues);
- 3. Dissemination of information through regularly updated websites, including the main OzonAction site (www.uneptie.org/ozonaction) and the On-line Halon Trader B2B web portal (www.halontrader.org);
- 4. Dissemination of latest specific news through electronic newsletters (e.g. OzoNews, RUMBA newsletter);
- 5. Electronic discussion forums for the Regional Networks;
- 6. Dissemination of existing publications to those countries that do not have Internet access:
- 7. Acquire and organize information in the OzonAction Multimedia Collection; and
- 8. Collection and analysis of feedback about clearinghouse services.

Modalities for the Delivery of the Programme

In line with the strategic re-orientation and renewed priorities, UNEP has changed its delivery mechanisms for the 2002 - 2004 period and beyond. There will be a significant reduction in the

number of separate projects presented to the Executive Committee for approval. UNEP will implement its reoriented approach as follows:

- **Direct Implementation by UNEP staff**: In line with the re-orientation and priorities described in the introduction, UNEP beagn moving from a project management approach to a direct implementation approach in 2002 through its specialised staff. Under the latter, UNEP in 2003 will increasingly rely on its own internal staff expertise that has been recruited for project implementation and at the same time reduce its use of external consultants. In this way, UNEP has develoed a core team with appropriate skills and expertise who will assume more responsibility for providing direct assistance to countries to support and sustain compliance.
- Regionalisation of Project Management and Implementation: Following a feasibility study in 2001, UNEP regionalised the delivery of its activities from Paris to our Regional Offices in 2002. We have already started with IS projects and some public awareness activities. Training projects and CP/RMP preparation and update followed during 2002, according to the capacity of the Regional Offices and the deployment of the staff. Regionalisation will bring the programme closer to the countries and put the Regional Network Co-ordinators in a key role to manage our work with countries.

Working with Bilateral Agencies and other International Partners

A key strength of UNEP's programme to date has been its joint activities with bilateral and implementing agencies, NGOs, UN and Government bodies, industry associations, national and international organisations, convention secretariats and local training institutes in the regions.

UNEP has been engaged in successful and on-going co-operation with Canada (Environment Canada), Finland (Ministry of Foreign Affairs), France (AFD), Japan (Ministry of Foreign Affairs), Germany (GTZ Proklima) and Sweden (SIDA, SEI), while there have recently been important new initiatives with Poland, Switzerland and Israel.

The networks of ozone officers are actively supported by developed country partners including the USA, Canada, Germany, France, Switzerland, Australia, Sweden, United Kingdom and The Netherlands.

UNEP is also working jointly with the implementing agencies on RMP implementation (UNDP and UNIDO), on methyl bromide projects (UNIDO), on terminal phaseout management plans and on technical assistance for India (WB), policy assistance in China (WB and UNDP) and innovative approaches to financing (WB).

UNEP cooperates with national NGOs and agricultural organisations on methyl bromide awareness activities in 13 countries. Greenpeace and the Environmental Investigation Agency (EIA) are also cooperating partners for refrigeration and illegal trade related issues.

UNEP has built partnerships for specific activities with other UN agencies (FAO for methyl bromide, WHO and UNICEF for awareness strategy development and UNEP Division for Environmental Conventions for customs training), industry associations (IIR, HRAI, AIRAH,

TAFE and JICOP) other national and international organisations (WCO, Interpol, US DOJ, US EPA, European Commission and the US State Department) and Secretariats of multilateral environmental agreements (Basel, Rotterdam, Stockholm Conventions and CITES). UNEP has also built the training capacity of local training institutes and trainers for the delivery of training in the respective regions.

UNEP will continue to develop opportunities for joint activities with other agencies and partners, consistent with its catalytic and supporting role, in order to maximise the impact and outreach of its expertise and experience

Performance Indicators

UNEP's 2003 priorities are being developed with the specific objective of providing the necessary policy and technical assistance to Article 5 countries for them to ensure that they:

- 1. Have import and export licensing systems in place and being effectively enforced by 2005:
- 2. Have developed up-to-date, relevant and achievable country-driven national compliance action plans by end 2005; and
- 3. Their Ministers, senior decision-makers and other important stakeholders are aware of and actively support national compliance with the Montreal Protocol.

It is on these results that UNEP would like to base its Performance Indicators for the period 2002-2004. Following the *Report on the Extended Desk Study on Clearing-House Evaluation* presented at the 36th Executive Committee meeting², UNEP was requested to include a strategic outlook on future clearinghouse activities in the context of the Compliance Assistance Programme (CAP) in its 2003 business plan, including performance indicators, taking into account the recommendations of the extended desk study and the comments made by members of the Sub-Committee. (Decision 36/2). Following this decision, UNEP organised an expert group meeting on 13 September 2002 in Paris. Based on the discussions during this meeting, UNEP will propose a set of PIs for the CAP as part of the BP 2003.

Programme Management

The Programme Chief will be responsible for the overall management of the programme, including results, financial management, programme development, links to other programmes, monitoring results and reporting to UNEP and the Executive Committee. There will also be one Monitoring and Administrative Officer (MAO).

The Network and Policy Manager (NPM) will be responsible for implementation and delivery of the approved programme, coordinating teams in Paris and Networking and Policy teams in the Regional Offices, which will all report to the NPM. The NPM will be supported by a Help Desk Officer (HDO) and a secretary. The programme implementation and delivery would be organised through the *Regional CAP Teams* consisting of Regional Network Co-Ordinators

9

² Document UNEP/OzL.Pro/ExCom/36/5 which is available at www.uneptie.org/ozonaction/feedback/

(RNCs) in UNEP's Regional Offices in Bahrain, Bangkok (2), Nairobi (2) and Mexico supported by *Policy Advisory Team* that will include:

- 1. Four RMP Implementation Officers (Bahrain, Bangkok, Mexico and Nairobi) to provide advice to countries and to assist with preparing RMPs;
- 2. Three Methyl Bromide Phase-out Officers (Bangkok, Mexico and Nairobi) to provide advice about phase out strategies for this substance and sector;
- 3. One Halon Phase-out Officer (Bahrain) to provide advice about phase out strategies for these substances and sector; and
- 4. Three Policy/Enforcement Officers to provide advice on legislation, policy design and enforcement (Bankok, Mexico and Nairobi).

Capacity Building Team – A Capacity Building Manager (CBM) in Paris will be responsible for the implementation of capacity-building projects including training related to RMP implementation. This work will include monitoring when countries are ready and reporting on results achieved. The CBM will work closely with the RMP Implementation Officers in the Regions.

Information Management Team – An Information Manager (IM), an Information Officer and an Information Technology Specialist will be based in Paris and be responsible for the programme-wide information and clearinghouse activities, including OzonAction Newsletter, the websites, and electronic components of management information systems. The IM will also provide advice to countries and regions on awareness-raising activities. The team will continue to acquire, organise and disseminate policy, technical and awareness information to assist phase out efforts and maintain the OzonAction Multimedia Collection.

The Programme will continue to benefit from the advice and assistance provided by UNEP DTIE's Director and Deputy Director in Paris and the Regional Directors, Industry Officers and Information Officers in the Regions.

CAP BUDGET 2003

While the BP 2003 will be submitted later, the sections above lay down the broad area of activities that will be carried out by the CAP staff during 2003 from the budget being requested for. The indicative CAP Budget being proposed for 2003 can be seen in Annex I. This is being submitted for approval. The following methodology has been adopted for submitting the budget:

- 1. CAP 2002 approved budget (personnel, administrative support, subcontracts and all other budget lines related to the Paris office) has been adjusted for 2003 as was noted in the business plan 2002.
- 2. CAP 2002 approved budget has been adjusted for 2003 based on inputs from the short experience gained by the regional offices. This primarily included budget lines related to travel, training, equipment, and miscellaneous.
- 3. US\$60,000 has been included under the Consultants budget line (1200) to conduct training of the newly recruited CAP staff.

- 4. The travel budget line for the Paris office has been reduced in order to transfer more resources to the region to have face-to-face meetings to ensure greater delivery of services through the regional mechanism to the countries. In addition an increased travel allocation is being requested for the regions based on consultations with the regional network coordinators and regional directors. This proposed budget takes into account tentative country visits that the regional CAP team may need to make in 2003. While there is an augmentation of travel funds overall, there is a shift of funds out of Paris to the regions.
- 5. Increased travel budget for South Asia Network takes into account the additional travel that may be needed by the CAP staff to the network countries in the South East Asian countries. The West Asia travel budget also includes the additional travel the halon expert may need to do outside the region, as required.
- 6. The Equipment and Premises component of the budget for the regions has been increased based on actual requirements worked out by the regional offices.
- 7. The Miscellaneous component of the budget for the regions reflects actual requirements of the regional offices.
- 8. A translation budget line is included for the regional offices to enable them to provide translation of documentation into the languages of the regions as required.

ANNEX 1

PROJECT PERSONNEL COMPONENT As approved by (Decision 35/36)	ilob	al budget) - (Request	ed)					
As approved by (Decision 35/36)								
As approved by (Decision 35/36)								
As approved by (Decision 35/36)						2002 (US\$)	2003 (US\$)	
Title	PROJ	ECT PERSONNEL COMPONENT				As approved by	· / ·	_
Title	1100	In : 4				(Decision 35/36))	
Chief	1100		1	ı	,			
Chief		litle	Location	Gra	m/m			
Network and Policy Manager								
Capacity Building Manager			Paris	D1	9	132,000		
Information Manager			_					
Monitoring and Administration Officer								
Information Officer			_				•	
HelpDesk Officer		Information Officer						
IS/RMP/NCAP Officer		-	_				•	_
IT specialist								
Policy/enforcement Officer Nairobi P4 12 118,400 123,136 RMP implementation officer Nairobi P2 P2 P3 P2 P3 P2 P3 P2 P3 P3		IT specialist	Paris	P3		,	56,420	_
RMP implementation officer			Nairobi					
MBr phase out officer		·	-	P4				
RNC LAC Mexico P4 12 108,864 113,219		RMP implementation officer	Nairobi		12	92,200	95,888	
Policy/enforcement Officer		MBr phase out officer	Nairobi		12	92,200	95,888	
RMP implementation officer			Mexico	P4				
MBr phase out officer			_	P4	-		·	
MBr phase out officer		RMP implementation officer	Mexico		12	89,586	93,169	
Policy/enforcement Officer Bangkok P4 12 110,000 114,400 RMP implementation officer Bangkok P2/P3 12 85,000 88,400 RMP phase out officer Bangkok P2/P3 12 85,000 88,400 RNC WA Bahrain P4 12 109,000 113,360 RMP implementation officer Bahrain P3/P4 12 109,000 113,360 Halon Phaseout officer Bahrain P3/P4 12 109,000 113,360 RNC Africa (French speaking) Nairobi P4 12 118,400 123,136 1199 Sub-total 2,642,750 2,748,460 Consultants (Description of activity/service) Consultants (training of CAP staff) 0 60,000 1299 Sub-total 0 60,000 1300 Administrative support (General Service staff)*		MBr phase out officer	Mexico	P2/	12	89,586	93,169	
RMP implementation officer Bangkok P2/P3 12 85,000 88,400		RNC SA	Bangkok		12	110,000	114,400	
MBr phase out officer Bangkok P2/ P3 12 85,000 88,400				P4		110,000		
MBr phase out officer Bangkok P2/ P3 12 85,000 88,400 RNC WA Bahrain P4 12 109,000 113,360 RMP implementation officer Bahrain P3/ P4 12 109,000 113,360 Halon Phaseout officer Bahrain P2/ P3 12 89,500 93,080 RNC Africa (French speaking) Nairobi P4 12 118,400 123,136 1199 Sub-total 2,642,750 2,748,460 Consultants (Description of activity/service) Consultants (training of CAP staff) 0 60,000 1299 Sub-total 0 60,000 1300 Administrative support (General Service staff)*		RMP implementation officer	Bangkok		12	85,000	88,400	
RNC WA Bahrain P4 12 109,000 113,360 RMP implementation officer Bahrain P3 12 109,000 113,360 Halon Phaseout officer Bahrain P2 12 89,500 93,080 RNC Africa (French speaking) Nairobi P4 12 118,400 123,136 1199 Sub-total 2,642,750 2,748,460 1200 Consultants (Description of activity/service) Consultants (training of CAP staff) 0 60,000 1299 Sub-total 0 60,000 1300 Administrative support (General Service staff)*		MBr phase out officer	Bangkok	P2/	12	85,000	88,400	
RMP implementation officer Bahrain P3/P4 12 109,000 113,360 Halon Phaseout officer Bahrain P2/P3 12 89,500 93,080 RNC Africa (French speaking) Nairobi P4 12 118,400 123,136 1199 Sub-total 2,642,750 2,748,460 1200 Consultants (Description of activity/service) Consultants (training of CAP staff) 0 60,000 1299 Sub-total 0 60,000 1300 Administrative support (General Service staff)*		RNC WA	Bahrain		12	109 000	113 360	
Halon Phaseout officer Bahrain P2/P3 12 89,500 93,080 RNC Africa (French speaking) Nairobi P4 12 118,400 123,136 1199 Sub-total 2,642,750 2,748,460 1200 Consultants (Description of activity/service) Consultants (training of CAP staff) 0 60,000 1299 Sub-total 0 60,000 1300 Administrative support (General Service staff)*				<u> </u>				
Halon Phaseout officer Bahrain P2/P3 12 89,500 93,080				_			·	
RNC Africa (French speaking) Nairobi P4 12 118,400 123,136		Holon Dhoopout officer	Dobroin	P4	10	90 500	03 000	
1199 Sub-total 2,642,750 2,748,460 1200 Consultants (Description of activity/service) Consultants (training of CAP staff) 0 60,000 1299 Sub-total 0 60,000 0 1300 Administrative support (General Service staff)* 0 0		Haion Phaseout officer	Banrain		12	69,500	93,060	
1200 Consultants (Description of activity/service) 0 60,000 1299 Sub-total 0 60,000 1300 Administrative support (General Service staff)* 0 60,000			Nairobi	P4	12			_
Consultants (training of CAP staff)						2,642,750	2,748,460	
1299 Sub-total 0 60,000 1300 Administrative support (General Service staff)*	1200							
1300 Administrative support (General Service staff)*						0		
	1299	Sub-total				0	60,000	
Title/Description Location m/m	1300	Administrative support (General Service staff)	Administrative support (General Service staff)*					
		Title/Description	m/m					

Secretary Chief Paris G6 12 74.000 76,960 Assistant Network Manager Paris G5 12 67,000 69,680 Assistant Clearinghouse Paris G5 12 67,000 69,680 67,000 Assistant Monitoring Paris G5 | 12 69,680 Paris Assistant IS/RMP G5 12 67,000 69,680 Programme assistant Paris G5 12 67,000 69,680 Technical data/documentation assistant Paris G5 12 67,000 69,680 Mailroom Clerk Paris G4 12 59,500 61,880 Assistant RNC Nairobi G5 12 21,600 22,464 Nairobi **ROA Assistance** Nairobi G5 12 21,600 22,464 Assistant RNC Mexico Mexico G5 12 40,500 42,120 ROLAC Assistance Mexico G5 12 40,500 42,120 Assistant RNC South Asia 12 23,000 23,920 Bangkok G5 23,920 **ROAP Assistance** 12 23,000 Bangkok G5 Assistant RNC West Asia Bahrain G5 12 35.000 36.400 **ROWA Assistance** Bahrain G5 12 35,000 36,400 100,000 104,000 Temporary Assistance Paris 1399 Sub-total 875,700 910,728 1600 Travel on official business (UNEP staff) Travel on official business and outreach - Paris 250,000 200,000 Travel Africa 50,000 90,000 50,000 Travel Latin America & Caribbean 80,000 Travel South East Asia & Pacific Network ** 0 0 Travel South Asia ** 40,000 75,000 Travel West Asia *** 20.000 70.000 1699 Sub-total 410,000 515,000 1999 **COMPONENT TOTAL** 3.928.450 4.234.188 20 SUB CONTRACT COMPONENT 2100 Sub-contracts (MOUs/LAs for cooperating agencies) Sub-contracts with cooperating agencies 0 0 2199 0 0 2200 Sub-contracts (MOUs/LAs for supporting organizations) Sub-contracts with supporting organizations 0 0 2299 Sub-total 0 0 2300 Sub-contracts (for Commercial purposes) Technical support for information systems (OASIS) 75,000 78,000 OzonAction Newsletter 100,000 104.000 Illustration/graphics/layout design 40,000 41,600 2399 Sub-total 215,000 223,600 **COMPONENT TOTAL** 215,000 223,600 2999 30 TRAINING COMPONENT Travel (South-South, North-South Experts)**** Africa region 0 20,000 Latin America and the Caribbean 0 20,000 region Asia and Pacific region 0 20,000 West Asia region Λ 15,000 75,000 3299 Sub-total 0 3300 Meetings/conferences Advisory Group and Consultative Meetings - Paris 75,000 78,000 Workshops Africa Network 198,000 201,000 Workshops Latin America & Caribbean Network 145,000 145,800 Workshops South East Asia & Pacific Network ** 0 0 Workshops South Asia Network 56,000 60,000 Workshops West Asia Network 56,000 65,000 3399 Sub-total 530,000 549,800 COMPONENT TOTAL 530.000 549.800 3999 **40 EQUIPMENT AND PREMISES COMPONENT**

4100 Expendable equipment (items under \$1,500 each) Office supplies - Paris 24,000 24,960 Office supplies - Regions 20,000 36,000 4199 Sub-total 44,000 60,960 4200 Non-expendable equipment Office equipment/Computer hardware - Paris 31.200 30.000 Office equipment/Computer hardware - Regions 26,000 37,000 68,200 4299 Sub-total 56,000 4300 Rental of premises Office rental - Paris 220,000 228,800 Office rental - Regions 50,000 76,817 4399 270,000 305,617 **COMPONENT TOTAL** 370.000 4999 434,777 **50 MISCELLANEOUS COMPONENT** Operation and maintenance of equipment Rental and maintenance of office equipment - Paris 50,000 52,000 Rental and maintenance of office equipment - Regions 30.000 37.000 5199 Sub-total 80,000 89,000 5200 Reporting cost 25,000 26,000 Reporting costs Translation (US\$5,000 per region) 20,000 5299 Sub-total 25,000 46,000 5300 Sundry 160,000 Communications (telephone, fax, email, mail, courier, freight) 166,400 Communications (telephone, fax, email, mail, courier, freight) 40,000 59,000 Networks ** 200,000 225,400 5399 Sub-total Hospitality 5400 Hospitality 3,000 3,120 5499 Sub-total 3,000 3,120 5999 **COMPONENT TOTAL** 308,000 363,520 TOTAL DIRECT PROJECT COST 5,351,450 5,805,885 Programme support costs (8%) 428,116 464,470 **GRAND TOTAL** 5,779,566 6,270,355 Notes Figures for 2003-2004 include 4% increase for inflation each year. Costs of SEAP Network funded by Government of Sweden. Travel support requested for CAP staff to assist countries in SEAP region. This includes US\$25,000 to cover the travel costs of the Halon expert (stationed in West Asia) to other regions for providing halon phase out related assistance, as required. This will cover travel costs to facilitate sending South/South experts or North South experts to assist A5 countries